

Emergency Action Plan: Reid Gardner Station, Mesa Ponds M5 and M7

Revision 04

February 2025

Pond Name	National Inventory of Dam Number	Nevada State Identification Number
Mesa Pond M5	NV10779	J-652
Mesa Pond M7	NV10780	J-652

Document Control No: ___ of ___ DO NOT DUPLICATE

Certification and Change Record

This section contains the written certification by a qualified professional engineer required by §257.73(a)(3)(iv) of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) Rule. This Emergency Action Plan (EAP) for Ponds M5 and M7, existing coal combustion residual surface impoundments at Reid Gardner Station (Station), meets the requirements of §257.73(a)(3) of the CCR Rule.

It is recommended that the entire EAP be redistributed to all parties periodically. Updates to the notification flowchart, with names and numbers updated, review logs, record of training and participants, etc. should be revised periodically. Updated pages should be provided to each EAP holder, and follow-up confirmation is recommended to verify that pages have been replaced.

Document History and Status

Revision	Date	Description	Review
Original	April 14, 2017	Initial Plan	Nathan Betts, PE /CH2M
1	April 28, 2017	Removed Initial Hazard Potential Classification Assessment from Appendix A, and re-lettered Appendixes. Added document control no. label on cover. Added revision number to footer.	Nathan Betts, PE /CH2M
2	June 19, 2018	Updated notification procedures, equipment, and personnel to reflect operational changes	Nathan Betts, PE /Jacobs
3	April 16, 2021	Updated status of Station facilities following decommissioning and demolition of generating units 1-4; updated contact information, responsibilities, and notification procedures; updated equipment, added Initial Hazard Potential Classification Assessment (inundation modeling files) as Appendix D, and added a new Figure 4-1 for the Station Location and Vicinity Map, renumbered the original Figures 4-1 and 4-2 to Figures 4-2 and 4-3 respectively.	Scott Dethloff, PE/Jacobs
4	February 2025	Updated notification procedure, contact information, responsibilities, and current operational status.	Nathan Betts, PE /Jacobs

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1. Summary of Emergency Action Plan Responsibilities

A summary of Emergency Action Plan (EAP) responsibilities during and before an emergency is provided in Table 1-1 and EAP responsibilities for specific positions is provided in Table 1-2. All responsibilities are described in greater detail in Section 6.

Table 1-1. Summary of EAP Emergency Responsibilities

Entity	Responsibilities
NV Energy	During an Emergency
	1. Detect and evaluate emergency conditions and classify the emergency level (Section 5 and Table 5-1).
	2. Follow notification flowchart (Section 2 and Figure 2-1).
	3. Mitigate with corrective action.
	4. Monitor the M5/M7 ponds and provide timely status updates.
	5. Terminate emergency when resolved.
	Prior to an Emergency
	Disseminate EAP to stakeholders. Dissemination to local emergency responders is recommended.
	2. Provide for EAP training. An annual frequency is recommended.
	3. Perform periodic exercises, drills and testing for the EAP. At minimum, an annual face-to-face meeting or exercise with local emergency responders is required.
	4. Perform periodic review of the EAP to ensure contact information is correct and operational changes are reflected, an annual review is suggested.
	5. Based on periodic reviews, update the EAP as needed. Additional items that could trigger an update include lessons learned from the exercises, drills, and testing, and whenever there is a change in conditions that would substantially affect the EAP.
	6. Flesh out these and other responsibilities. Require and take proactive steps to ensure compliance with all EAP requirements and verifications
Clark County	1. Receive emergency call from NV Energy.
Emergency	2. Notify and mobilize Clark County emergency responders.
Dispatch (911)	3. Coordinate initial two-way communication with NV Energy for status reports.
Clark County Police, Fire and	1. Receive notification from Clark County Emergency Dispatch [911]. The dispatch will determine the appropriate first responders based on the situation.
Rescue, and Emergency Services	2. Establish communication and coordinate directly with NV Energy.
	3. Receive status updates.
	4. Notify the public within the inundation limits.
	5. Evacuate within the inundation limits, if required. Implement their own emergency response plan per their standard operating procedures.
	6. Assist NV Energy, as necessary.

Table 1-2. Summary of NV Energy Responsibilities by Position

Entity	Responsibilities
Operations	1. Determine emergency level.
Manager	2. Initiate notification procedures.
Todd Robison	3. Initiate evacuation protocol if appropriate
	4. Contact Clark County Emergency Dispatch (911).
	5. Overall responsibility for the implementation of this EAP and for assigning an incident commander when in doubt .
	6. Assign an engineer or retain an informed outside consultant as a dam-safety engineer. That engineer must be experienced in dam design and dam safety and be available for consultation and expert opinion prior to and during dam-safety emergencies.
	7. Optionally participate as part of the technical team to provide periodic dam inspections in advance of an emergency, and assist in evaluation, classification and suggesting response actions when the EAP is activated or under consideration for activation.
	8. If not available during an emergency, the Production Manager or EAP Coordinator will assume these responsibilities.
Incident	1. Has the authority to take and direct all emergency actions described in this EAP.
Commander	2. Selected per Section 6.2.2 based on who is available.
(per Sect. 6.2.2)	3. Title may be transferred but must at all times be filled and clearly designated during an emergency.
Regional Director	Notify the Corporate Public Information Office for potential failures and imminent failure emergencies.
Don Hopper	2. Responsible for overseeing and confirming that the EAP responsibilities of the EAP coordinator, operations manager and dam-safety engineer have been adequately completed each year, consistent with this EAP and EAP objectives.
EAP	1. Act for the Operations Manager in his absence.
Coordinator Michael Rojo	2. Provide and coordinate assistance to the incident commander and corporate officials during an emergency, serving as a deputy.
	3. Responsible for organizing follow-up meetings and completing follow-up reports after the termination of an event.
	4. Ensure that the provisions of the EAP are fulfilled, including preparedness, notification contact updates and other EAP requirements.
	5. Coordinate and provide for training, EAP exercises/tests, an EAP update, and other EAP revisions, as needed (enlisting in-house or consultant dam-safety EAP experts, as needed).
	6. Answer general questions pertaining to the EAP.
Dam Safety Engineer	Be available for consultation and expert opinion prior to and during dam-safety emergencies.
Alex Fitzjerrells	2. Participate as part of the technical team to provide periodic dam inspections in advance of an emergency, and assist in evaluation, classification and suggesting response actions when the EAP is activated or under consideration for activation.
	3. Provide input regarding the timing of EAP termination and post-event follow-up.
Corp. Security	Respond to suspicious persons.

2. Emergency Level and Notifications

The notification procedure is listed below, and the flowchart shown on Figure 2-1 summarizes who is to be notified by whom, and in what priority, based on the three potential emergency levels.

2.1 Step 1: Emergency Level Determination

Determine the Emergency Level: Non-Failure, Potential Failure, or Imminent Failure. The guidance for determining the emergence level is provided in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1. Emergency Level Determining Guidance

			Emergency Level			
Risk	Emergency Level Determination Guidance	Non-Failure	Potential Failure	Imminent Failure		
Flooding	Not considered a likely event for M5/M7 ponds because of the location on Mesa and away from low-lying areas. Closure has also been initiated per 40 CFR §257.101(a)(1) and there is approximately 3 feet of solids in the ponds.	•				
Erosion	Incised areas close to the ponds	•				
	Water level is above maximum operational level, but more than 12 inches below the pond embankment	•				
Overtopping of	Water level within 12 inches of pond embankment		•			
top of the ponds	Erosion of embankment area by large overtopping waves			•		
	Water level at or nearly at top of dam; water overtopping top of dam, with or without erosion			•		
	New seepage area on or around the M5/M7 Ponds	•				
	New seepage area with cloudy discharge or increasing flow rate		•			
Seepage	Rapid flow rate increase with cloudy discharge from an existing seepage area			•		
	New, small sand boil, whirlpool, rapid settlement, or sinkhole	•				
	Enlarging sand boil, whirlpool, settlement, or sinkhole – imminent failure if rapid		•	•		
Embankment cracking	New cracks in the embankment, greater than 0.25-inch-wide, without seepage	•				
Cracking	Cracks in the embankment with seepage		•			
Embankment movement	Evidence of embankment slope movement (sliding, slumping, rotation, settlement)	•				
	Sudden or rapidly progressing slides of the embankment slopes			•		

Table 2-1. Emergency Level Determining Guidance

		Em	ergency L	.evel
Risk	Emergency Level Determination Guidance	Non-Failure	Potential Failure	Imminent Failure
	Earthquake felt at ponds M5/M7 or with Magnitude 4.0 reported within 30 miles	•		
Earthquake	Earthquake resulting in visible damage to the M5/M7 Ponds		•	
	Earthquake resulting in uncontrolled release of water from the M5/M7 Ponds			•
	Demonstration or public protest that raises security threat levels	•		
Security threat	Verified bomb threat that, if carried out, could result in damage to the M5/M7 ponds		•	
	Detonated bomb that has resulted in damage to the M5/M7 Ponds			•
	Damage to the M5/M7 Ponds with no impact ponds function	•		
Sabotage/ vandalism	Modification of M5/M7 Ponds that could adversely impact function	•		
	Damage to M5/M7 Ponds that has resulted in seepage flow		•	
	Damage to M5/M7 Ponds that has resulted in uncontrolled water release			•

Notes:

2.2 Notification Procedure

The notification procedure is described below. The notification flowchart shown on Figure 2-1 below, summarizes who is to be notified by whom, and in what priority, based on the three potential emergency levels. A breach inundation map is included in Section 8. Classification of emergency levels is summarized in Table 2-1 above.

2.3 Notification Procedure

- 1) *Emergency Level* Correctly classify the emergency level to ensure proper notification and messaging. Emergency levels are defined here and described in more detail in Section 5 and Table 2-1.
 - **Imminent Failure:** Failure is imminent or has occurred. For example, rapidly increasing seepage erosion, overtopping or an embankment breach.
 - Potential Failure: A dam failure condition may be slowly developing, but failure can be delayed or averted with a timely response; failure is not imminent. For example, a significant earthquake, acts of sabotage or terrorism, water surface elevation within 12 inches of the dam embankment crest, or failure of wastewater pipelines.

- Non-Failure: Will not, by itself, lead to flooding. For example, water surface elevation above the
 maximum operational level, new seepage or leakage to monitor, security threats, or malfunction
 of a wastewater valve.
- 2) *Message* Contact the personnel listed on the notification flowchart, Figure 2-1, in accordance with the emergency level. Contact using the applicable sample message listed in Section 2.3.1.
- 3) *Escalation* If the emergency level escalates, immediately notify personnel required only for higher emergency levels, per the notification flowchart on Figure 2-1.
- 4) **De-escalation** If the emergency level de-escalates, provide an update to all previously contacted personnel, per the notification flowchart, before switching communications to personnel required only for lower-level emergencies.
- 5) *Emergency Termination* See Section 5.5.

Table 2-2. EAP Distribution List

Reid Gardner Station 501 Wally Kay Way, Moapa, Nevada 89025 **Total number of copies distributed: 10**

Department/Division	Location	Number of Copies	Document Control Number
NV Energy	501 Wally Kay Way, Moapa, Nevada 89025	3	1, 2, 3
Clark County Public Works Emergency Management Coordinator	500 Grand Central Parkway Las Vegas NV 89155-4000	1	4
Nevada Department of Public Safety Emergency Management	555 Wright Way Carson City, NV 89711	1	5
Dept of Conservation and Natural Resources – Division of Water Resources	901 South Stewart Street Suite 2002 Carson City, NV 89701-5250	2	6, 7
Moapa Valley Fire District Fire Chief	P.O. Box 578 Logandale, NV 89021	1	8
Clark County Fire Department Office of Emergency Management and Homeland Security	575 E. Flamingo Road Las Vegas, NV 89119	1	9
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Southern Nevada Counter – Terrorism Center	400 S. Martin Luther King Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89106	1	10

2.3.1 Sample Messages

Below is a sample of the language which should be used when reporting an imminent failure, a potential failure, or non-failure event

2.3.1.1 Sample Message for Imminent Failure (to Emergency Response Agency)
My name is I am the at the NV Energy Reid Gardner Station in Moapa, Nevada. A dam at our Station called Mesa Ponds M5/M7 is failing [about to fail or has failed]. I am initiating the Emergency Action Plan. This is NOT a drill or a test. This is a dam failure emergency. We recommend that you initiate immediate warnings and evacuation along the Muddy River corridor between Reid Gardner Station and downstream to Interstate Highway 15 (approximately 4.5 miles).
Please refer to your copy of the Emergency Action Plan to see sample inundation maps. If you do not have a copy of the EAP, we can provide one. I can provide details from those maps about locations where people may be at risk and estimate potential flood wave arrival times and depths. [Share information from EAP inundation maps.]
The problem at the dam is [explain with a few simple words].
I can provide a status update in roughly minutes at this number. If you have follow-up questions, please call at [give contact and number].
2.3.1.2 Sample Message for Potential Failure (to Emergency Response Agency)
My name is I am the at the NV Energy Reid Gardner Station in Moapa, Nevada. There is a serious situation here at one of our dams, but no immediate danger of a dam failure. I am initiating the Emergency Action Plan. This is NOT a drill or a test.
The problem at the dam is [explain with a few simple words]. Please refer to your copy of the Emergency Action Plan to see sample inundation maps. If you do not have a copy of the EAP, we can provide one.
I will provide a status update when available. If you have follow-up questions, please call at [give contact and number].
2.3.1.3 Sample Message for Non-Failure Event (Internal Only)
My name is I am the at the NV Energy Reid Gardner Station in Moapa, Nevada. There is an unusual condition at one of our dams, but no immediate danger of a dam failure. I am initiating the Emergency Action Plan. This is NOT a drill or a test.
The problem at the dam is [explain with a few simple words]. Please refer to your copy of the Emergency Action Plan. If you do not have a copy of the EAP, we can provide one.

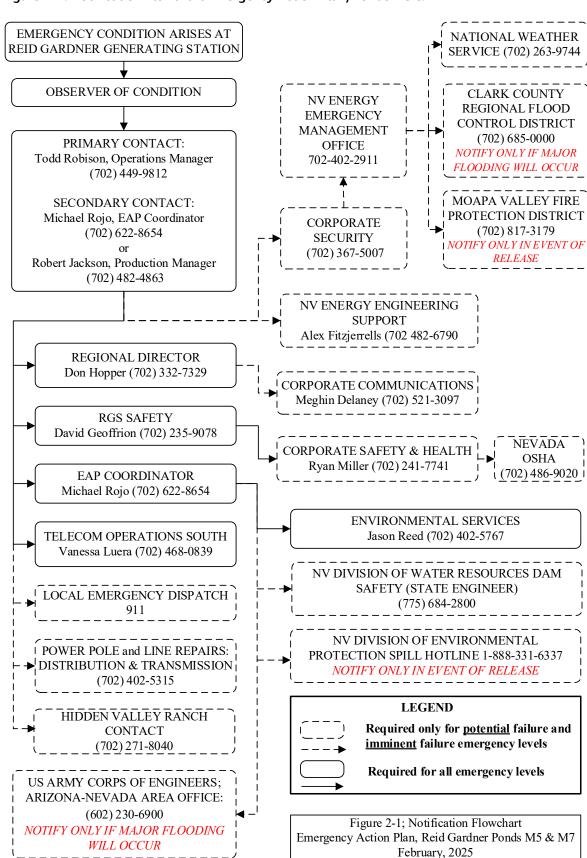


Figure 2-1. Notification Flowchart Emergency Action Plan, Ponds M5 & M7

3. Statement of Purpose

3.1 Purpose

This EAP defines responsibilities and provides procedures designed to identify unusual and unlikely conditions that may endanger NV Energy Mesa Ponds M5 or M7 at the Station in time to take actions to mitigate the problem and notify the appropriate emergency management officials of possible, impending, or actual failure of a pond. The EAP may also be used to provide notification when the potential for major flooding downstream of the facility is present. This EAP was written to meet the requirements of the Nevada Administrative Code 535.320¹ and Section 257.73 of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) Rule.

The Mesa Ponds are regulated as dams by the Nevada Division of Water Resources' Dam Safety Program (i.e., the State Engineer). The EAP provides for the following prior to, during and after a dam emergency:

- Responsibilities for preparedness, emergency action and post-emergency assessment
- Notification Flowchart (Figure 2-1) for emergency communication/coordination
- Project Description containing a site description and key information about the dam
- EAP Response Process (detect, evaluate, notify, mitigate, terminate, follow-up)
- Preparedness prior to an emergency
- Inundation Maps (Figures 8-1 and 8-2) to illustrate potential dam failure inundation limits
- Supplemental Materials that may be useful prior to or during an emergency

The general objective is to reduce the risk of death, injury, property damage, ecological damage and contamination due to flooding or an unlikely dam failure emergency.

3.2 Scope

With careful planning and proper training prior to an emergency, loss of life, property damage and economic and environmental impacts can be reduced. The intent of this EAP is to train and assist personnel in the appropriate preparation and response to a flooding or dam-safety emergency at the M5/M7 Ponds located on the Mesa. As such, it does not cover other facilities, nor does it directly cover related safety topics, such as site security, public access and safety, and response to medical emergencies. The EAP is an important training tool and plan for unusual and emergency dam conditions, and applies to all personnel, contractors and others who may be on-site or have responsibilities during an emergency.

Nevada Administrative Code 535.320 refers to FEMA 64, which presents Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) standardized guidelines and template for EAPs for dams. The full title for FEMA 64 is Federal Guidelines for Dam Safety, Emergency Action Planning for Dams (July 2013).

4. Project Description

4.1 Current Condition

The Mesa ponds were taken out of service in April 2021 when piping carrying waste process water from the former generating facility was disconnected and air-gapped preventing any additional influent from entering the ponds. Closure of the ponds was initiated per 40 CFR §257.101(a)(1). Currently there is approximately 3 feet of solids in each the two ponds.

4.2 Location of Mesa Ponds

Provided below are Location of the Station, directions of access to the Mesa Ponds from both Las Vegas to the west and Mesquite to the East, and the legal description and coordinates of the ponds are provided below.

4.2.1 RGS Site Location

The Station is approximately 45 miles northeast of Las Vegas within the Moapa Valley, a large and relatively flat-bottomed valley occupied by the Muddy River, a spring-fed perennial stream. The river bisects the NV Energy property in a northwest to southeast orientation. Ponds M5 and M7 are about a mile south of the Station on a mesa overlooking the valley. The latitude and longitude of the plant area is 36° 39'22" N and 114° 38'03" W. Figures 4-1, 4-2, and 4-3 show the location and vicinity of the Station and the Mesa Ponds.

4.2.2 Mesa Ponds Access

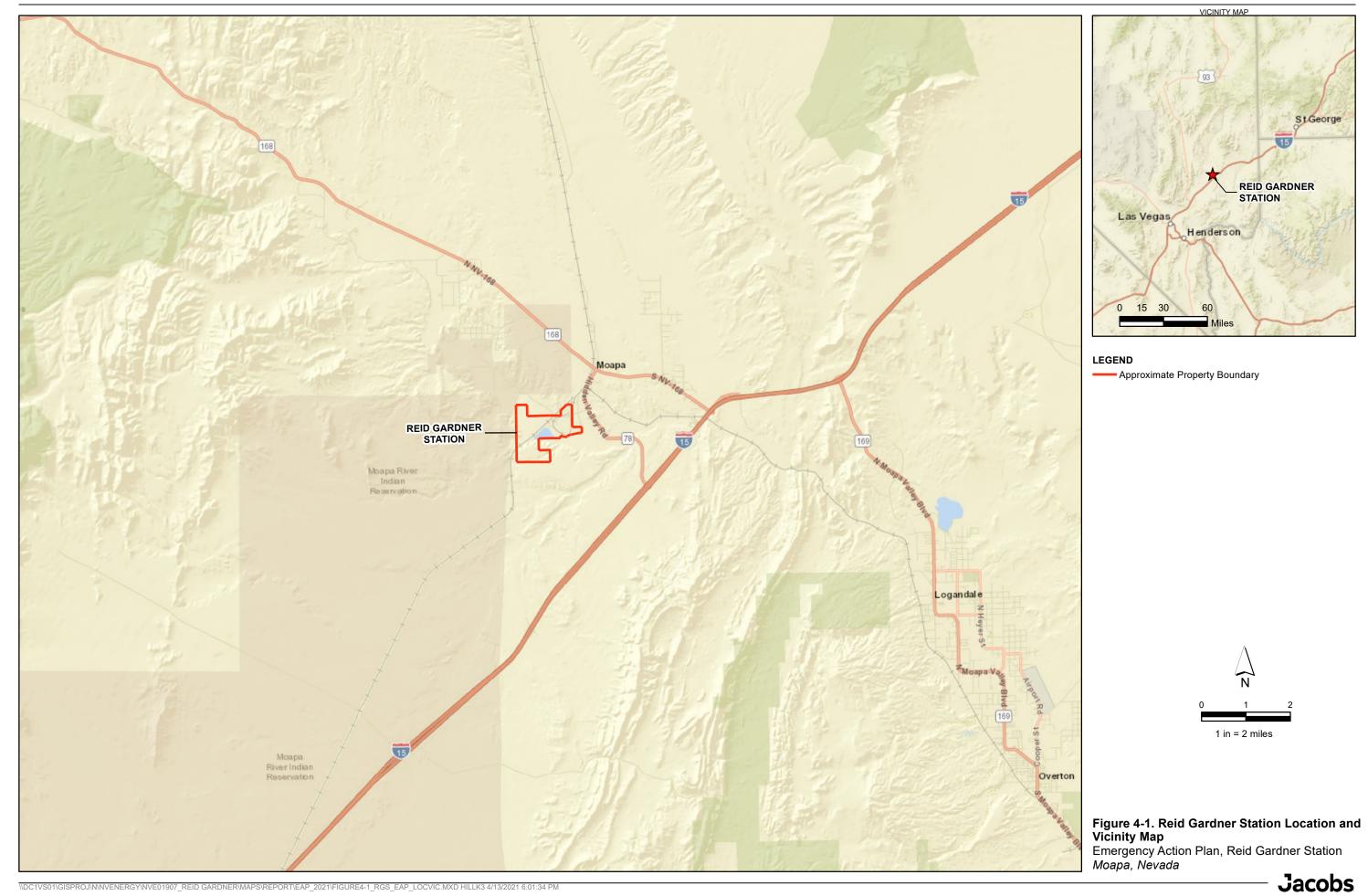
<u>Primary Route</u>: From Las Vegas Interstate 15 (I-15), take the Hidden Valley Road Exit (Exit 88). Head north on Hidden Valley Road for approximately 2.5 miles. Turn left onto Wally Kay Way and travel for approximately 1 mile to the Station. Meet up with NV Energy personnel at the warehouse to proceed approximately 1 mile to the south to reach the Mesa Ponds.

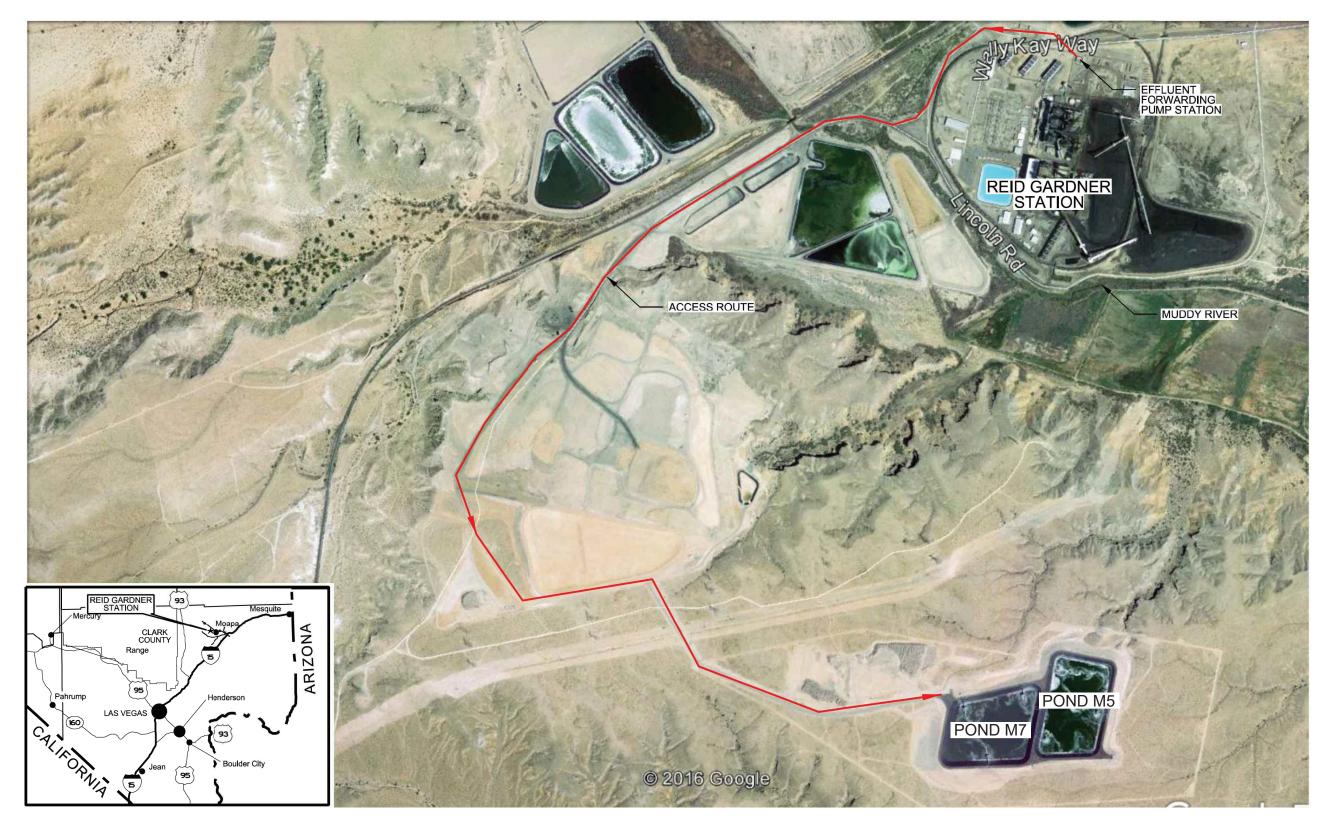
Alternate Route: From Las Vegas I-15, take U.S. Route 93 toward Ely (Exit 64) and head north. Turn right to head east on State Road 168 (SR-168) at Coyote Springs. Travel on SR-168 for approximately 21 miles. Turn right onto Hidden Valley Road and travel for approximately 1 mile to Wally Kay Way. Take a right onto Wally Kay Way and continue to the Station. Meet up with NV Energy personnel at the warehouse to proceed approximately 1 mile to the south to reach the Mesa Ponds.

<u>Primary Route</u>: From Mesquite I-15, take the Glendale Moapa Exit (Exit 91). Head north on SR-168 for approximately 3.0 miles. Turn left onto Hidden Valley Road and travel for approximately 1 mile to Wally Kay Way. Take a right onto Wally Kay Way and continue to the Station. Meet up with NV Energy personnel at the warehouse to proceed approximately 1 mile to the south to reach the Mesa Ponds.

4.2.3 Mesa Ponds Location and Coordinates

The M5/M7 Ponds are located within the southeast quarter of Section 8. The facility is in Township 15 South, Range 66 East, Mount Diablo Baseline and Meridian in Clark County, Nevada. The latitude and longitude of the ponds are 36° 38'32" N and 114° 37'50" W.





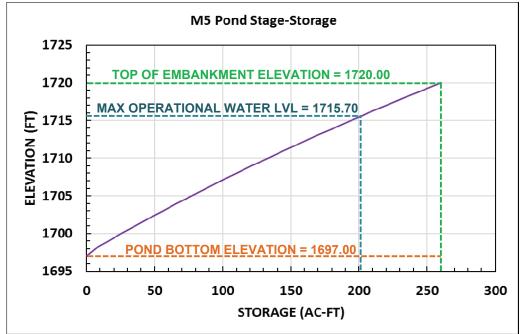
LEGEND

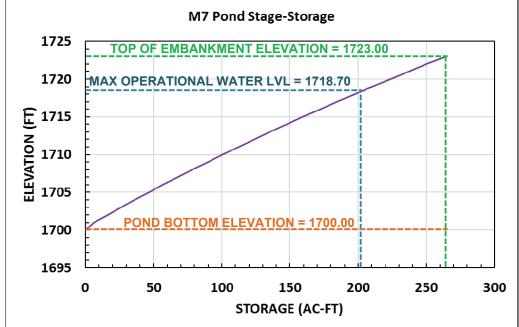
Access Route

Figure 4-2. Mesa Ponds Location and Vicinity Map Mesa Ponds M5 and M7 Emergency Action Plan, Reid Gardner Station

Jacobs







Note: all elevations reference NAVD 1988 vertical datum

LEGEND

← Effluent Discharge Pipeline

Effluent Pipeline Valve Station

Mix

Observation Point

Pond Effluent Discharge Point

FES0519201436LAS

Figure 4-3. Dam Facilities MapMesa Ponds M5 and M7
Emergency Action Plan, Reid Gardner Station



4.3 **Pond Information Summary**

Table 4-1 presents the design information summary for the Mesa Ponds M5 and M7. The pond information was taken from the record drawings for the Mesa Evaporation Ponds (Appendix B). Figure 4-3 shows the facility features and storage curves of the Mesa Ponds. The ponds are lined with two layers of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) geomembrane with an interstitial leak detection and collection system.

Name of Dam: Mesa Ponds M5 and M7

Table 4-1. Location and Design Information Summary

Location of Embankments: (Township, Range, Section): T 15S, R 66E, Section 8				
Name of Stream or Drainage: Not Applicable – The dams are designed to prevent inflow from drainages.				
Name of Dam: Mesa Pond M5				
State: Nevada County: Clark Jurisdiction: Clark County			ction: Clark County	
National ID: NV10779	State ID: J-652	(for M5 and M7)	HAZAI	RD RATINGS:
			High (per CCR Rule)
			Signifi	cant (per State Permit)
Type of Embankment (Earthfill, Con-	crete, etc.): Earthfi	u		
Top of Embankment Elevation: 1,720.0 feet Height of embankment: 23 feet				eet
Length of embankment: 1,360 feet		Thickness at top: 20 feet Thickness		Thickness at bottom: 160 feet
Operational Water Surface Elevation: 1,715.7 feet		Freeboard: 4.3 feet	reeboard: 4.3 feet Maximum Storage: acre-feet	
	Name of Da	am: Mesa Pond M7		
State: Nevada	County: Clark		Jurisdiction: Clark County	
National ID: NV10780	State ID: J-652	(for M5 and M7)	HAZAI	RD RATINGS:
			High (per CCR Rule)
			Signifi	cant (per State Permit)
Type of Embankment (Earthfill, Concrete, etc.): Earthfill				
Top of Embankment Elevation: 1,72	Height of embankment: 23 feet		eet	
Length of embankment: 920 feet		Thickness at top: 20 feet Thickness		Thickness at bottom: 130 feet
Operational Water Surface Elevation: 1,718.7 feet		Freeboard: 4.3 feet Maximum Storage feet		Maximum Storage: 265 acrefeet

4.4 Pond Piping and Operation

The Mesa Ponds were used to evaporate stormwater and legacy process wastewater from the Station's power generation plant and have been out of service since April 2021.

Wastewater was fed to the M ponds from an 8-inch diameter HDPE pipeline running from the effluent forwarding pump station at the former generating station to a valve Station located at the northwest corner of Pond M7 (Figure 4-3). The valve Station routes flow into one of three HDPE underground pipes for discharge into the ponds. One pipe discharges into Pond M5, one into Pond M7, and the third is

capped and does not discharge. This third pipe was installed for a third proposed mesa pond that has not been built. The pipes discharging into Ponds M5 and M7 are open-ended, to reduce the pressure of the water in pipes buried in the embankments. As of April 2021, the pipeline leading to the M ponds was disconnected by removing sections of the line at both the station end and the ponds end, preventing any additional wastewater from entering the two ponds.

Within the ponds, HDPE markers are welded to the HDPE geomembranes to mark the maximum operational water level, and staff gauges are installed on one bridge in each pond. These markers and gauges are visually inspected to assess water depth. The maximum operational water levels for Ponds M5 and M7 are 1,715.70 and 1,718.70 feet above mean sea level, respectively (Figure 4-3). Vertical datum is the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. As of January 2025, less than 4 feet of water and pond solids exists in each Pond. Removal of pond solids and the geomembrane liner system is scheduled to occur by the first quarter of 2026.

4.5 Geotechnical Information

The earthen pond embankments were designed and constructed as a balanced cut and fill with no embankment zoning. The geotechnical evaluation of the site was performed by Converse Consultants and detailed earthwork specifications were developed by CH2M HILL Engineers, Inc (CH2M). The Converse Geotechnical Report describes the native soil as "predominantly silty to poorly graded sands that were occasionally partially cemented to cemented, intermingled with lean and fat clays and poorly graded gravel." The native soil was excavated then processed to produce earthfill by removing deleterious material and particles larger than 4-inches in diameter.

The embankments were constructed by excavating and placing the native soil with scrapers, spreading the soil into lifts using graders, removing deleterious material with graders or by hand, moisture conditioning and then compacting with loaded scrapers. The embankment soil was compacted to a minimum dry unit weight corresponding to 95 percent of the maximum dry unit weight determined in the laboratory by ASTM International Test Method 1557.

4.6 Description of Downstream Area

The area downstream of the Mesa Ponds is rural and includes the Muddy River, a few residences, barns, hay fields and cow pastures. Flow from a theoretical Ponds M5 or M7 dam breach would travel down steep cliffs and could make its way to the Muddy River approximately 4,000 feet from the ponds, and then flow generally along the Muddy River and its floodplain. Based on analysis, one of the downstream residences (a manufactured home) is inside the modeled inundation area. The analysis is found in the "Periodic (5 Year) Hazard Potential Classification Assessment, Ponds M5 and M7, Reid Gardner Station," created by Jacobs and dated October 11, 2021 (Appendix D).

5. EAP Response Process

The EAP uses a four-step process:

- Step 1: Detect, evaluate and classify an incident or emergency (Section 5.1).
- Step 2: Notify and communicate (Section 5.2).
- Step 3: Take emergency action (Sections 5.3).
- Step 4: Terminate and follow-up (including documentation) (Section 5.4).

5.1 Step 1: Emergency Detection, Evaluation and Classification

5.1.1 Detection

The M5 and M7 ponds are located on a mesa about a mile south of the Station, therefore, detection of an unusual or emergency condition at the dams may be initiated by direct observation. In terms of staffing, there are no permanent Station personnel present on-site nor are security personnel present. NV Energy personnel visit the site periodically to check the ponds and pipelines, typically once per week, usually during daytime hours. Water surface elevation, HDPE liner markers, and pipelines is visually observed.

If an emergency is detected, use guidance in this section to evaluate conditions at the dam and classify the emergency as one of three levels: **Imminent Failure**, **Potential Failure**, or **Non-Failure**.

5.1.2 Evaluation and Classification

During an emergency associated with the ponds at the Station, it is important to correctly evaluate and classify the conditions for accurate communication using the notification procedure. The three emergency classifications at the facility are described below and in Section 2 Table 2-1.

Imminent Failure

Failure is imminent or has already occurred. Due to lack of time or mitigation options, immediate downstream evacuation is warranted. Examples are listed below and in Section 2 Table 2-1.

- Rapid inflow to a pond cannot be controlled and will cause overtopping of the embankment. Resulting failure is likely.
- Uncontrolled seepage through, under or around the embankment is removing embankment material
 at an accelerating pace. Stop-gap granular fill cannot be placed in time to stop progressive internal
 erosion. Uncontrolled release of the reservoir is projected.

Potential Failure

Conditions are developing that could progress to a dam failure, but time is available for analyses, decisions and mitigating actions before the dam could fail. Although a failure may occur, predetermined actions may prevent or moderate failure. Examples are listed below and in Section 2 Table 2-1.

- Rising reservoir levels may yet be diverted.
- Transverse cracking of the embankment (from earthquake or incipient slope movement).
- A verified threat to use explosives to damage the dam.
- Seepage is slowly eroding the embankment toe, and staff are mobilizing to place granular fill at the point of discharge or have already placed inadequate fill.

Non-Failure

An unusual event at a dam that will not, by itself, lead to dam failure, but requires internal or external notifications. External notifications are only required if there is an immediate threat to the public. Examples are listed below and in Section 2 Table 2-1.

- Water surface elevation is above maximum operational level. The maximum operational water levels for Ponds M5 and M7 are 1,715.70 and 1,718.70 feet above mean sea level, respectively (Figure 4-3).
 Vertical datum is the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (i.e., NAVD 88).
- New seepage or leakage through the dam requires increased monitoring and assessment.
- Unauthorized persons appear to be watching or surveilling the dam.
- Malfunction of water conveyance infrastructure.

5.2 Step 2: Notification and Communication

Use the notification flowchart and procedure in Section 2. As indicated in Section 2, the people notified, and the message delivered depend on the emergency level (Table 2-1). While the EAP notification flowchart must be updated whenever personnel or contact information changes, a current Emergency Response Phone List must also be posted locally in the warehouse and BESS offices.

5.2.1 Imminent Failure (or has already occurred)

If failure of the dam is imminent, the priority is to immediately initiate evacuations downstream of the dams. Engage notified dam-safety experts to complete dam evaluation and emergency classification in parallel, while notifications are completed. Update notifications when status is better understood.

5.2.2 Potential Failure

If a potential dam-safety emergency is detected early, there may be time to evaluate and mitigate concerns prior to completing *all* external notifications. Immediately engage notified dam-safety experts to allow for better evaluation, classification and appropriate action to avert failure or mitigate impacts, and to alert key supervisors and emergency responders to facilitate emergency preparation and coordination.

5.2.3 Non-Failure

If an unusual, non-failure condition is discovered at a dam, focus on engaging internal experts for evaluation, monitoring and response; or law enforcement if there is a security concern.

5.3 Step 3: Emergency Actions

During or after initial notifications, NV Energy must act to prevent or delay a dam failure, and to mitigate its impacts if failure cannot be avoided. While a dam failure emergency is unfolding, NV Energy is responsible for monitoring conditions at the dam and providing timely status updates internally and to external emergency responders, using the appropriate notification flowchart(s).

Pre-planned actions to some dam-safety emergencies are summarized in Tables 5-1 through 5-3. Responsibilities of specific personnel are described in Section 6. Pre-planned steps to be prepared are described in Section 7.

Table 5-1. Emergency Operations and Repair Actions for Imminent Failure Conditions

Indicators Requiring Action:	Mitigation and Control Actions to be taken:
Embankment or structural integrity appears to be uncontrollably deteriorating or a breach in the dam has occurred.	Follow notification and evacuation procedures outlined in Section 2 this EAP. Inspect and clear evacuation routes on and from the Station. Place traffic control devices to barricade entry into anticipated flood areas on the Station.
	Post site monitors where they can safely observe and monitor the dam. Monitors should not be stationed on the dam or within the projected dam failure floodplain.
	If additional site monitors are available and can be placed on high ground, consider aiding emergency responders by observing predicted areas of inundation (from a safe distance) to monitor flow, debris buildup and damage conditions.
	Initiate emergency evacuation of the downstream floodplain area indicated by corresponding inundation maps by notifying emergency responders via the notification flowchart in Section 2.
	Initiate evacuation of the Station if any portions are in the downstream floodplain area indicated by inundation maps.

Table 5-2. Emergency Operations and Repair Actions for Potential Failure Conditions

Indicators Requiring Action:	Mitigation and Control Actions to be Taken:
Water surface elevation is above maximum operation level in either pond, but more than 12 inches below the dam embankment crest.	Observer will notify the Operations Manager about developing emergency condition. Operations Manager will begin notification procedures in Section 2 of this EAP.
	Operations manager will begin notification procedures in Section 2 of this EAP.
	Operations manager may direct on-site personnel to transfer water from pond with developing emergency condition to the other pond.
	If water levels in the pond(s) reach the dam embankment crest or begin overtopping, proceed to Table 5-1.
Verified bomb threat to Mesa Ponds embankment.	Observer will notify Operations Manager who will begin notification procedures in Section 2 of this EAP.
Transverse cracking of embankment (from earthquake or incident slope movement).	Observer will notify Operations Manager who will begin notification procedures in Section 2 of this EAP.
	Notify dam safety engineer to develop recommendations for buttressing or other strengthening measures.
	Repair operations should only be undertaken if the embankment is deemed stable enough to support such activities.
	If repair operations are not successful or cannot be performed, proceed to Table 5-1.
Seepage is slowly eroding embankment and Station personnel have not started placing granular fill at the point of discharge or have not placed adequate fill.	Begin or continue repair operations only if embankment is deemed stable enough to support such activities. Operations Manager will begin notification procedures in Section 2 of this EAP.
	If repair operations are not successful, or cannot be performed, proceed to Table 5-1.

Table 5-3. Emergency Operations and Repair Actions for Non-Failure Conditions

Indicators Requiring Action:	Mitigation and Control Actions to be Taken:
New seepage detected in embankment.	Observer will notify Operations Manager to monitor seepage detection. Plant supervisor will begin notification procedures in Section 2 of this EAP.
	Operations Manager will designate a site monitor and send them to monitor the M Ponds.
	Site monitor will look for seepage in the embankment and communicate with the plant supervisor. If seepage is detected, arrange for notified dam-safety experts to observe site.
Unauthorized persons appear to be surveilling or watching the dam.	Observer will notify Operations Manager of possible trespassers at the M Ponds. Operations Manager will begin notification procedures in Section 2 of this EAP. Observer will not approach person(s) on their own.

5.4 Step 4: Termination and Follow-up (Including Documentation)

NV Energy is responsible for initiating the EAP and deciding when the emergency has passed, and activation of the EAP is officially terminated. Termination must be communicated to all previously contacted parties using the same notification flowchart in Section 2. After termination, follow-up EAP activations with post-event documentation and conduct supplemental evaluation of the EAP for its effectiveness and recommended improvements. The EAP evaluation can best be conducted in a post-event evaluation workshop to solicit input from those who were involved in the EAP activation, including those from external emergency responders.

Form templates are provided in Appendix C to document EAP activations. Complete these forms prior to terminating the EAP and as part of follow-up. The forms are:

- Emergency Response Event Log used to document a timeline of events, actions and communications taken during the emergency.
- Event Termination Log used to assess damage to the dam, Station, and downstream and justify termination of the dam-safety emergency.

The post-event EAP evaluation workshop can be documented in a brief report documenting when and where it was held, who participated, what the workshop outcomes were, who will update the EAP and when updates to the EAP will be completed. The report should be attached to future versions of the EAP in a new appendix.

6. Responsibilities Under the EAP

6.1 General Responsibilities

The EAP is a structured plan to help ensure appropriate emergency response. That plan includes preparedness (Section 7), pre-planned notifications (Section 2) and pre-planned actions (Section 5). Effective use of the EAP requires prior training and fulfillment of planned responsibilities. EAP responsibilities can be broadly described as follows. Assigned responsibilities by title, described in the subsections that follow, help ensure these broad responsibilities are fulfilled.

- Owner (NV Energy)
 - Appoint an EAP coordinator who will ensure EAP requirements are performed as required in the EAP
 - Provide for training and exercises. An annual face-to-face meeting or exercise with local emergency responders is required
 - Update and improve the EAP as required
 - Perform surveillance and monitoring
 - Detect incidents and activate the EAP
 - Evaluate and classify an incident. Ensure dam-safety experts are available (either on staff or have ability to retain an informed consultant available)
 - Notify emergency management authorities
 - Provide inundation maps and summarize downstream impacts
 - Provide supplemental (appended) information
 - Perform pre-planned response actions
 - Coordinate in advance any warnings or evacuations to be performed by owner
 - Monitor an incident and provide for staff safety and security
 - Terminate an activated EAP and follow-up
- Emergency Management Authorities
 - Issue public warnings
 - Perform any evacuations
 - Coordinate multiple emergency management agencies and their staff
- Dam-Safety Agencies
 - Provide technical support
 - Help with post-event assessment and information

6.2 Owner Responsibilities

The specific actions NV Energy personnel are to take after implementing the EAP notification procedures are described below. When time permits, consult supervisory personnel before any response actions are taken. Advice may be needed concerning predetermined remedial action to delay, moderate, or alleviate the severity of the emergency condition.

6.2.1 Notifications

Notification responsibilities and lines of communication are illustrated on the notification flowcharts in Section 2. If a link in the chain of communication is unavailable or unable to perform, the incident commander will assign an alternative person to fill that role.

6.2.2 Incident Commander

The incident commander is the senior official is who is available on-site. During normal work hours, the Operations Manager will typically begin serving as the incident commander until the role is transferred. At no point will the incident commander role be left unfilled. The incident commander title must be immediately adopted by an available staff member until transferred. The incident commander has the authority to take the necessary actions described in this EAP and direct emergency response actions.

If time permits, the incident commander should consult with an operations manager or the dam safety engineer and dam inspection team before initiating notifications; however, Imminent Failure notifications should be initiated immediately. If a link in the chain of communication is unavailable, the incident commander will assign an alternative person to fill that link. The incident commander is responsible to confirm and ensure that all notifications are completed and updated as required.

The incident commander will ensure that the full response process (Section 5) is implemented during the event, following event detection: event evaluation and classification, dam monitoring and status updates, notifications and communications, and emergency actions.

The incident commander is responsible for termination of the EAP when the event is fully resolved. For non-urgent conditions, this may take several days or possibly weeks.

The incident commander will also carry out any specific actions and duties listed in complementary NV Energy emergency response plans.

6.2.2.1 Transfer of Incident Commanders

When transferring the incident commander role and title from one person to another for whatever reason, a formal statement of the transfer must be made between the ex-commander and the commander-to-be (such as, "Are you assuming the role of incident commander?").

The reply would be, "Yes, I am assuming the role of incident commander" or "I am taking over as incident commander." This conversation or statement clarifies who is acting as incident commander and assuming incident commander responsibilities and that the acting incident commander is being relieved of his/her incident commander responsibilities and duties at that time.

There should be only one incident commander at a time for a given situation.

6.2.3 Operations Manager

The Operations Manager or person acting in that role will act as the incident commander until relieved by NV Energy management.

When time allows, the Operations Manager shall account for all personnel on-site who may be affected or assist during a dam-safety emergency. He or she will assist the incident commander, EAP coordinator and others with EAP responsibilities.

6.2.4 EAP Coordinator

The EAP coordinator is responsible for providing and coordinating assistance to the incident commander and corporate officials during an emergency, serving as a deputy. The EAP coordinator is responsible for organizing follow-up meetings and completing follow-up reports after the termination of an event.

The EAP coordinator will ensure that the provisions of the EAP are fulfilled, including preparedness, notification contact updates and other EAP requirements. The EAP coordinator will coordinate and provide for training, EAP exercises/tests, an EAP update, and other EAP revisions, as needed (enlisting in-house or consultant dam-safety EAP experts, as needed). The EAP coordinator will answer general questions pertaining to the EAP.

6.2.5 Dam-Safety Engineer

The operations manager will assign an internal dam-safety engineer or retain an informed outside consultant as a dam-safety engineer. That engineer must be experienced in dam design and dam safety and be available for consultation and expert opinion prior to and during dam-safety emergencies. The dam-safety engineer, and optionally the operations manager, will participate as part of the technical team to provide periodic dam inspections in advance of an emergency, and assist in evaluation, classification and suggesting response actions when the EAP is activated or under consideration for activation. The engineers will provide input regarding the timing of EAP termination and during post-event follow-up.

6.2.6 Regional Director

The regional director has overall responsibility for the implementation of this EAP and for assigning an incident commander when in doubt.

The regional director is responsible for overseeing and confirming that the EAP responsibilities of the EAP coordinator, operations manager and dam-safety engineer have been adequately completed each year, consistent with this EAP and EAP objectives.

6.2.7 Corporate Responsibilities

Although most emergencies will be handled at the plant level, there may be instances when the Corporate Emergency Response Plan may require activation. The decision to activate the Corporate Emergency Response Plan may only be made by a corporate officer. The decision to alert the corporate officer in charge of generation will be made by the operations manager or their designee.

6.2.8 Observer's Responsibilities

The observer can be anyone that notices a potential problem at the Mesa Ponds. In the event of an emergency, the observer should evaluate the situation and, if necessary, contact their station contact or the operations manager to initiate one of the emergency notification procedures.

Clear, concise communication of the situation is essential. All communications should be done in a calm manner so as not to unnecessarily alarm the recipient. However, communications should be done in a serious manner to demonstrate the reality of the situation. Example communications are provided in Section 2.3.1.

6.3 External Communications

The notification flowchart (Section 2) indicates notifications outside of NV Energy.

Do not communicate with the media (reporters). Reporters should be directed to the corporate public information officer, who is on the notification flowchart, and to the company emergency response authorities.

The corporate public information officer or his or her designated representative will be responsible for disseminating information to the media and the public on a periodic basis throughout the emergency.

If a flood warning needs to be issued, follow the notification flowchart to contact emergency dispatch.

6.4 Responsibility for Evacuation

The incident commander will determine whether evacuation is required for on-site personnel and Station property. In the event of evacuation, the incident commander will make sure that the Station's gates are closed and locked.

Evacuations of the public and property not owned by NV Energy will be the responsibility of emergency responders. Notifications will be made to the emergency responders in accordance with the notification flowchart (Figure 2-1) and Notification Procedures (Section 2).

6.5 Responsibility for Duration, Security, Termination and Follow-Up

The EAP coordinator or incident commander will monitor the emergency as described above and keep local and state authorities informed of the developing conditions from the time an emergency starts until the emergency has been terminated. Security shall be maintained by NV Energy personnel and any additional help coordinated by the incident commander.

Procedures for event termination are in Section 5.4 (Step 4). The incident commander is responsible for declaring that the emergency at the facility is terminated after state or local emergency management officials have terminated their disaster response activities. After termination of the EAP activation, a follow-up evaluation will be completed by all participants. The results of the evaluation will be documented in a written report.

7. Preparedness

7.1 Preparedness Overview

Preparedness actions are taken prior to EAP activation to pre-plan and enable actions during an emergency that may prevent, slow or mitigate a dam failure or other EAP event. The preparedness actions in this Plan include:

- Surveillance and monitoring
- Evaluation of detection and response timing
- Access to the site
- Response during periods of darkness
- Response during weekends and holidays
- Response during adverse weather
- Alternative systems of communication
- Emergency supplies and information
- Sources of earthen materials and earth-moving equipment to stall a breach
- Training and exercises

Preparedness actions involve the installation of equipment or the establishment of procedures for one or more of the following purposes:

- Preventing the development of emergency conditions, if possible, or warning of the development of emergency situations
- Facilitating the operation of the ponds to limit impacts in an emergency
- Minimizing the extent of damage resulting from emergency situations

7.2 Surveillance and Monitoring

Station personnel physically observe the Mesa Ponds to ensure the water surface elevation is at or below maximum operational level.

7.3 Evaluation of Detection and Response Timing

Training and/or drills may be used to evaluate detection and response timing. Drills may be enhanced by including simulated performance obstacles, such as loss of power, darkness, employees absent on vacation or holiday, and other hurdles to manage. Using lessons learned, revise the EAP to improve the likelihood of early detection and shorten the required response time, and to customize annual training modules. When participants are not informed of the drill in advance to improve realism, always clearly communicate that this is ONLY A DRILL and NOT AN ACTUAL EMERGENCY. Debrief participants at the end of the drill, and document results for inclusion in the EAP.

7.4 Access to the Site

Access to the Mesa Ponds from the Station involves leaving the Station at Lincoln Road and heading southwest on the Haul Road to the utility corridor. Head south across the utility corridor and continue to the Mesa Ponds. The utility corridor gates may be locked, keys are located in the warehouse on the key board, and are also available through the on-site personnel or operations manager. The access route from the Station to the Mesa Ponds can be found in Figure 4-1. Refer to Table 4-1 for directions to the Station.

Overton, Mesquite and Las Vegas have emergency medical services that could respond to the Station. These cities are approximately 20 (Overton), 40 (Mesquite), and 55 (Las Vegas) miles from the Station. It can be assumed that most emergency responders would be coming from Mesquite or Las Vegas as these are the largest metropolitan areas close to the facility.

7.5 Response during Periods of Darkness

In the event of an emergency incident during periods of darkness, the observer would contact the operations manager who would enact the emergency notification pertinent to the emergency level of the incident at the raw water ponds.

Exterior lighting at the Station and ponds is provided by NV Energy, while the electrical provider in the local area is Overton Power. Minimal lighting is provided at the Mesa Ponds. During a power failure, the operations manager will be notified and act as needed. NV Energy Transmission and Distribution Department staff or the Overton Power District would be contacted by the operations manager to repair damaged power poles or lines.

7.6 Response during Weekends and Holidays

The ponds are typically checked once a week by NV Energy personnel. In the event of an emergency incident during weekends or holidays, the observer would contact the operations manager who would initiate the notification procedure pertinent to the emergency level of the incident.

7.7 Response during Adverse Weather

Changes in the weather associated with fast-moving severe storms give little or no warning. In the event of impending severe weather, personnel will monitor the local emergency weather broadcast. The safety of on-site personnel and the integrity of plant equipment, in that order, will be the first concerns. The operations manager will be notified of any impending severe storms who will determine the appropriate action.

In the event of an emergency incident during periods of adverse weather, the observer would contact the operations manager. The plant supervisor would initiate the notification procedure pertinent the emergency level of the incident.

Table 7-1 lists emergency resources, including equipment to be used during periods of adverse weather.

7.8 Alternative Systems of Communication

Systems of communication available to personnel at the Station are limited to conventional telephone service and cellular phones.

7.9 Emergency Supplies and Information

7.9.1 Stockpiling Materials and Equipment

Emergency equipment that is available is listed in Table 7-1. Equipment is divided into that readily available and other equipment that is available but would likely require more time to deliver to the ponds. If extra equipment (not listed in Table 7-1), more personnel, specific materials, or additional expertise is needed for emergency response actions, the EAP coordinator should contact appropriate local contractors for these services.

The Station has no first responders during regular working hours. The area is served by the Moapa Valley Fire District, to be contacted via Clark County Emergency Dispatch (911).

Table 7-1. Available Emergency Equipment

Quantity	Description
1	One-ton, 4×4 pickup
1	Caterpillar 928 front-end loader
1	Caterpillar skid steer loader
1	Ranger rescue boat with 2-25 horsepower motors
2	All-terrain vehicles

7.9.2 Coordination of Information

Knowledge of current and forecasted streamflow and weather information may prove beneficial to emergency situation decisions made during emergencies. Sources of such information are described below.

The U.S. Geological Survey maintains a streamflow gage approximately 1 mile downstream of the Station on the Muddy River. The gage measures and records the stage of the river in feet. River flow in cubic feet per second can be estimated using the stage-discharge relationship. Stage can be obtained from the gage at any time. Note that the U.S. Geological Survey periodically modifies streamflow gage rating tables and, therefore, the rating should be replaced when appropriate.

Related information is available at the following web addresses:

http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nv/nwis/rt - U.S. Geological Survey Real-Time Water Data for Nevada

http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/vef/ - National Weather Service (Las Vegas, NV).

http://water.weather.gov/ahps2/index.php?wfo=vef – National Weather Service Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service.

http://gustfront.ccrfcd.org/gagemap/gagemap.html- Local rain gauges

7.10 Training and Exercises

The EAP coordinator will arrange EAP training for applicable staff; and the training will occur annually. Part of the training may include an annual EAP exercise that includes evaluation of detection and response timing (Section 7.3). It is recommended that the annual meetings or exercises be documented. Additional details are provided in Appendix B.

8. Inundation Maps

8.1 Results of Dam Breach Analysis

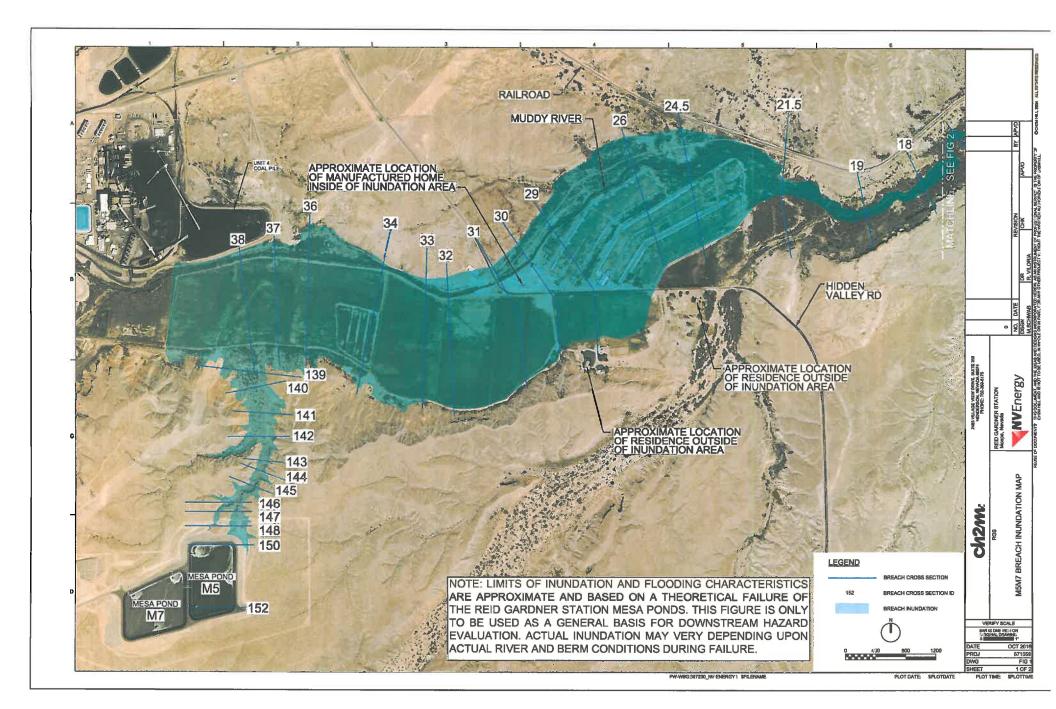
A "sunny day" full pool dam breach analysis was performed on the Mesa Pond. The following is a list of results from the analysis. The analysis is found in the "Periodic (5 Year) Hazard Potential Classification Assessment, Ponds M5 and M7, Reid Gardner Station," created by Jacobs and dated October 11, 2021 (Appendix D).

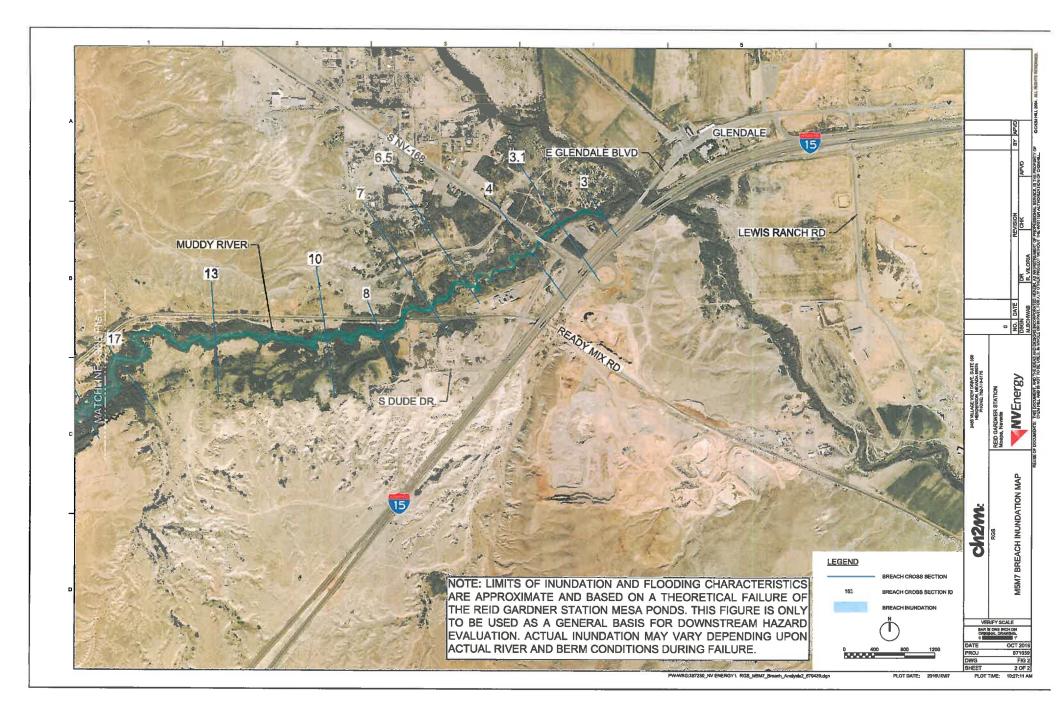
- The resulting water surface elevation of the Muddy River from a theoretical dam breach is less than the 100-year water surface elevation on the Muddy River.
- The leading edge of the flood wave will reach the private residence, near where Hidden Valley Road crosses the Muddy River, in approximately 0.60 hours after a dam breach of the Mesa Ponds.
- The maximum flow at the private residence is approximately 4,000 cubic feet per second.
- The flow from a theoretical dam breach of the Mesa Ponds will be contained in the Muddy River banks approximately 2.0 river miles from the Station.

8.2 Inundation Maps

Figure 8-1, M5M7 Breach Inundation Map, 1of2, and Figure 8-2, M5M7 Breach Inundation Map, 2of2, on the following pages show the inundation limits due to the "sunny day" failure scenario analyzed for Pond M5. The breach inundation modeling files used to generate the inundation map is located in Appendix D.

Limits of inundation and flooding characteristics shown on the map are approximate and based on the theoretical failure of the Mesa Ponds described above. This map is only to be used as a general basis for downstream hazard evaluation. Actual inundation and flood wave characteristics may vary depending upon actual river and berm conditions during failure.





Appendix A Plans for Training, Exercising, Updating and Posting the Plan

Appendix A. Plans for Training, Exercising, Updating and Posting the Plan

A.1 Training

EAP training is to take place for applicable employees periodically (annual is recommended).

Training for personnel should include a review of the EAP and the notification flowchart as well as overall emergency response training. Specific items to be covered include how to correctly respond to emergencies, emergency procedures, and the chain of command. Trained personnel should be familiar with the elements of this Plan, the availability of equipment, and their responsibilities and duties. Technically qualified personnel should be trained in problem detection and evaluation and appropriate remedial measures. A sufficient number of people should be trained to ensure adequate coverage of the positions listed in Sections 4 and 5, the notification flowchart, and the notification procedure.

Training is to be performed by the EAP coordinator or specialists arranged by the EAP coordinator as identified in Sections 6 and 7 of this Plan. Training for the EAP coordinator is available from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Nevada Division of Emergency Management at the addresses below:

FEMA Region IX: Oakland 1111 Broadway., Suite 1200 Oakland, CA 94607 510.627.7220

Nevada Division of Emergency Management 2478 Fairview Drive Carson City, NV 89701 775.687.0300

A.2 Exercising

Training should be performed at a frequency that ensures a state of readiness of personnel who are responsible to take action during an emergency situation. Testing should include a drill that simulates an emergency condition. Special procedures for nighttime, weekends and holidays, as outlined in Section 6, should be included. If possible, coordination and consultation with state and local emergency management officials and other organizations listed in the notification flowchart should be included in the drill and functional exercises. Participation by the affected state and local officials will enhance the effectiveness of the exercises. The exercises should be evaluated and the EAP should be revised to correct any deficiencies noted. The following subsections discuss the different types of exercises that could be conducted at the Station.

At a minimum, to meet the requirements of CCR Rule Section 257.73(a)(3)(i)(E), the annual exercise must include a face-to-face meeting or exercise with local emergency responders. It is recommended that the annual exercise required to satisfy the CCR Rule be documented.

A.2.1 Orientation Seminar

This exercise is an annual seminar that involves bringing together those with roles or interests in the EAP. The individuals and departments listed on the notification flowchart (Figure 2-1) would attend this seminar. A representative from each of the local and state emergency agencies and the neighboring property owners should be encouraged to attend. The EAP coordinator or their representative will lead the presentation and discuss the roles, responsibilities and procedures associated with the EAP. The orientation seminar can also be used to discuss and describe technical matters with involved, non-technical personnel.

A.2.2 Drill

A drill is the lowest level of exercise that involves an actual implementation of the EAP. A drill should test, develop and maintain skills in a single emergency response procedure. An example of a drill is an in-house exercise performed to verify the validity of telephone numbers and other means of communication.

A.2.3 Tabletop Exercise

The tabletop exercise is a higher-level exercise than a drill. The tabletop exercise involves a meeting of facility personnel, potentially with state and local emergency management officials, in a conference room environment. The format of the meeting should include a description of a simulated event and a discussion to evaluate the EAP response procedures. Recommendations should be made to revise the EAP to resolve concerns regarding coordination and responsibilities.

A.2.4 Functional Exercise

An outline of a functional drill exercise for the EAP is as follows:

- Operations manager and EAP coordinator meet in the warehouse.
- Operations manager initiates a Test notification procedure using the notification flowchart. It is imperative that all communications during the test clearly state that it is a test. An example communication would be:
 - My name is ______ and I am the operations manager for the Reid Gardner Station in Moapa, Nevada. We are conducting a test of the Emergency Action Plan for the Mesa Ponds. Repeat, THIS IS A TEST and there is no actual emergency at the ponds. Please refer to your copy of the Emergency Action Plan and make any communications that are required. Be sure that your communications clearly identify that this is only a test.
- Calls to emergency agencies should be made using numbers other than "911."
- The EAP coordinator should take notes throughout the exercise. Notes should include start time, time
 required to reach each person on the notification flowcharts, problems and any other information that
 might prove useful.
- Subsequent to the exercise, the EAP coordinator should fill out the EAP Exercise Reporting Form. The form should include the following (a blank copy is included in Appendix C):
- Time required for completing notifications;
- Critique on notification procedure; and
- Verification that all persons notified had current copies of the EAP.

A.3 Updating

Evaluate the EAP, at a minimum every 5 years, to ensure accuracy per the CCR Rule Section 257.(a)(3)(ii). It is recommended that the EAP should be reviewed at least annually. Update the EAP as necessary to keep it current, incorporate lessons learned from the exercises and whenever there is a change in conditions that would substantially affect the EAP. The review and update should include:

- Names, titles, telephone numbers, etc. of operating personnel and personnel responsible for implementation of the EAP.
- Names and telephone numbers of contacts to be notified under the EAP (for example, state or local agencies, neighboring property owners, media, etc.).
- Changes in the ponds that could affect results of the embankment failure analysis (for example, changes in flood inundation areas, downstream developments, embankment heights, or in the reservoir).
- Changes in operation and/or maintenance of the ponds that could substantially affect the implementation of the EAP.

Any and all changes to the EAP must be distributed to all holders of the EAP listed in Table 2-2 (Section 2).

The EAP coordinator should ensure that each original copy of the EAP on the distribution list (Table 2-2, Section 2) is up to date after a revision is completed.

Updated or revised EAPs must be placed in the Station's operating record per CCR Rule Section 257.73(a)(3)(ii)(B). The EAP, and any amendment must be certified by a qualified professional engineer per CCR Rule Section 257.73(a)(3)(iv).

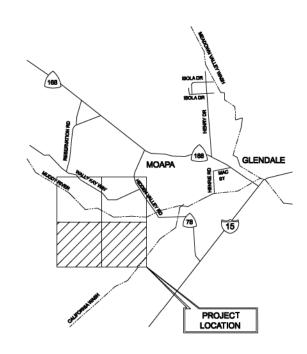
It is recommended that the entire EAP be reprinted and redistributed to all parties at least every 5 years.

Appendix B Select Mesa Ponds M5 and M7 Record Drawings

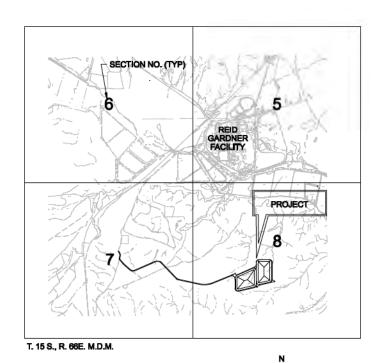


MOAPA, NEVADA REID GARDNER STATION WASTEWATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF MESA EVAPORATION PONDS - M5 AND M7

M5: RC171 WO# 9825650201 M7: RC171 WO# 9821855101 **JULY 2011**



VICINITY MAP (



LOCATION MAP

RECORD DRAWINGS

CH2MHILL	2486 VILLAGE VIEW DRIVE, SUITE 360 HENDERSON, NEWADA 89074 PHONE: 702-368-8175				
MESA EVAPORATION PONDS M5 AND M7 M5: RC171 WC# 9825650201 M7: RC171 WC# 9821855101	REID GARDNER STATION Wastewater System	1 07/14/11	RECORD DRAWING ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	,	NKB SWD PDT SWD
CITI E SHEET VICINITY AND	Improvement Projects	NO. DATE	REVISION		BY APVD
OCATION MAPS	Mosps, Nevada NVENETSY.	DSGN P. TSCHESCHKE	THE J. WALKER J. SCHNEIDER	APVD IDER	S. DETHLOFF

DRAWING INDEX

SHEET OR PAGE NO.	DWG NO. OR SHT NO.	TITLE	INCLUDED WITH DAM IMPOUND APPLICATION	ENGINEER
		GENERAL DRAWINGS FOR SCHEDULE A AND B		
1	G-1	Title Sheet, Vicinity and Location Maps	Υ	CH2M HILL
2	G-1A	Drawing Index	Y	CH2M HILL
3	G-2	Abbreviations, General Notes and Civil Legend	Y	CH2M HILL
4	G-3	Structural Notes	Υ	CH2M HILL
5	G-4	Mechanical Legend	Y	CH2M HILL
6	G-5	Electrical Legend	Y	CH2M HILL
7	G-6	Instrumentation and Control Legend	Y	CH2M HILL
8	D-1	SCHEDULE A DRAWINGS Elevation/Capacity and Elevation/Area Curves	Y	CH2M HILL
8	D-1 D-2	Not Used	4	CH2M HILL
9	D-3	General Layout Plan Pond M5	Y	CH2M HILL
10	D-4	General Layout Plan Pond M7	Ý	CH2M HILL
10	D-5	Not Used		GHEWINEE
11	D-6	Berm Profile Pond M5	Y	CH2M HILL
12	D-7	Berm Profile Pond M7	Y	CH2M HILL
13	C-1	General Site Plan	Y	CH2M HILL
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17 18	C-5 C-6	Pond Site Plan - Area 3	Y	CH2M HILL
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21	C-9	Drainage Ditch Details	Ý	CH2M HILL
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-10	C-11	Not Used		
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24	C-15	Pond M5 Liner Plan	Y	CH2M HILL
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26	C-17	Leak Detection and Recovery System - Civil Details	Y	CH2M HILL
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31	C-21 C-22	Paved MEP Access Road Paved MEP Access Road		Forsgren Associates Forsgren Associates
32	C-23	Paved MEP Access Road	Y	Forsgren Associates
33	C-24	Civil Details	Ý	Forsgren Associates
	0.24	Civil Deutila		1 Oragicii Aaaooliii.ca
34	P-1	Effluent Discharge Pipeline - Site West		Forsgren Associates
35	P-2	Effluent Discharge Pipeline - Site East	Y	Forsgren Associates
36	P-3	Pond Berm Typical Sections	Y	Forsgren Associates
37	P-4	Discharge Pipeline Details	Y	Forsgren Associates
38	P-5	Effluent Discharge Pipelines - Sta 0+00 to 10+00	Y	Forsgren Associates
39	P-6	Effluent Discharge Pipelines - Sta 10+00 to 20+00	Y	Forsgren Associates
40	P-7	Effluent Discharge Pipelines - Sta 20+00 to 25+00	Y	Forsgren Associates
- 44	0.4	On a little	Y	Farrage Associates
41	S-1 S-2	General Notes Bridge Plan and Elevation	Y	Forsgren Associates Forsgren Associates
43	S-3	Foundation M5-2, M5-3	Y	Forsgren Associates
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63	S-11E	Details		Forsgren Associates
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65	S-13	Mixer Access Bridge #M7-3 Splice Details		Solutions Inc / R&M Eng.
66	S-14	Mixer Access Bridge #M7-3 Plans, Sections & Details		Solutions Inc / R&M Eng.
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70	S-18	Mixer Access Bridge #M7-3 Plans, Sections & Details	-	Solutions Inc / R&M Eng.
71 72	S-19 S-20	Mixer Access Bridge #M7-3 Plans, Sections & Details Mixer Access Bridge #M5-1,2,3 & M7-1,2 Erection Layout		Solutions Inc / R&M Eng. Solutions Inc / R&M Eng.
73	S-21	Mixer Access Bridge #M5-1,2,3 & M7-1,2 Erection Layout Mixer Access Bridge #M5-1,2,3 & M7-1,2 Splice Details		Solutions Inc / R&M Eng.
74	S-22	Mixer Access Bridge #M5-1,2,3 & M7-1,2 Plans, Sections & Details		Solutions Inc / R&M Eng.
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SHEET OR PAGE NO.	DWG NO. OR SHT NO.	TITLE	DAM IMPOUND APPLICATION	ENGINEER
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77	S-25	Mixer Access Bridge #M5-1,2,3 & M7-1,2 Plans, Sections & Details		Solutions Inc / R&M Eng
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118	S-65a	Assembly Detail Headframe Parts		Solutions Inc / OnPoint
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140	E-4	Electrical Details	Y	Forsgren Ass./TJK Eng
141	E-5	Electrical Calculations		Forsgren Ass./TJK Eng
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145	E-9	Electrical Details	Y	Forsgren Ass./TJK Eng
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THESE RECORD DRAWNS HAVE BEEN PREPARED, IN PART, OF THE BASIS OF INFORMATION COMPILED BY OTHERS IN 2011. THA ARE NOT INTENDED TO REPRESENT IN DETAIL THE EXACT LOC TYPE OF COMPONENT NOR MANNER OF CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR CAMESIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THE

RECORD DRA	AWINGS
wn By: CH2M HILL	Date: July 2011
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MPONENT NOR MANNER O	OF CONSTRUCTION, THE

NVEnergy.

ABBREVIATIONS, CIVIL, STRUCTURAL, MECHANICAL ASPHAULT CONCRETE PAVEMENT OPP OPPOSITE ADDITIONAL PLIMP POINT OF CURVATURE INSTRUMENT AIR ALUMINUM. PRESSURE CONTROL VALVE SECTION (LETTER) OR DETAIL (NUMERAL) POINT OF INTERSECTION, PRESSURE INSTRUMENT ALTERNATI APPROX APPROXIMA PREMOLDED JOINT FILLER DESIGNATION ARCH ARCHITECTURA PLATE, PROPERTY LINE AIR RELEASE VALVE PLCS PLACES AIR VACUUM RELEASE VALVE PMP PEAK MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT POB POINT OF BEGINNING DRAWING NUMBER POINT OF ENDING BEAM, BENCHMARK (REPLACED WITH A LINE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE POT POTABLE BOTTOM POWER POL ON SAME SHEET) BOTH SURFACE PRV PRESSURE RELEASE VALVI PSDC POND SOLIDS DISPOSAL CELI BEGINNING OF VERTICAL CURVE В PRESSURE TREATED COMPOSITE DRAINAGE NET CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE CEM POINT OF TANGENCY PVC POLYVINYL CHLORIDE, POINT OF VERTICAL CURVE CHKD CHECKERED CONSTRUCTION, CONTROL JOINT POINT OF VERTICAL INTERSECTION CENTERLINE POINT OF VERTICAL TANGENCY CEMENT LINED DUCTILE IRON POTABLE WATER LINE CLEAR RADIUS 2 CONTROLLED LOW STRENGTH FILL R/W RIGHT OF WAY CMP CORRUGATED METAL PIPE ROAD CMU CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT RDCR REDUCES CONC CONCRETE REINE REINFORCING CONN CONNECTION RIGID GALVANIZED STEE CONT CONTINUED/ CONTINUATION/ CONTINUOUS RGS REID GARDNER STATION COORD COORDINATE DRAWING TITLE CTRD CENTERED CONTACT WATER COLLECTION SYSTEM SCHEDULI CONTACT WATER POND SYSTEM SQUARE FEE CUBIC YARDS SIMILAR SOUTH LATERAL LANDFILL EXPANSION DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM DCS DIAMETER STAINLESS STEEL DUCTILE IRON PIPE STATION DN DRAINAGE NE STANDARD DESERT TORTOIS SWPPP STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN T&B TOP AND BOTTOM DWG DRAWING TREATED EFFLUENT EACH END TEMPORARY EACH FACE TREATED INFLUENT EFFLUENT FORWARDING PUMPING SYSTEM **EFPS** TOP OF TOP OF CONCRETE. TOP OF CURE FLEVATION EAST LATERAL LANDFILL EXPANSION OP OF FOOTING (1)TOS TOP OF SLAB EQUAL EQUIPMENT ELECTRIC UNIT HEATER TOP OF STEE 1 UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD EXST EXISTING IIDDD FLOOR DRAIN USFWS U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE 1 FINISHED GRADE VERTICAL FIN FINISHED VENTILATION FAN FACILITY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM WITH FOOT OR FEET WATER LEVE WMU WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT FOOTING GALV GALVANIZED WATER STOP HEADED ANCHOR STUD WWF WELDED WIRE FABRIC HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE HORIZ HORIZONTAL HYDROGEN PEROXIDE HYDROGEN PEROXIDE STATION HIGH POINT HEAT PUMP AIR CONDITIONING UNIT INVERT ELEVATION NOTE: SOME ABBREVIATIONS MAY NOT BE USED ON THIS PROJECT. INCH INVER KILOVOLT-AMPERES LEAK DETECTION AND RECOVERY SYSTEM LEVEL INDICATING TRANSMITTER LEAK LOCATION SYSTEM LOW POINT MAX MAXIMUN MESA EVAPORATION PONDS MANHOLE, MOUNTING HEIGHT MIN MINIMUM MECHANICAL JOINT MO MASONRY OPENING NORTH NEUTRAL NEVADA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE NEVADA DIVISION ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION NDOW NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE NGVD NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM NOT IN CONTRACT NOT TO SCALE NVDOT NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION OVERHEAD

SECTION / DETAIL DESIGNATIONS ON DRAWING WHERE SECTION OR DETAIL IS TAKEN: SHEET/DRAWING NUMBER WHERE SHOWN C-10 SECTION ON DRAWING WHERE SECTION IS SHOWN: DRAWING NUMBER(S) DETAIL SCALE ON DRAWING WHERE DETAIL DRAWING NUMBER(S) WHERE TAKEN

ON DRAWING WHERE ONLY A TITLE IS REQUIRED WITH NO REFERENCE (eg: ELEVATIONS)

SECTION CALLOUT WHERE SECTION IS ON ANOTHER SHEET AND CUT EXTENDS THROUGHOUT ENTIRE SHEET

SECTION CALLOUT WHERE SECTION

IS ON THE SAME SHEET AND CUT EXTENDS TO A FIXED LIMIT

KEYED NOTES

ADDENDA NUMBER

RECORD DRAWINGS

THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED, IN PART, ON THE BASIS OF INFORMATION COMPILED BY OTHERS IN 2011. THEY ARE NOT INTENDED TO REPRESENT IN DETAIL THE EXACT LOCATION, TYPE OF COMPONENT NOR MANNER OF CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THE RECORD DRAWINGS.

REVISION NUMBER

NORTH ARROW; CAN BE MODIFIED TO INCLUDE MAGNETIC NORTH ALONG VITH PROJECT NORTH

GENERAL SITE NOTES:

EXISTING

× 157.7

T-BUR

THIS CONTRACT

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- T-BUR -

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- SOURCE OF TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN ON THE CIVIL PLANS PREPARED BY PHOTOGRAMMETRIC METHODS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY DATED: 1-2-09. EXISTING CONDITIONS MAY VARY FROM THOSE SHOWN ON THESE PLANS, VERIFY EXISTING CONDITIONS AND ADJUST WORK PLAN ACCORDINGLY PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.
- EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY, STRUCTURES, AND SITE FEATURES ARE SHOWN SCREENED AND/OR LIGHT-LINED. EW FINISH GRADE, STRUCTURES, AND SITE FEATURES ARE SHOWN HEAVY-LINED.
- HORIZONTAL DATUM: NAD83 NEVADA SP EAST
- VERTICAL DATUM: NAVD 1988
- MAINTAIN, RELOCATE, OR REPLACE EXISTING SURVEY MONUMENTS, CONTROL POINTS, AND STAKES WHICH ARE DISTURBED OR DESTROYED. PERFORM THE WORK TO PRODUCE THE SAME LEVEL OF ACCURACY AS THE ORIGINAL MONUMENT(S) IN A TIMELY MANNER.

CIVIL LEGEND

OR (CB)

OR -

4

CATCH BASIN OR INLET

ELECTRICAL MANHOLE

ELECTRIC HANDHOLE

POST OR GUARD POST

TRENCH DRAIN

MANHOLE

CLEANOUT

GUY ANCHOR

FIRE HYDRANT

UTILITY POLE

LIGHT POLE

BENCH MARK

SOIL BORING

TEST PIT

SIGN

SPOT ELEVATION

CONTOUR LINE

PROPERTY LINE

CENTER LINE

NATURAL GAS

WATER LINE

ELECTRICAL (OVERHEAD)

TELEPHONE (BURIED)

BRUSH/TREE LINE

CONSTRUCTION LIMITS

POINT OF INTERSECTION

DESERT TORTISE FENCE

BURIED PIPELINE BY OTHERS

SURVEY CONTROL POINT OR

EMBANKMENT AND SLOPE

DRAINAGEWAY OR DITCH

EASEMENT/RIGHT-OF-WAY

- FOR LOCATION OF CONTROL POINT ON STRUCTURES, SEE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS
- STAGING AREA SHALL BE FOR CONTRACTOR'S TRAILERS, EQUIPMENT AND ON-SITE STORAGE OF MATERIALS
- ALL PRIVATE CARS AND TRUCKS SHALL BE PARKED IN THE RGS NORTH CONSTRUCTION PARKING AREA. LOCATED NORTHWEST OF THE PLANT. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SHUTTLES AS NECESSARY TO GET EMPLOYEES TO CONSTRUCTION SITE.
- 9. PROVIDE TEMPORARY FENCING AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN SECURITY AT ALL TIMES.
- 10. ELEVATIONS GIVEN ARE TO FINISH GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN.
- 11. SLOPE UNIFORMLY BETWEEN CONTOURS AND SPOT ELEVATIONS SHOWN
- 12. CONTRACTOR WILL IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WITHIN PROJECT LIMITS ROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL OTHER MEASURES TO POSITIVELY PRECLUDE EROSION MATERIALS FROM LEAVING THE SITE. CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT EROSION CONTROL PLAN. PER SPECIFICATIONS.
- 14. FILLS GREATER THAN 5 FEET IN HEIGHT PLACED ON NATIVE SLOPES STEEPER THAN 5:1 SHALL BE KEYED INTO THE PRE-EXISTING SLOPE WITH HORIZONTAL BENCHES. REFER TO THE SPECIFICATIONS FOR

GENERAL YARD PIPING AND UTILITIES NOTES:

- EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILTS AND FROM FIELD SURVEY, FIELD VERIFY DEPTH AND LOCATION PRIOR TO EXCAVATION. PROTECT ALL EXISTING UTILITIES
- EXISTING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT ARE SHOWN SCREENED AND/OR LIGHT-LINED.

 NEW EQUIPMENT IS SHOWN HEAVY-LINED. NEW PIPING IS SHOWN AS HEAVY, DASHED LINES.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ALL PIPING SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 3' COVER.
- ALL PIPES SHALL HAVE A CONSTANT SLOPE BETWEEN INVERT ELEVATIONS UNLESS A FITTING IS SHOWN
- ALL NEW PIPES MUST BE PROPERLY FLUSHED AND, PRESSURE TESTED AS SPECIFIED.
- FOR TYPICAL TRENCHING, SEE DWG P-3.
- FLUSHING OF HDPE PIPELINE IS NOT REQUIRED.
 - ALL SECTIONS AND COMPONENTS OF THE EFFLUENT PIPING SYSTEM SHALL BE HYDROTESTED WITH CONSTRUCTION WATER PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE.

NVEnergy GARDN GENERAL Ī 2 ABBREVIATIONS, AND CIVI

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NDM-LAS:RGS Mesa Facility IDP\ 200-G-00202 401621RD.don

PLOT DATE: 7/11/2011

3 OF 147 SHEET PLOT TIME: 2:33:40 PM

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JULY 2011

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DATE

PROJ

DWG

REFER TO THE DRAWINGS FOR ADDITIONAL AND SPECIFIC STRUCTURE LOADINGS AND REQUIREMENTS.

3. FLOOR LIVE LOADS:

ELECTRICAL AREA MECHANICAL AREA 300 PSF 200 PSF BRIDGE DECK AND MIXING PLATFORM BRIDGE DECK WHEEL LOAD 750 LB WHEEL LOAD

WIND LOAD:

BASIC WIND SPEED (3-SECOND GUST) = 90 MPH **EXPOSURE** OCCUPANCY CATEGORY = 1.0

SEISMIC LOAD:

MAPPED SPECTRAL RESPONSE ACCELERATIONS = 0.622 oDESIGN SPECTRAL RESPONSE ACCELERATIONS $= 0.540 \, o$ = 0.262 gSITE CLASS OCCUPANCY CATEGORY SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY **-** D

6. SOIL DESIGN PARAMETERS:
A. SEE SECTION "FOUNDATIONS" FOR GEOTECHNICAL

GENERAL INFORMATION

FOR ABBREVIATIONS NOT LISTED, SEE ASME Y14.38 "ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS: PUBLICATION AS DISTRIBUTED BY THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERS (ASME).

DETAILING AND DIMENSIONS OF EXISTING STRUCTURES SHOWN ARE BASED ON AS-BUILT DESIGN DRAWINGS, AND DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRESENT THE AS-CONSTRUCTED CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY DIMENSIONS AND DETAILING OF THE EXISTING STRUCTURES PRIOR TO FABRICATION OF ADJACENT FRAMING OR CONNECTIONS OR SUPPORTS THAT ARE AFFECTED BY THE EXISTING STRUCTURE.

FOR NUMBER, TYPE, SIZE, ARRANGEMENT, AND/OR LOCATION OF EQUIPMENT PADS SEE OTHER DISCIPLINE 3.

STRUCTURAL MEMBERS SHALL NOT BE CUT OR MODIFIED FOR PIPES, DUCTS, ETC, UNLESS SPECIFICALLY DETAILED OR APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE DESIGNER.

SPECIAL INSPECTION. OBSERVATIONS AND TESTING

SPECIAL INSPECTION (CONTRACTOR PROVIDED AND OWNER APPROVED) IS REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH IBC SECTIONS 109 AND 1704. CONTRACTOR'S DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE LIST OF ITEMS REQUIRING SPECIAL INSPECTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH IBC

SPECIFIED CONCRETE TESTING DURING CONSTRUCTION WILL BE CONTRACTOR FURNISHED BY OWNER APPROVED INDEPENDANT TESTING AGENCY. SPECIFIED LABORATORY TEST MIXES. SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

FOUNDATIONS

REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL DATA REPORT "GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION: MESA EVAPORATION PONDS" BY CONVERSE CONSULTANTS, DATED MAY 4, 2009, SOIL DESIGN PARAMETERS SHALL BE DETERMINED BASED ON SOIL DESCRIPTIONS AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN GEOTECHNICAL DATA REPORT.

ALL FOUNDATION BEARING SURFACES SHALL BE OBSERVED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNEE PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF FORMING OR REINFORCING STEEL THE OBSERVATION SHALL VERIFY THAT THE ACTUAL EXPOSED SUBGRADE IS AS ANTICIPATED BY THE SITE SPECIFIC BORINGS, TEST PITS, TESTING AND DATA REPORTS.

FORMWORK, SHORING AND BRACING

CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL WORK RELATING TO CONSTRUCTION ERECTION METHODS, BRACING, SHORING, RIGGING, GUYS, SCAFFOLDING, FORMWORK, AND OTHER WORK AIDS REQUIRED TO SAFELY PERFORM THE WORK SHOWN.

TEMPORARY SHORING SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ELEVATED CONCRETE FLOOR OR SLABS HAVE REACHED 80 PERCENT OF THE 28 DAY DESIGN STRENGTH AS DETERMINED BY CYLINDER BREAKS.

CONCRETE REINFORCING

CLEARANCE FOR REINFORCEMENT BARS, UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE, SHALL BE: WHEN PLACED ON GROUND: 3"

- 2. 90 DEGREE BENDS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN, SHALL BE ACI 318 STANDARD HOOKS.
- REINFORCEMENT BENDS AND LAPS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, SHALL SATISFY THE FOLLOWING

CONCRETE D	DESIGN STREM	NGTH -	4,000 F	'SI**	G	RADE (30 REIN	FORCIN	IG STE	EL
BAR SIZE		#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
LAP SPLICE I	ENGTH									
SPACING<6"	TOP BAR *	1'-4"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	5'-10"	6'-8"	7'-7"	8'-6"	9'-5"
	OTHER BAR	1'-4"	1'-7"	2'-4"	3'-1"	4'-6"	5'-2"	5'-10"	6'-7"	7'-3"
SPACING≥6"	TOP BAR *	1'4"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-5"	3'-6"	4'-0"	5'-0"	6'-2"	7'-5"
	OTHER BAR	1'-4"	1'-4"	1'-7"	1'-10"	2'-9"	3'-1"	3'-10"	4'-9"	5'-8"
EMBEDMENT	LENGTH									
SPACING<6"	TOP BAR *	1'-0"	1'-7"	2'-4"	3'-1"	4'-6"	5'-2"	5'-10"	6'-7"	7'-3"
	OTHER BAR	1'-0"	1'-3"	1'-9"	2'-5"	3'-6"	4'-0"	4'-6"	5'-1"	5'-7"
SPACING≥6"	TOP BAR *	1'-0"	1'-3"	1'-7"	1'-10"	2'-9"	3'-1"	3'-10"	4'-9"	5'-8"
	OTHER BAR	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-3"	1'-5"	2'-1"	2'-5"	3'-0"	3'-8"	4'-5"

TOP BARS SHALL BE DEFINED AS ANY HORIZONTAL BARS PLACED SUCH THAT MORE THAN 12 INCHES OF CONCRETE IS CAST IN THE MEMBER BELOW THE BAR IN ANY SINGLE POUR. HORIZONTAL WALL BARS ARE CONSIDERED TOP BARS,

** WHERE 3000 PSI CONCRETE IS USED, INCREASE ABOVE LENGTHS BY 16 PERCENT

28-DAY CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE STRENGTHS:

PIPE AND CONDUIT ENCASEMENTS

2. REINFORCING STEEL:

ASTM A615, GRADE 60

4500 PSI

3000 PSI

- FABRICATION AND PLACEMENT OF REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CRSI MSP-1
 "MANUAL OF STANDARD PRACTICE" AND ACI 301 "SPECIFICATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE".
- ROUGHEN AND CLEAN CONSTRUCTION JOINTS AS SPECIFIED PRIOR TO PLACING ADJACENT CONCRETE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE PLACEMENT OF OPENINGS, CURBS, DOWELS, SLEEVES, CONDUITS, BOLTS AND INSERTS PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF CONCRETE.
- 6. NO ALUMINUM CONDUIT OR PRODUCTS CONTAINING ALUMINUM OR ANY OTHER MATERIAL INJURIOUS TO THE

WELDING

WELDS SHALL CONFORM TO AMERICAN WELDING SOCIETY (AWS), LATEST EDITION:

D1.1, STRUCTURAL WELDING CODE - STEEL
D1.3, STRUCTURAL WELDING CODE - SHEET STEEL
D1.4, STRUCTURAL WELDING CODE - REINFORCING STEEL
D1.6, STRUCTURAL WELDING CODE - STAINLESS STEEL

REPAIR WELDS FOUND DEFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWS D1.1 SECTION 5.26.

USE INTERMITTENT WELDS AT FIELD WELDS OF EMBED PLATES AND ANGLES TO AVOID SPALLING OR CRACKING OF THE EXISTING CONCRETE.

4. BUTT JOINT WELDS SHALL BE COMPLETE JOINT PENETRATION (CJP) UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.

STRUCTURAL STEEL AND METAL FABRICATIONS

STRUCTURAL STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING:

W-SHAPES
MISCELLANEOUS SHAPES INCLUDING
ANGLES, CHANNELS, PLATES, ETC. SQUARE OR RECTANGULAR STEEL TUBING

A500, GRADE B A53, GRADE B

STRUCTURAL STEEL SHALL BE FABRICATED AND ERECTED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE AISC MANUAL OF CONSTRUCTION, CURRENT EDITION, AND CURRENT OSHA STANDARDS.

BOLTS SHALL BE HIGH STRENGTH BOLTS CONFORMING TO THE FOLLOWING EXCEPT WHERE

SPECIFICALLY INDICATED OTHERWISE: UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE ANCHOR BOLTS (AB)

STAINLESS STEEL GALVANIZED STEEL MACHINE BOLTS (MB)

A325-SC, GALVANIZED F593, AISI TYPE 316, CONDITION CW F1554, GR 36 / A153

A325-N. GALVANIZED

A307, GALVANIZED

ITEMS TO BE EMBEDDED IN CONCRETE SHALL BE CLEAN AND FREE OF OIL, DIRT AND PAINT.

NO HOLES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFICALLY DETAILED SHALL BE ALLOWED THROUGH STRUCTURAL STEEL MEMBERS. NO CUTTING OR BURNING OF STRUCTURAL STEEL IS PERMITTED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.

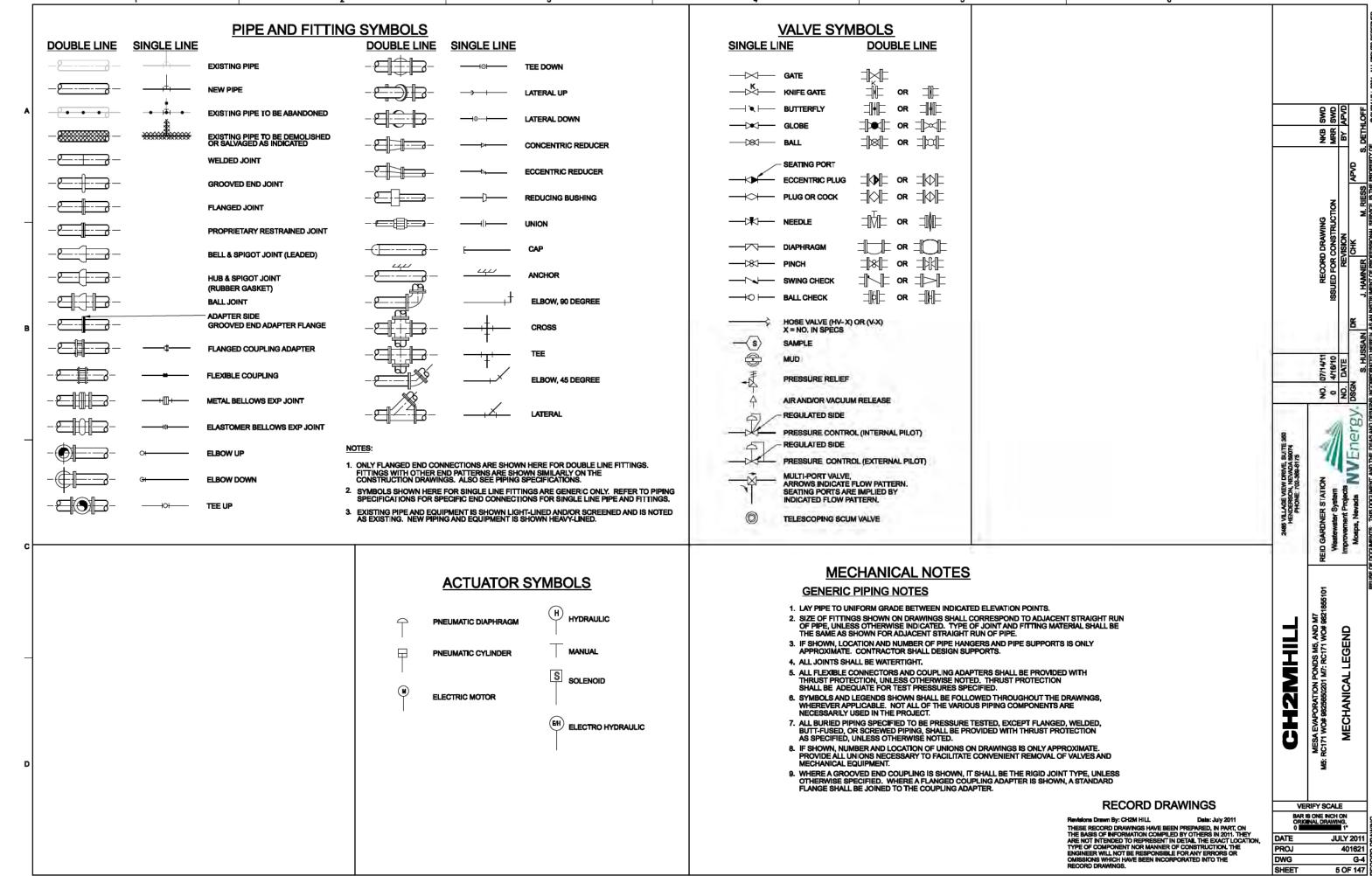
APVD NVEnergy STRUCTURAL I Ū VERIFY SCALE BAR IS ONE INCH ON ORIGINAL DRA

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Revisions Drawn By: CH2M HILL THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED, IN PART, ON THE BASIS OF INFORMATION COMPILED BY OTHERS IN 2011. THEY ARE NOT INFENDED TO REPRESENT IN DETAIL THE EXACT LOCATION, TYPE OF COMPONENT NOR MANNER OF CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THE RECORD DRAWINGS.

RECORD DRAWINGS

DATE JULY 2011 PROJ 401621 G-3 DWG SHEET 4 OF 147

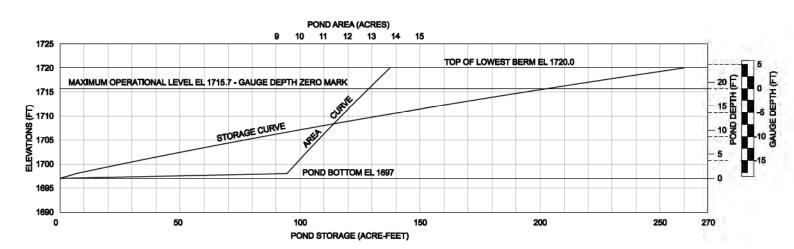


	1	2	3		4	5		6	_	
			ELECTRICAL LEGEND				ABBREVIATIONS			
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	ABBREV	IATIONS DESCRIPTION			
	NEW EQUIPMENT, WIRING AND TEXT EXISTING OR OWNER FURNISHED AND CONTRACTOR INSTALLED EQUIPMENT, WIRING AND TEXT IS SHOWN WITH SCREENED LINES	##	CONVENIENCE RECEPTACLE - DUPLEX UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE WP-WEATHERPROOF C- CLOCK HANGER TL- TWIST LOCK CRE- CORROSION RESISTANT	1	CONTACT - NORMALLY OPEN WITH NEMA SIZE INDICATED AS APPLICABLE CONTACT - NORMALLY CLOSED WITH NEMA SIZE INDICATED AS APPLICABLE	A AC AF AFD	AMMETER, AMPERE N ALTERNATING CURRENT NC AMPERE FRAME NEMA ADJUSTABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE	MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION		
A	TO BE REMOVED CONNECTION POINT TO DEVICES UNDER THIS CONTRACT AND SPECIFIED IN DIVISIONS OTHER	⊕ PNL 4-1-1 (2)	CONVENIENCE RECEPTACLE - WITH PANEL NUMBER AND CIRCUIT NUMBER IN PARENTHESIS.	or TDR TO	TIME DELAY RELAY CONTACT (TIME ACTION INDICATED)	AFF AS ASU ATCS	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR NO AMPERE SENSOR NP AIR SUPPLY UNIT AUTOMATIC TRANSFER CONTROL SYSTEM AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SW PC	NORMALLY OPEN NAMEPLATE OVERLOAD RELAY PULL BOX PHOTOCELL		NKB SWD RC SWD BY APVD S. DETHLOFF
	THAN 16. WIRING, RACEWAYS AND CONNECTIONS SHALL BE PROVIDED UNDER THIS CONTRACT AS SPECIFIED UNDER DIVISION 16.	#	CONVENIENCE RECEPTACLE, PEDESTAL, DUPLEX SINGLE FACE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE		REMOTE DEVICE RELAY COIL: CR= CONTROL RELAY,	AT BO	AMP TRIP PH BOILER PNL BARE COPPER PT	PHOTOCELL PHASE PANEL POTENTIAL TRANSFORMER		APVD S.
MCC-A	MAJOR ELECTRICAL COMPONENT OR DEVICE - NAME OR IDENTIFYING SYMBOL AS SHOWN.	30 €	RECEPTACLE - 240V, 1 PH, AMPERAGE INDICATED	x	TDR=TIME DELAY RELAY OVERLOAD RELAY HEATER	BCU BRKR C	BREAKER PVC CONDUIT, CONTACTOR RECE	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE CONDUIT PT RECEPTACLE		_ AR
_ ← <u>uh1</u>	BRANCH CIRCUIT PANELBOARD UNIT HEATER NO.1 SEE SCHEDULE	30 ⊜	RECEPTACLE, SPECIAL PURPOSE - AMPERAGE AS INDICATED		MAGNETIC STARTER WITH NEMA SIZE INDICATED	CB CC CKT	CIRCUIT BREAKER REQUIREMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF	REMOTE MULTIPLEXER RELAY PANEL		NG LUCTION M. TOVAR
		<u>φφφ</u>	MULTI OUTLET ASSEMBLY	100/M	CIRCUIT BREAKER, MAGNETIC TRIP ONLY, FRAME SIZE SHOWN, 3 POLE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.	COMM COND CONT	COMMUNICATIONS RPA CONDUCTOR RS CONTINUED RTU	RISING POST ASSEMBLY RIGID STEEL CONDUIT REMOTE TELEMETRY UNIT		DRAWIN ONSTRU ISION SHK
	TERMINAL JUNCTION BOX MOTOR, SQUIRREL CAGE INDUCTION - HORSEPOWER	- 	RECEPTACLE - 4-PLEX TELEPHONE RECEPTACLE (OUTLET BOX ONLY) FLUSH IN FLOOR	400	CIRCUIT BREAKER, THERMAL MAGNETIC TRIP SHOWN, 3 POLE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.	CPT CR CRS	CONTROL POWER XFMR RVSS CONTROL RELAY COATED RIGID STEEL S	REDUCED VOLTAGE SOLID STATE SWITCH		~ 01210
5	INDICATED LUMINAIRE		TELEPHONE RECEPTACLE (OUTLET BOX ONLY)	400 400	CIRCUIT BREAKER WITH CURRENT LIMITING FUSES, TRIP AND FUSE RATING INDICATED, 3 POLE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.	CS CT	CONDUIT SC CONTROL STATION SH CURRENT TRANSFORMER S/N	SPEED CONTROL SPACE HEATER SOLID NEUTRAL		RECORI ISSUED FOR RE ES
O •	LUMINAIRE AND POLE	3	GENERAL CONTROL OR WIRING DEVICE. NEMA 4 ENCLOSURE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE. LETTER	400 225	FUSED SWITCH, SWITCH AND FUSE CURRENT RATING INDICATED, 3 POLE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.	DC DCU	COPPER SPD DIRECT CURRENT SPEC DISTRIBUTED SSRV	SPEED SPECIFICATIONS SOLID STATE REDUCED		
B	WALL MOUNTED LUMINAIRE TYPE INDICATED SEE LUMINAIRE	cs	SYMBOLS OR ABBREVIATIONS INDICATE TYPE OF DEVICE. CONTROL STATION, NEMA 4 ENCLOSURE UNLESS	100	SWITCH - CURRENT RATING INDICATED, 3 POLE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE,	DIV	CONTROL UNIT DIVISION SST DIGITAL PROCESS INDICATOR ST	VOLTAGE STAINLESS STEEL SHUNT TRIP		Scu
	LUMINAIRE W/EMERGENCY		INDICATED OTHERWISE.	-	DRAWOUT AIR CIRCUIT BREAKER, LOW VOLTAGE DRAWOUT AIR CIRCUIT BREAKER, MEDIUM VOLTAGE	E ECP EF	EXISTING SV ENVIRONMENT CONTROL PNL SWGI EXHAUST FAN SVM	R SWITCHGEAR		07/14/11 4/16/10 DATE N NSTANTINESCU
4	BATTERY PACK EMERGENCY DC LIGHT UNIT	30 [□]	NONFUSED DISCONNECT SWITCH, SIZE INDICATED, 3 POLE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE, NEMA 12 ENCLOSURE, WP = WEATHERPROOF (NEMA 4X)	——————————————————————————————————————		EMER ETM	EMERGENCY ELAPSED TIME METER T TB	SYMMETRICAL THERMOSTAT TERMINAL BOARD	-	40. DV
—— LA-		60/40 F	FUSED DISCONNECT SWITCH, SIZE INDICATED (60/40, 60 = SWITCH RATING: 40 = FUSE RATING) 3 POLE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE, NEMA 12 ENCLOSURE, WP = WEATHER PROOF (NEMA 4X)	(10	- FUSE CAPACITOR - KVAR INDICATED	FACP FDR F, FU FLA	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL TC FEEDER TSH FUSE TDR FULL LOAD AMPS TJR	TO BE DETERMINED TIME CLOSED TEMPERATURE SWITCH HIGH TIME DELAY RELAY		2 8 2
or	g	2 🗵	CONTACTOR, MAGNETIC, NEMA SIZE INDICATED, NEMA 12 ENCLOSURE, UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.	V	METER WITH SWITCH - SCALE RANGE SHOWN	FLR FLUOR	FLOOR TS FLUORESCENT TSP	TERMINAL JUNCTION BOX TRANSFER SWITCH TWISTED SHIELDED PAIR	E 2	nergy
NOTE:	G	30 L	LIGHTING CONTACTOR, CURRENT RATING INDICATED, NEMA 12 ENCLOSURE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.	sw _{0-600√}	GROUND	G GALV GFI	GREEN GROUND, GROUND GALVANIZED GROUND FAULT INTERRUPTER UVR	TYPICAL UNIT HEATER UNDER VOLTAGE RELAY	DRIVE, SU EVADA 890 369-6175	M Energ
MINIMUM.	H CROSSHATCHES INDICATE NUMBER OF NO.12 CONDUCTORS CROSSHATCH WITH SUBSCRIPT "G" INDICATES GREEN WIRE. SIZE CONDUIT ACCORDING TO SPECIFICATIONS AND LE CODES.	2 🖂	SEE CONTROL DIAGRAM FOR NUMBER OF POLES. STARTER MAGNETIC NEMA SIZE INDICATED, NEMA 12 ENCLOSURE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE. SEE CONTROL DIAGRAM.	120V 120/240		GFR H HH HID	GROUND FAULT RELAY HIGH SPEED HANDHOLE HIGH INTENSITY DISCHARGE VSP	VOLTMETER, VOLT VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE VALVE CONTROL STATION VALVE SEQUENCING PANEL	SVILLAGE VIEW DRIVE, HENDERSON, NEVADA PHONE: 702-366-61	IER STATION or System nt Projects
c	CROSSHATCHES WITH BAR INDICATE #10 CONDUCTOR. SIZE CONDUIT ACCORDING TO SPECIFICATIONS & APPLICABLE CODE. CONCRETE ENCASED DUCT BANK	2 🖾	COMBINATION (FUSE OR CIRCUIT BREAKER AS INDICATED) MAGNETIC STATTER, NEMA SIZE INDICATED, NEMA 12 ENCLOSURE UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE. SEE CONTROL DIAGRAM.	15 KVA 1 PH 25A GFR 0.1	PICK-UP SETTING GROUND FAULT RELAY WITH C.T.	HPS HV HVAC	HIGH PRESSURE SODIUM HIGH VOLTAGE HEATING, VENTILATING & AIR CONDITIONING WHD	WATT WATER COIL WATTHOUR	2485 V	EID GARDN Wastewate Improveme Mospe,
	→ CONDUIT DOWN		METERING FACILITIES	£ ,	OFFICE OFFICE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	IC I & C	INTERRUPTING CAPACITY WP INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL XFMR	WEATHERPROOF (NEMA 4X) TRANSFORMER		₩.
Sa or	ONDUIT UP SMALL LETTER SUBSCRIPT AT SWITCH AND LUMINAIRE	0	TERMINAL CABINET FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM		PUSH-BUTTON SWITCH, MOMENTARY CONTACT, NORMALLY OPEN	ICL INST INSTR	INDUSTRIAL CONTROL LINKS INSTANTANEOUS INSTRUMENTATION ZS	EXPLOSION PROOF CLASS 1, DIV 1 POSITION SWITCH		
28	INDICATES SWITCHING. SUBSCRIPT NUMBER AT LUMINAIRE INDICATES CIRCUIT IN PANELBOARD.	F	FIRE ALARM STATION, MANUAL		PUSH-BUTTON SWITCH, MOMENTARY CONTACT, NORMALLY CLOSED	J, J-BOX			ا	21855101
s	WALL SWITCH: 2- DOUBLE POLE P- PILOT LIGHT	FA OF	FIRE ALARM STATION, AUTOMATIC, HEAT DETECTOR FIRE ALARM BELL		PUSH BUTTON SWITCH, MAINTAINED CONTACTS WITH MECHANICAL INTERLOCK	L L	LIGHTING CONTACTOR, LOW SPEED LIGHTNING ARRESTER		I	M5 AND 1 WO# 882 3 END
	3- THREE WAY K- KEY OPERATED 4- FOUR WAY D- DIMMER WP-WEATHERPROOF CRE-CORROSION RESISTANT S M = MANUAL MOTOR STARTER SWITCH	QF	FIRE ALARM HORN		TEMPERATURE SWITCH, CLOSES ON TEMPERATURE RISE	LC LDRS LIT LP	LOAD CENTER LEAK DETECTION RECOVERY SYSTEM LEVEL INDICATE / TRANSMIT LIGHTING PANELBOARD		Į	PONDS M7: RC17:
Т	SPRING WOUND TIME SWITCH	•	GROUND ROD	~~~	3 POSITION SELECTOR SWITCH MAINTAINED CONTACT	LS LTG LV	LIGHTING PANELBOARD LIMITS WITCH LIGHTING LOW VOLTAGE		2	DRATION PA RESESCION MA TRICAL
(T)	THERMOSTAT				SELECTOR SWITCH - MAINTAINED CONTACT - CHART	M MCC	MAGNETIC CONTACTOR COIL MOTOR CONTROL CENTER		I	EVAPOR WO# 9824
•	TERMINAL POLE			HAND AUTO	CKT. HAND OFF AUTO	MD MEP MERC MFR	MOTORIZED DAMPER MESA EVAPORATION PONDS MERCURY VAPOR MANUFACTURER		O	MESA E
	HAND HOLE				1 X 0 0 2 0 0 X X - CLOSED CONTACT	MH MMP MO MS	MANHOLE MECHANICAL MOUNTING PANEL MOTOR OPERATOR MOTOR STARTER			
			RECORD DRAWINGS Revisions Drawn By: CH2M HILL Date: July 2011	1	O - OPEN CONTACT	MSC MT MTD	MANUFACTURER SUPPLIED CABLE MOUNT MOUNTED		VE	RIFY SCALE
			THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED, IN PART, ON THE BASIS OF INFORMATION COMPILED BY OTHERS IN 2011. THEY ARE NOT INTENDED TO REPRESENT IN DETAIL THE EXACT LOCATION.	£ ₍₃₎	CURRENT TRANSFORMER, NUMBER INDICATED INDICATING LIGHT	MTG MTS MX	MOUNTING MANUAL TRANSFER SWITCH MIXER		BAR ORIG 0	S ONE INCH ON INAL DRAWING, 1°
			TYPE OF COMPONENT NOR MANNER OF CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THE RECORD DRAWINGS.	(A) PUS	ICATING LIGHT, SH-TO-TEST, LETTER ICATES COLOR A - AMBER G - GREEN B - BLUE R - RED C - C LEAR W - WHITE	NOTES	:	DOLO OD ADDDESTATIONO	PROJ	JULY 2011 401621
			-			API	S IS A STANDARD LEGEND SHEET. SOME SYM PEAR ON THIS SHEET AND NO⊺ ON THE PLAN: 10-G-00207_401621RD.dgn		SHEET PLOT	G-5 6 OF 147 TIME: 4:24:40 PM

VALVE SYMBOLS INSTRUMENTATION IDENTIFICATION INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS **LETTERS TABLE** ____ SWING CHECK **EXAMPLE SYMBOLS** GATE 120 VOLT, 60-HZ POWER –**⋉**– KNIFF GATE AIR GAP BALL CHECK ISA DESIGNATOR, SEE TABLE 480 VOLT. 3-PHASE. BUTTERFLY FIRST LETTER (S SUCCEEDING LETTERS V DR **--**>∞\-THE TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPONENTS OF THE PROCESS OR INITIATING VARIAB READOUT OR PASSIVE FUNCTION VENT TO 4160V 4160 VOLT, 3 PHASE **−**D&0 BALL PRESSURE RELIEF A ANALYSIS (+) 60-HZ POWER X \rightarrow PLUG Х CONDUCTIVITY SEAT PORT AIR AND/OR VACUUM DIAPHRAGM SEAL WYE STRAINER (2) DENSITY (S.G) **ECCENTRIC PLUG** 報る際 RELEASE F FLOW RATE REGULATED SIDE **─**>&\ ANNULAR SEAL ISR INTRINSICALLY SAFE RELAY 3LASS GATE PRESSURE CONTROL HAND (MANUAL) AUTOMATIC LOOP AND COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION NDICATE T MANUAL DRIP TRAP - \sim -DIAPHRAGM DRAIN TRAF POWER (IN-LINE) CONTROL STATION K TIME OR SCHEDULE JGHT (PILOT) \wedge RUPTURE DISK $\langle \mathbf{R} \rangle$ ACTUATOR SYMBOLS REL AY USERS CHOICE (+) SERS CHOICE (*) USERS CHOICE (+) USERS CHOICE (+) USERS CHOICE (+) FIELD MOUNTED INSTRUMENT ELECTRIC W/ PRESSURE (OR VACUUM) (E)Z POINT (TEST CON PNEUMATIC W/ SOLENOID Q INTEGRATE XX XX FY ECORD OR PRINT REAR-OF-PANEL MOUNTED INSTRUMENT FLUSHING CONNECTION SPEED OR FREQUENCY SWITCH (H) TEMPERATURE ON LOSS OF PRIMARY POWER (PNEUMATIC, ELECTRICAL OR HYDRAULIC HOSE ADAPTOR MULTIVARIABLE (+ MULTIFUNCTION (+) FIC XX OR PANEL MOUNTED INSTRUMENT VISCOSITY VALVE OR DAMPE HYDRAULIC) w WEIGHT OR FORCE XX: FO = FAIL OPEN FC = FAIL CLOSED UNCLASSFIED (+) UNCLASSIFIED (* SOLENOID YL EVENT RELAY OR COMPUTE (+) MIXER XX FLP = FAIL TO LAST POSITION \sim PANEL MOUNTED INDICATING LIGHT MOTOR M INTERLOCK, SEE YL CONTROL DIAGRAMS GATE SYMBOLS MOTOR CONTROL CENTER MOUNTED INSTRUMENT TABLE BASED ON THE INSTRUMENTATION, SYSTEMS, AND AUTOMATION SOCIETY (ISA) MOTOR WITH BRAKE (B) M FLEXIBLE CONNECTION SLIDE GATE WITH OPERATOR 6 SLUICE WHEN USED, EXPLANATION IS SHOWN ADJACENT TO SURGE PROTECTOR INSTRUMENT SYMBOL. SEE ABBREVIATIONS. SP **SPECIAL CASES** SLIDE GATE FLAP GATE ON-OFF HAND SWITCH. MAINTAINED CONTACT SWITCH (CONTROLLED DEVICE WILL RESTART NVEnergy. ON A RETURN OF POWER AFTER POWER **INTERFACE SYMBOLS & LINE LEGEND** PRIMARY ELEMENT SYMBOLS ABBREVIATIONS ACKNOWLEDGE OPEN-CLOSE-REMOTE A - PROCESS INTERFACE ADJUSTABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE AFD OPEN-CLOSE-AUTO HS SS STOP-START HAND SWITCH MOMENTARY OCA ORIFICE PLATE CS DIO DSC EFPS EMERG CONSTANT SPEED DISTRIBUTED INPUT/OUTPUT DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM EFFLUENT FORWARDING PUMP STATION EMERGENCY ON-OFF CONTACT SWITCH (CONTROLLED DEVICE PROPELLER OR COA ON-OFF-AUTO WILL NOT RESTART ON RETURN OF POWER $\nearrow A \rightarrow$ = SIGNAL INTERFACE (a) D TURBINE METER ULTRASONIC OOR ON-OFF-REMOTE OPEN-STOP-CLOSE OSC D =DESTINATION SHEET NO. A.a =INTERFACE LETTER BUBBLER FWD GW HOA H₂O₂ REV REVERSE FORWARD S =SOURCE SHEET NO. **FLECTROMAGNETIC** RAISE-STOP-LOWER GROUNDWATER PROCESS LINE PLC PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC HAND-OFF-AUTO HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SUBMERSIBLE CONTROLLER PRESSURE TRANSDUCER LS ANALOG SIGNAL OTY LCP LDRS INPUT / OUTPUT QUANTITY LEVEL (FLOAT) CONNECTING LOCAL CONTROL PANEL RM RAPID MIX RISING POST ASSEMBLY -P-P-P-P POWER SIGNAL LEAK DETECTION RECOVERY LE LEVEL (ULTRASONIC) SOLID STATE REDUCED SYSTEM LOCAL-OFF-REMOTE LOR VOLTAGE ////// DISCRETE SIGNAL START-STOP LR LOCAL-REMOTE MA MCC MFR MLD MSC MX OC SW SURFACE WATER MANUAL-AUTO MOTOR CONTROL CENTER TRD TO BE DETERMINED MANUFACTURER MOTOR LEAKAGE DETECTOR TYP TYPICAL CONTROL PUMP SYMBOLS MANUFACTURER SUPPLIED CABLE INTERFACE TO OR FROM PROCESS EXTERNAL TO NOTE: XX: AS ADJUSTABLE SPEED OPEN-CLOSE (D) CS-1 CONSTANT SPEED (SINGLE SPEED) INSTRUMENTATION AND LEGEND CS-2 CONSTANT SPEED (TWO SPEED) **GENERAL NOTES SELF CONTAINED VALVE &** ☐ INJECTOR **EQUIPMENT TAG NUMBERS** THIS A STANDARD LEGEND, THEREFORE NOT ALL OF THIS INFORMATION MAY BE USED ON THIS PROJECT. 2. FOR FLOW STREAM IDENTIFICATION, SEE MECHANICAL LEGEND. ASV = ANTI-SYPHON VALVE AVRV = AIR AND VACUUM RELEASE VALVE I SUBMERSIBLE PUMP E = INJECTOR FCV = FLOW CONTROL VALVE D-X O = LEVEL CONTROL VALVE = MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT LCV Š = MIXER ROTARY SCREW COMPRESSOR = PUMP = PRESSURE CONTROL VALVE DIAPHRAGM PUMP = RUPTURE DISK PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE RECORD DRAWINGS VERIFY SCALE CENTRIFUGAL BLOWER = TEMPERATURE CONTROL VALVE BAR IS ONE INCH ON → PROGRESSIVE CAVITY PUMP THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED, IN PART, ON THE BASIS OF INFORMATION COMPILED BY OTHERS IN 2011. THEY ARE NOT INTENDED TO REPRESENT IN DETAIL THE EXACT LOCATION, TYPE OF COMPONENT NOR MANNER OF CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THE RECORD DRAWINGS. X = LOOP IDENTIFICATION DATE JULY 2011 PROJ 401621 G-6 DWG SHEET 7 OF 147 NDM-LAS:RGS Mesa Facility IDP\ 200-G-00208_401621RD.dgn PLOT DATE: 7/11/2011 PLOT TIME: 2:56:56 PM

POND AREA (ACRES) 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 1720 MAXIMUM OPERATIONAL LEVEL EL 1718.7 - GAUGE DEPTH ZERO MARK 1715 1705 POND BOTTOM EL 1700 150 200 250 270 POND STORAGE (ACRE-FEET)

$\underset{\mathsf{NTS}}{\underline{\mathsf{POND}}}\,\,\underline{\mathsf{M7}}\,\,\underline{\mathsf{STORAGE}}\,\,\underline{\mathsf{AND}}\,\,\underline{\mathsf{AREA}}\,\,\underline{\mathsf{CURVES}}$



POND M5 STORAGE AND AREA CURVES

	100	PO	ND I	M5
	Pond Depth (Ft)	EL	Area (Acres)	Cumulative Volume (AF)
	0	1697	0	0
	- 1	1698	9.45	6.61
	2	1699	9.63	16.11
	3	1700	9.82	25.79
	4	1701	10.00	35.66
	- 5	1702	10,19	45.72
	6	1703	10.37	55.96
	7	1704	10.56	66.39
	- 8	1705	10.75	77.02
	9	1706	10.94	87.83
	10	1707	11.14	98.84
	11	1708	11.33	110.05
	12	1709	11.52	121.45
	13	1710	11.72	133.04
	14	1711	11.92	144.84
	15	1712	12.12	156.84
	16	1713	12.32	169.03
	17	1714	12.52	181.43
	18	1715	12.72	194.04
MAX OPERATION LEVEL	18.7	1715.7	12.86	202.99
	19	1716	12.92	206.85
	20	1717	13.13	219.86
	21	1718	13,33	233.09
	22	1719	13.54	246.52
	23	1720	13.75	260.17

		POND M7					
	Pond Depth (Ft)	EL	Area (Acres)	Cumulative Volume (AF)			
	0	1700	0	0			
	1	1701	9.63	6.49			
	2	1702	9.81	16.21			
	3	1703	10.00	26.12			
	4	1704	10.18	36.20			
	5	1705	10.36	46.48			
	6	1706	10.55	56.93			
	7	1707	10.74	67.58			
	8	1708	10.93	78.41			
	9	1709	11.12	89.43			
	10	1710	11.31	100.64			
	11	1711	11.50	112.04			
	12	1712	11.69	123,64			
	13	1713	11.89	135.43			
	14	1714	12.09	147.42			
	15	1715	12.28	159.60			
	16	1716	12.48	171.99			
	17	1717	12.68	184.57			
	18	1718	12.89	197.35			
MAX OPERATION LEVEL	18.7	1718.7	13.03	206.42			
	19	1719	13.09	210.34			
	20	1720	13.29	223.53			
	21	1721	13.50	236,93			
	22	1722	13.71	250.53			
	23	1723	13.91	264.34			

RECORD	DRAWING
Drawn By: CH2M HILL	Date

Revisions Drawn By: CH2M HILL Date: July 2011
THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED, IN PART, ON
THE BASIS OF INFORMATION COMPILED BY OTHERS IN 2011, THEY
ARE NOT INTENDED TO REPRESENT IN DETAIL THE EXACT LOCATION,
TYPE OF COMPONENT NOR MANNER OF CONSTRUCTION. THE
ENGINEER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR
OMISSIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THE
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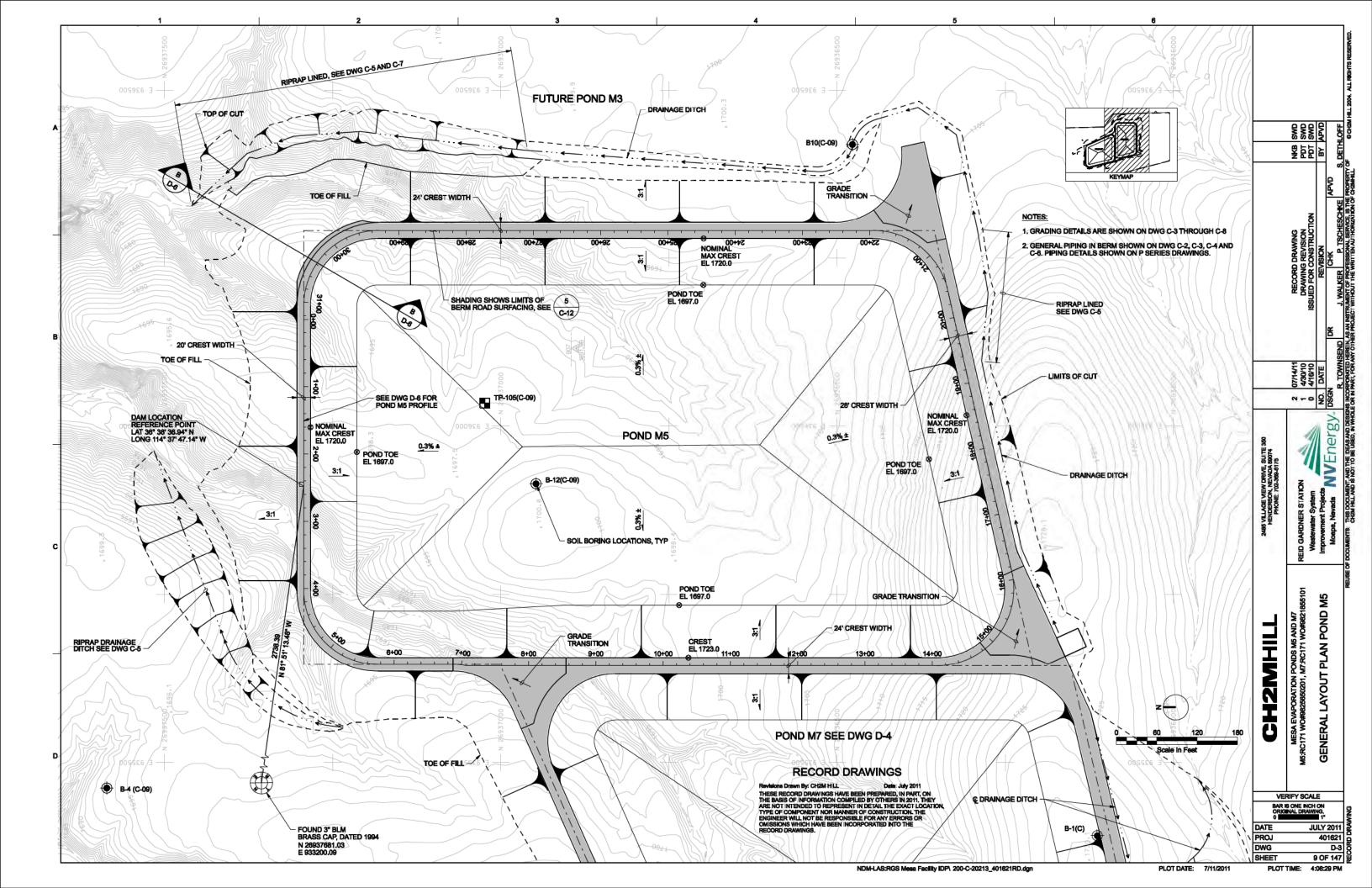
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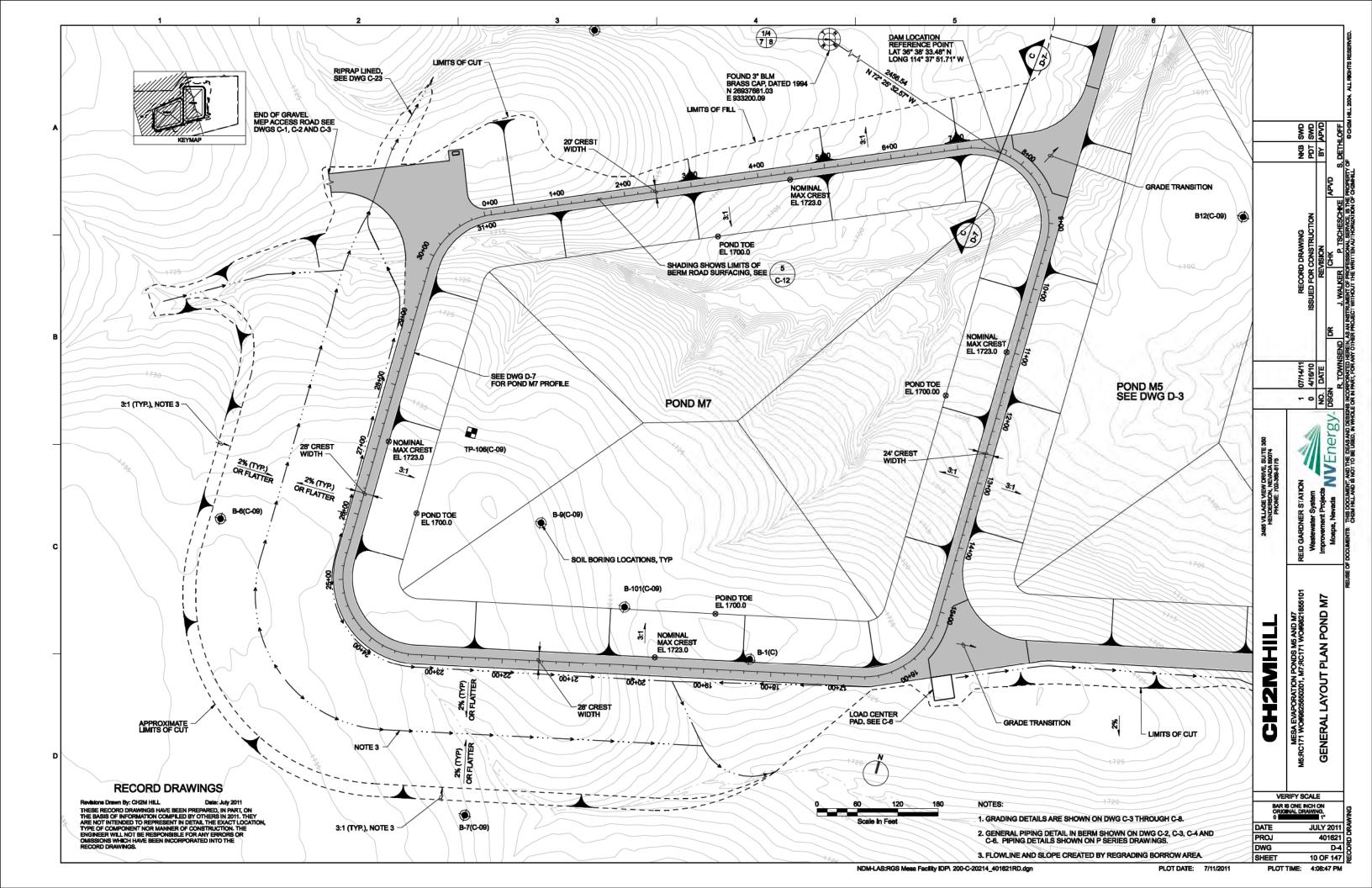
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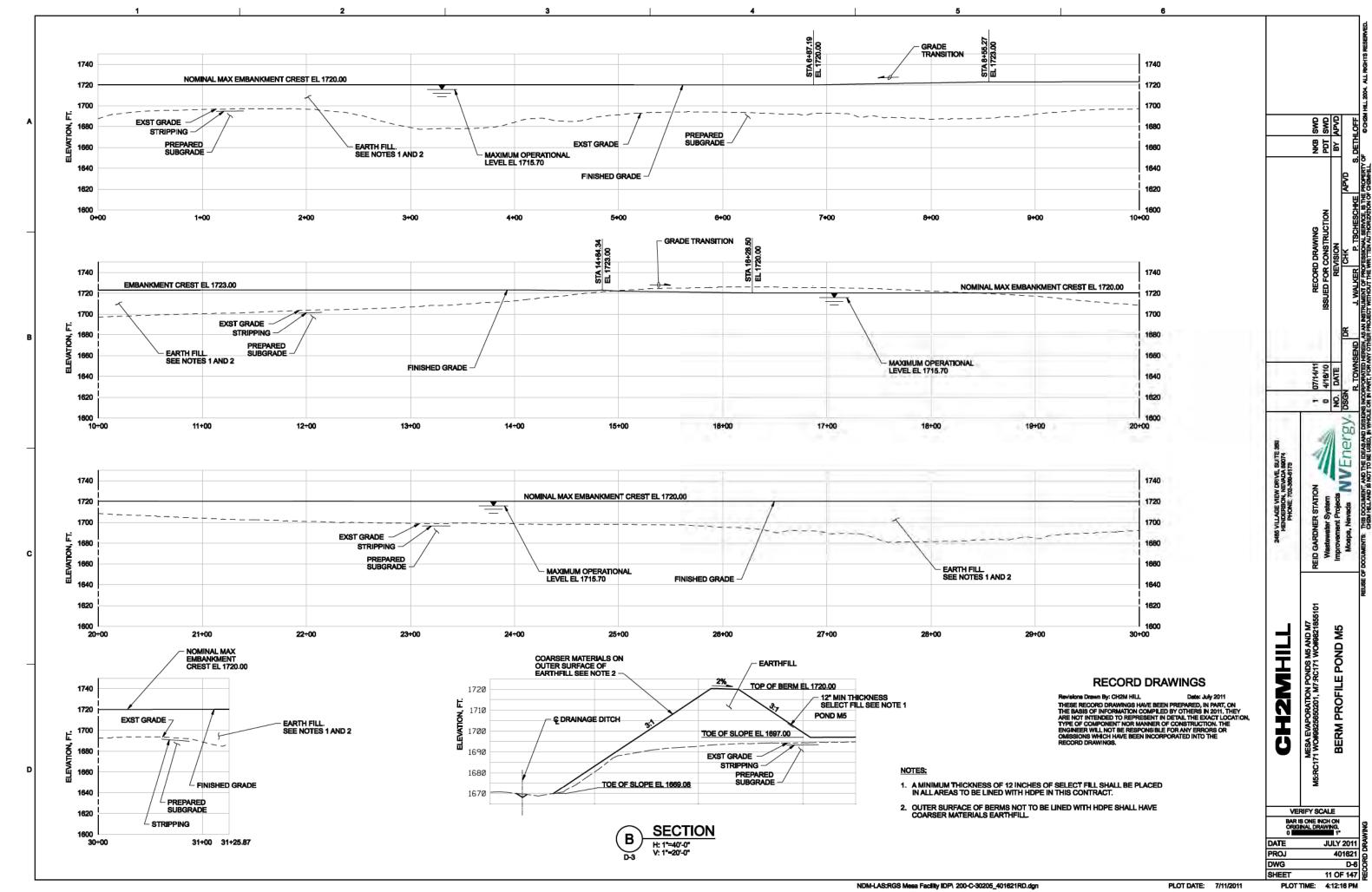
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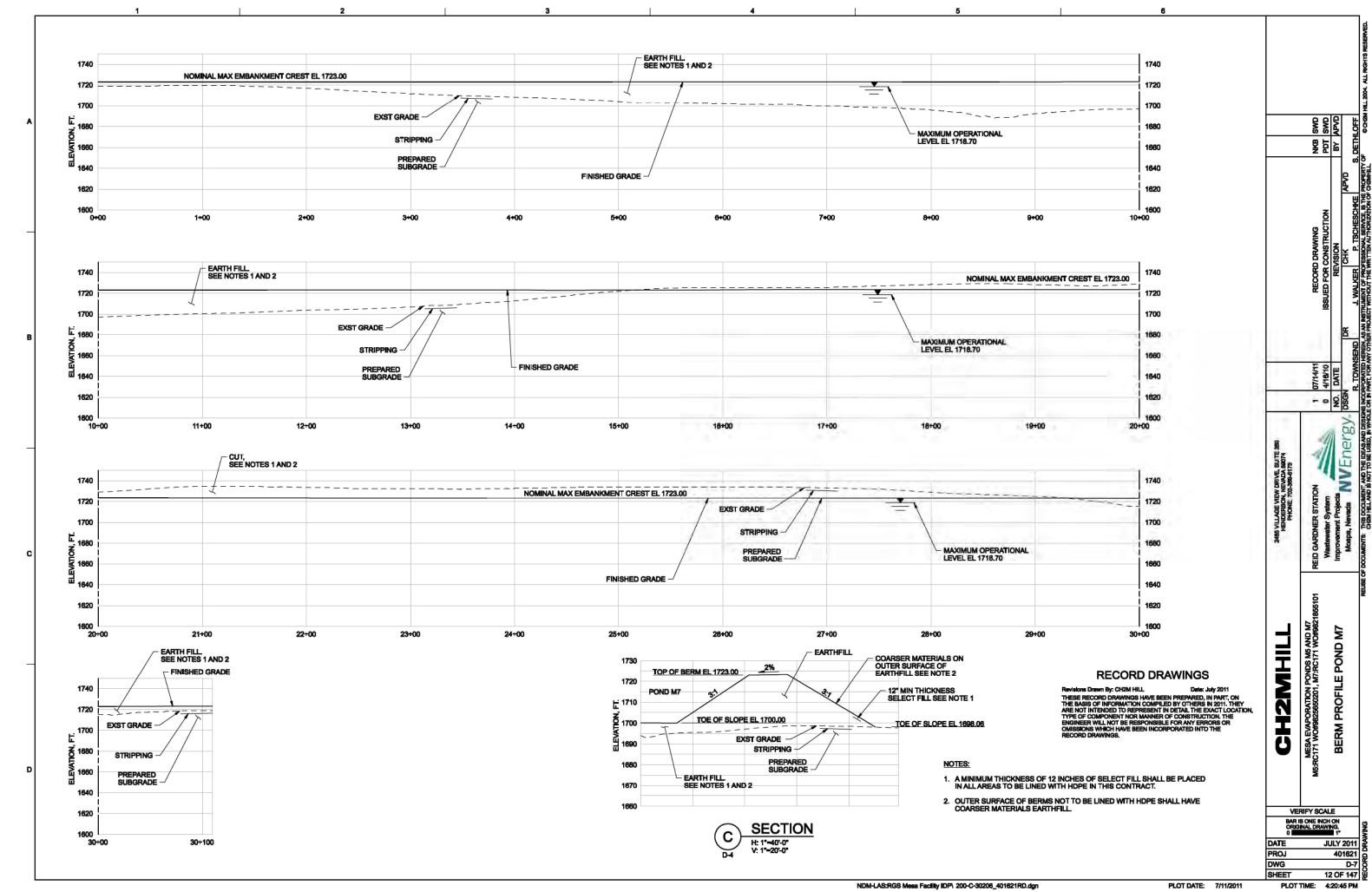
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JULY 2011 401621 D-1









PRESERVE AND PROTECT DESERT TORTOISES PER SPECIFICATIONS. ALL PERSONNEL WORKING ON THIS PROJECT MUST ATTEND OWNER'S TORTOISE TRAINING CLASS.

FOLLOW EXISTING ROADS AND TRACKS, CROSS UTILITY CORRIDOR AT EXISTING LOCATIONS ESTABLISHED AT TORTOISE GUARD ACCESS POINTS. COORDINATE ACCESS ROAD IMPROVEMENT AND MAINTENANCE WITH SLLE BORROW WORK.

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GENERAL SITE PLAN

JULY 2011

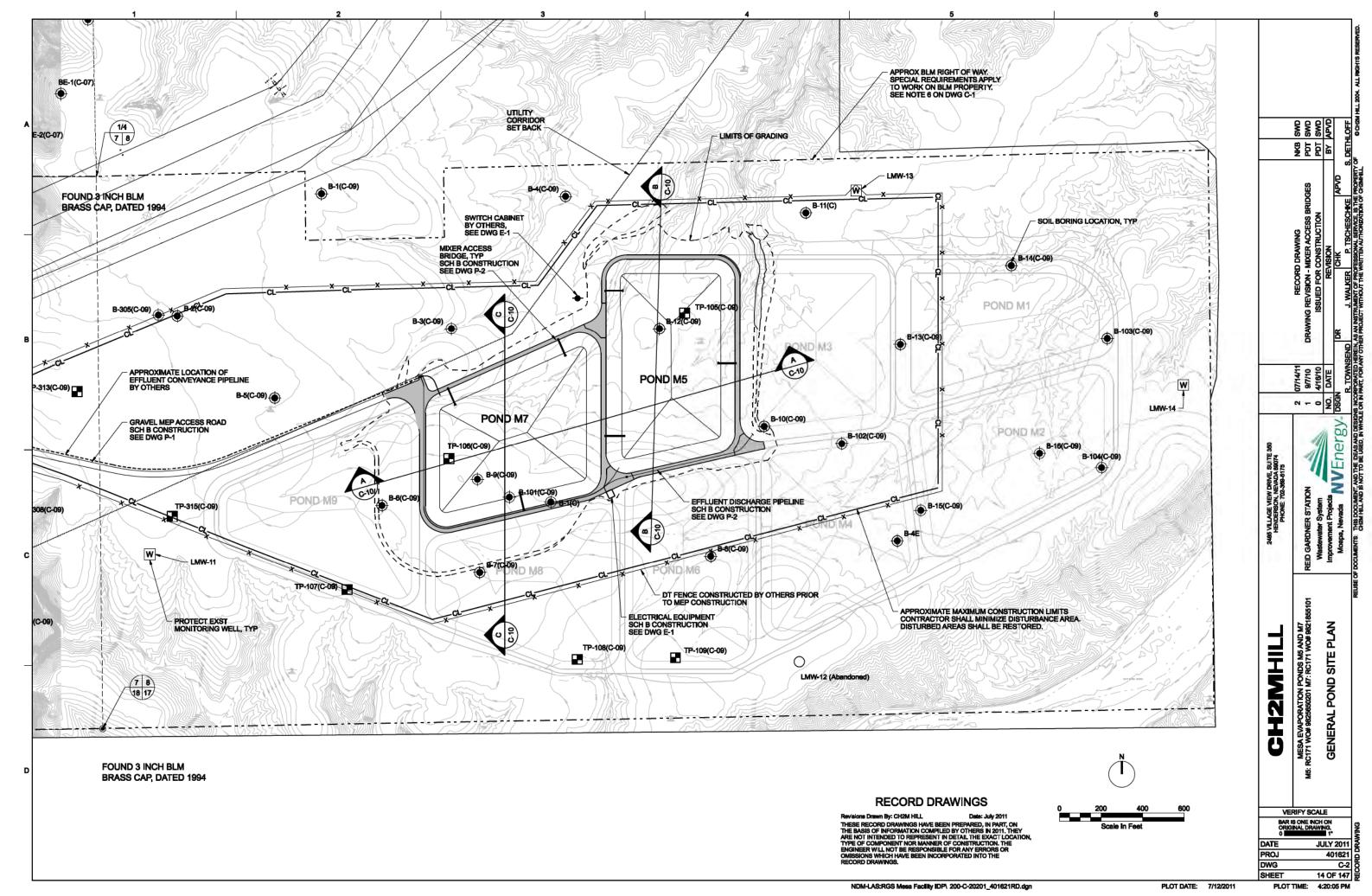
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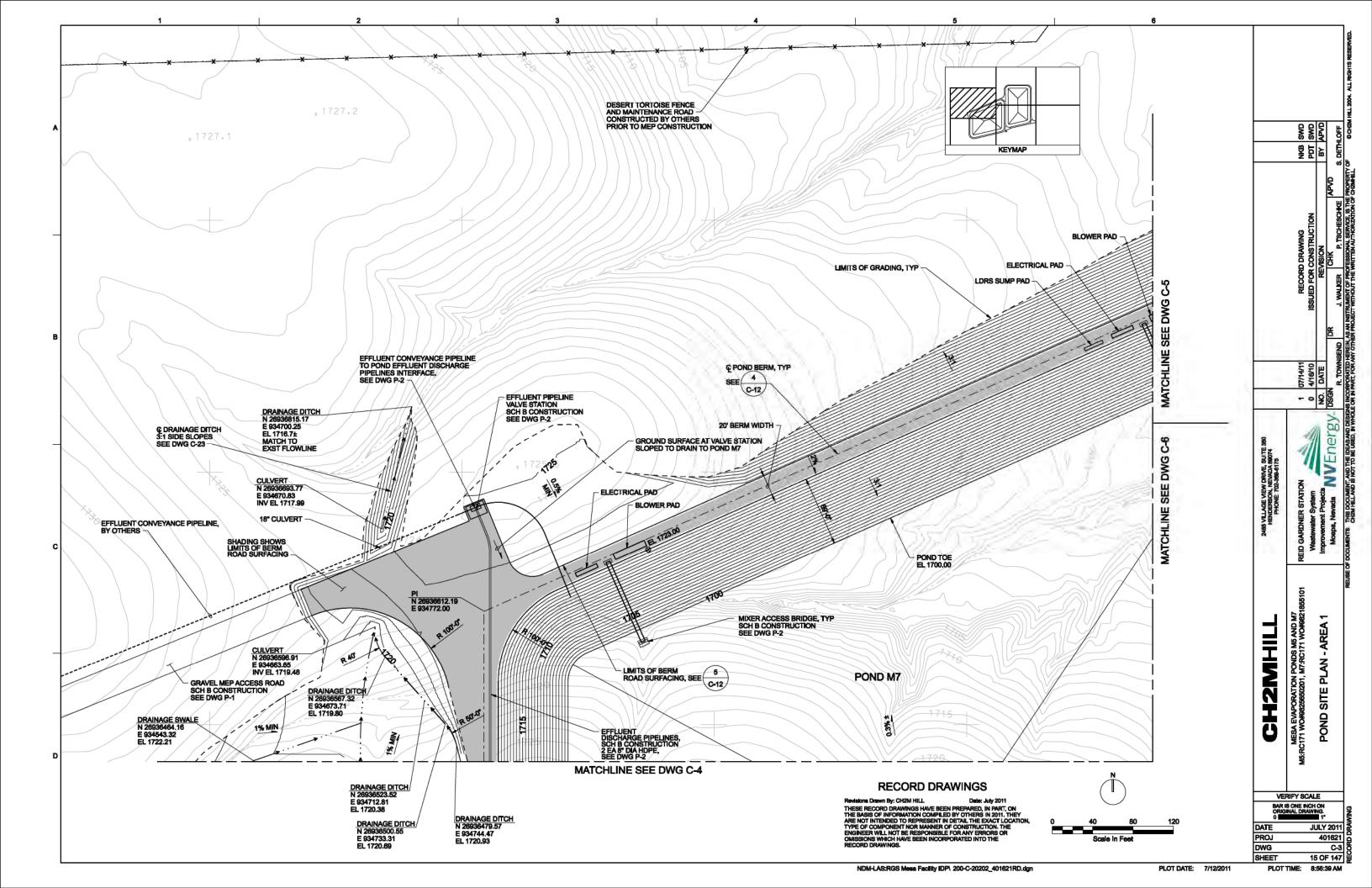
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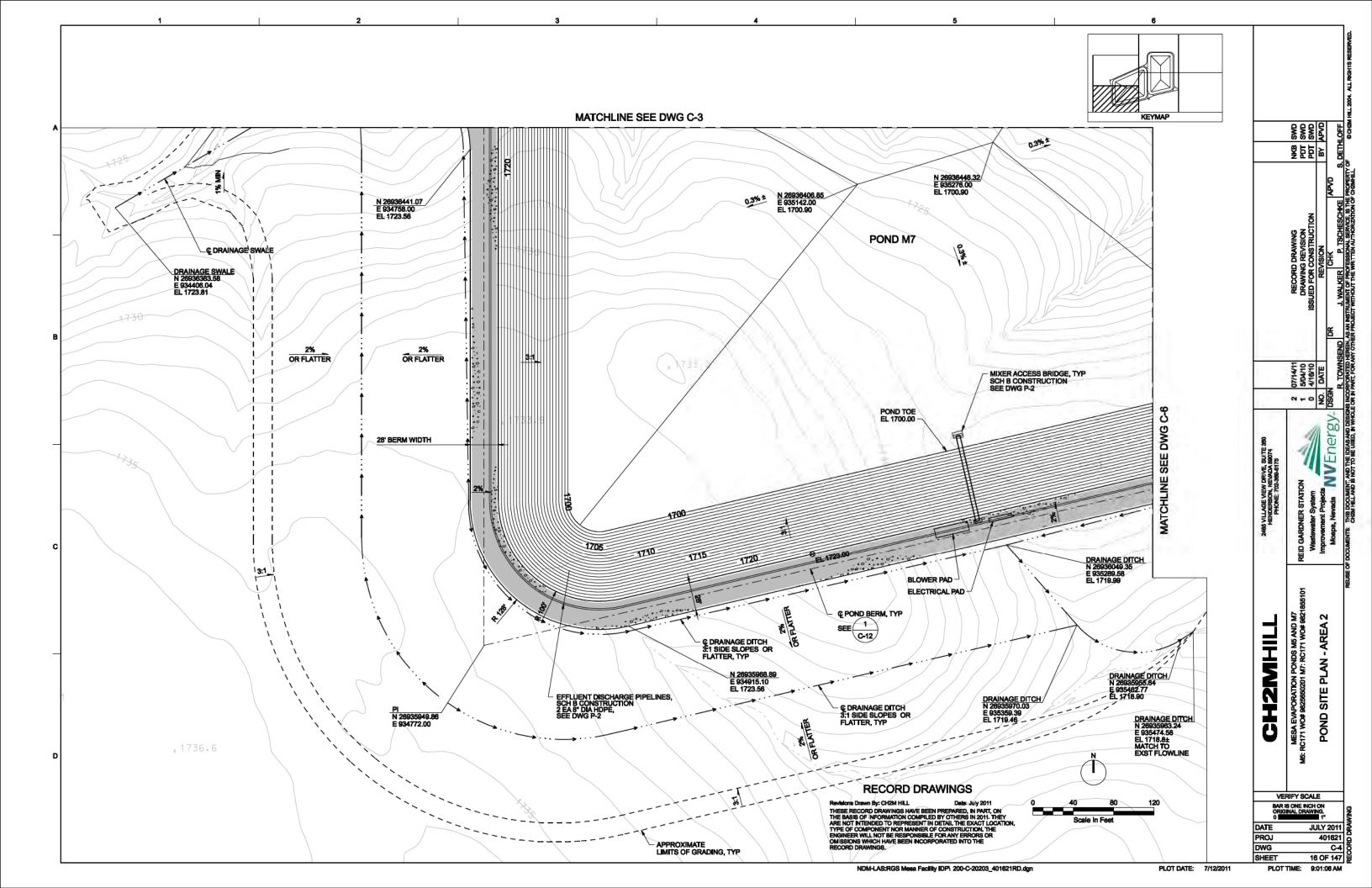
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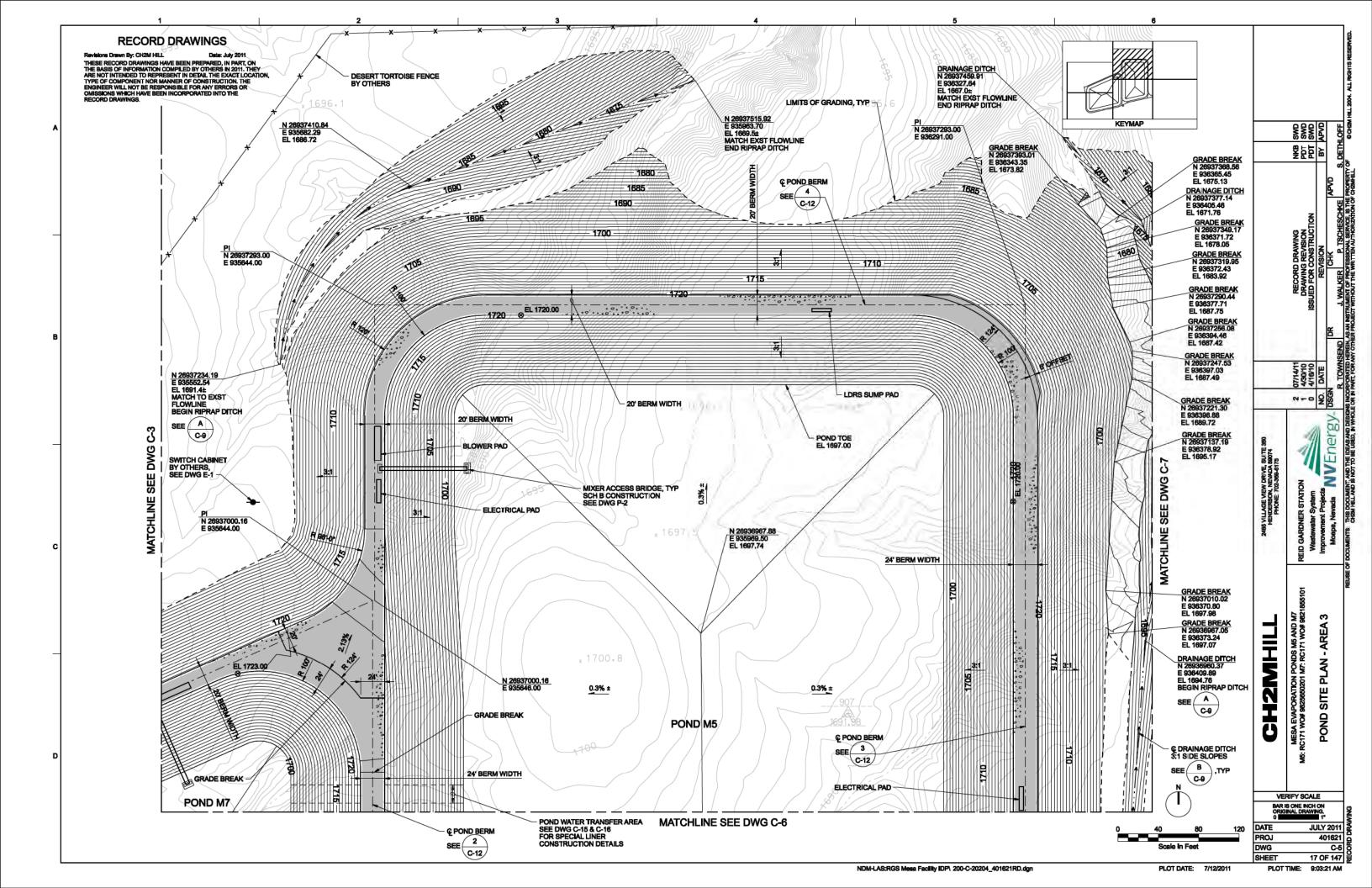
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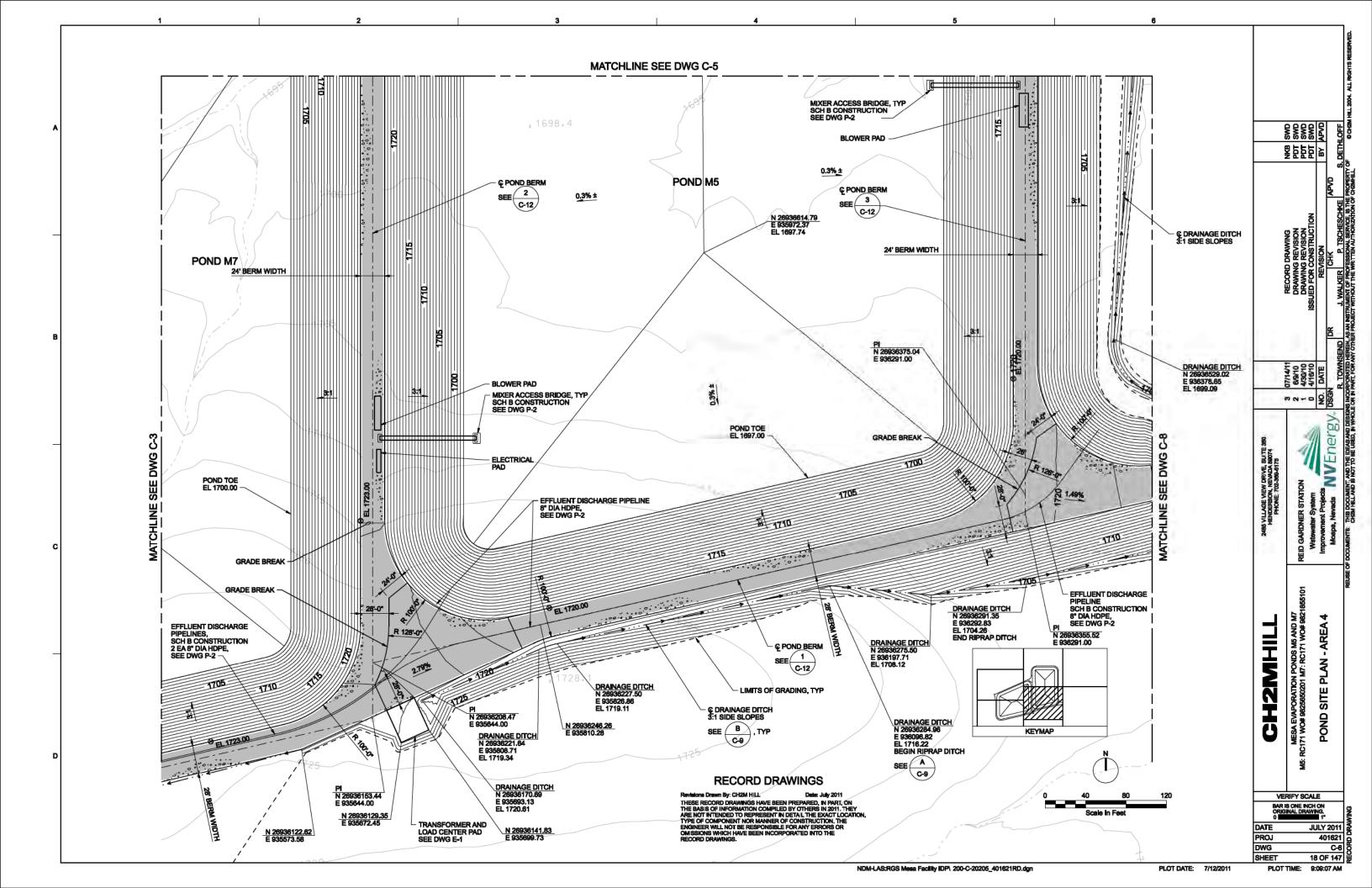
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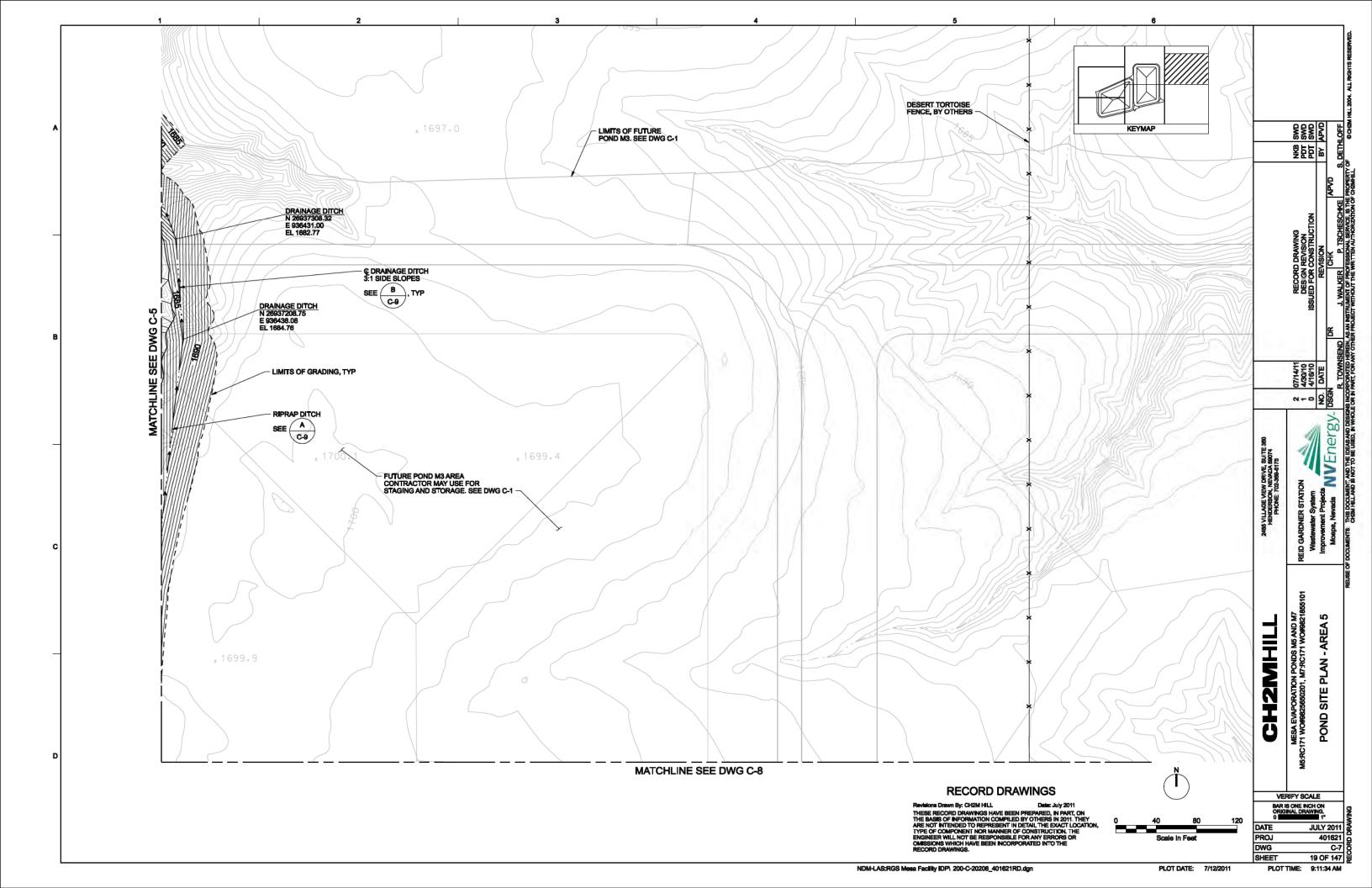


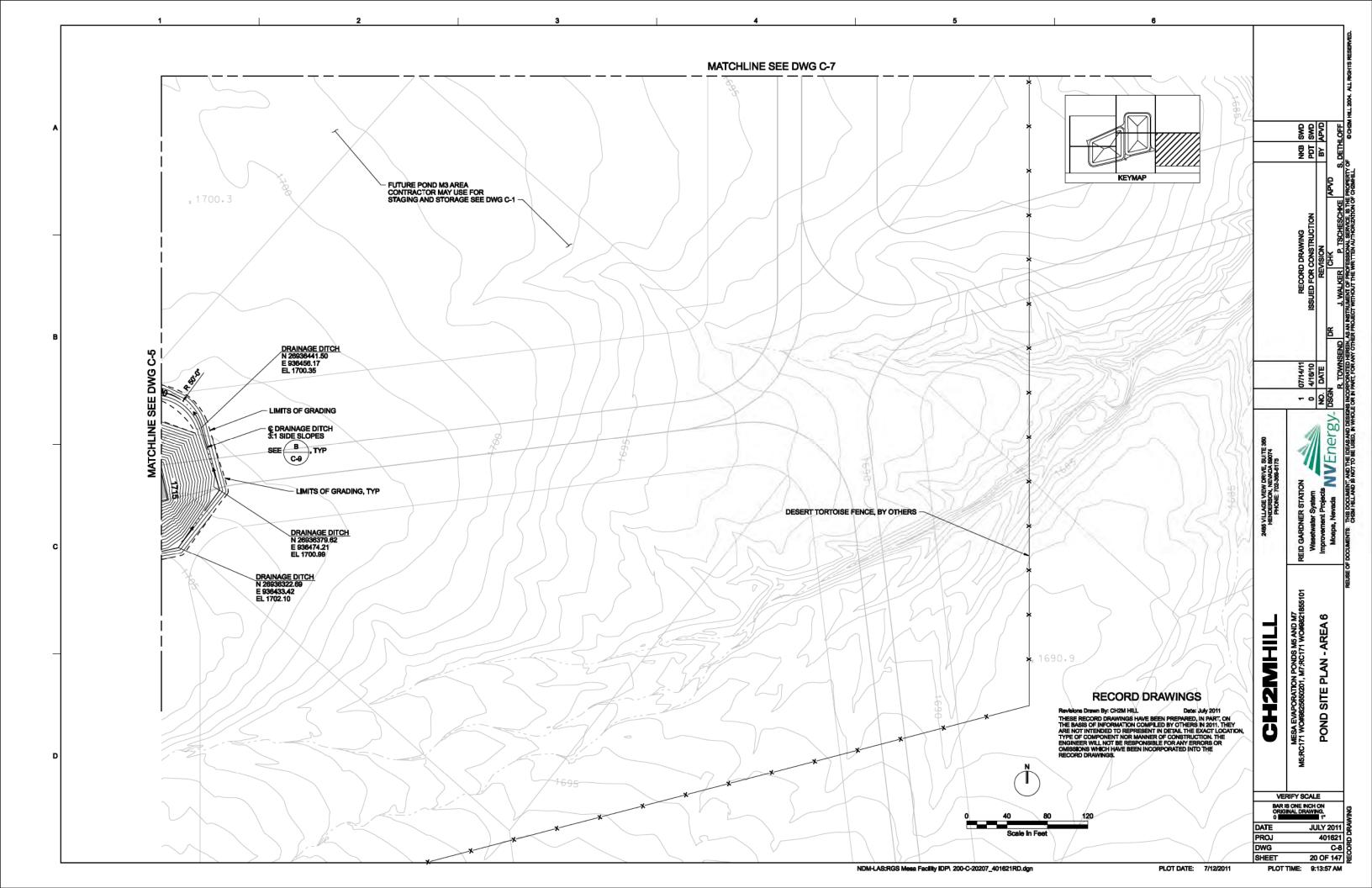


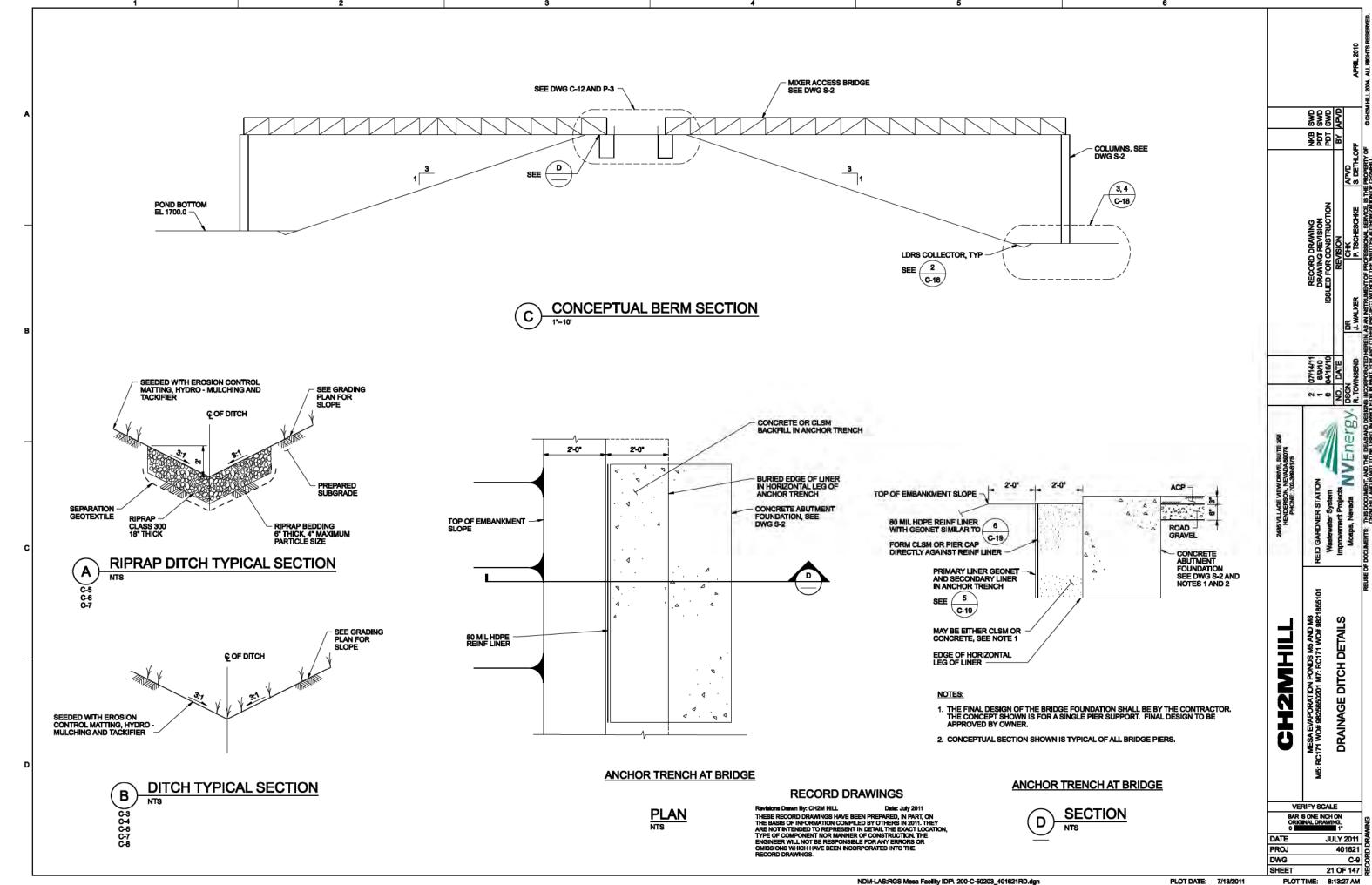


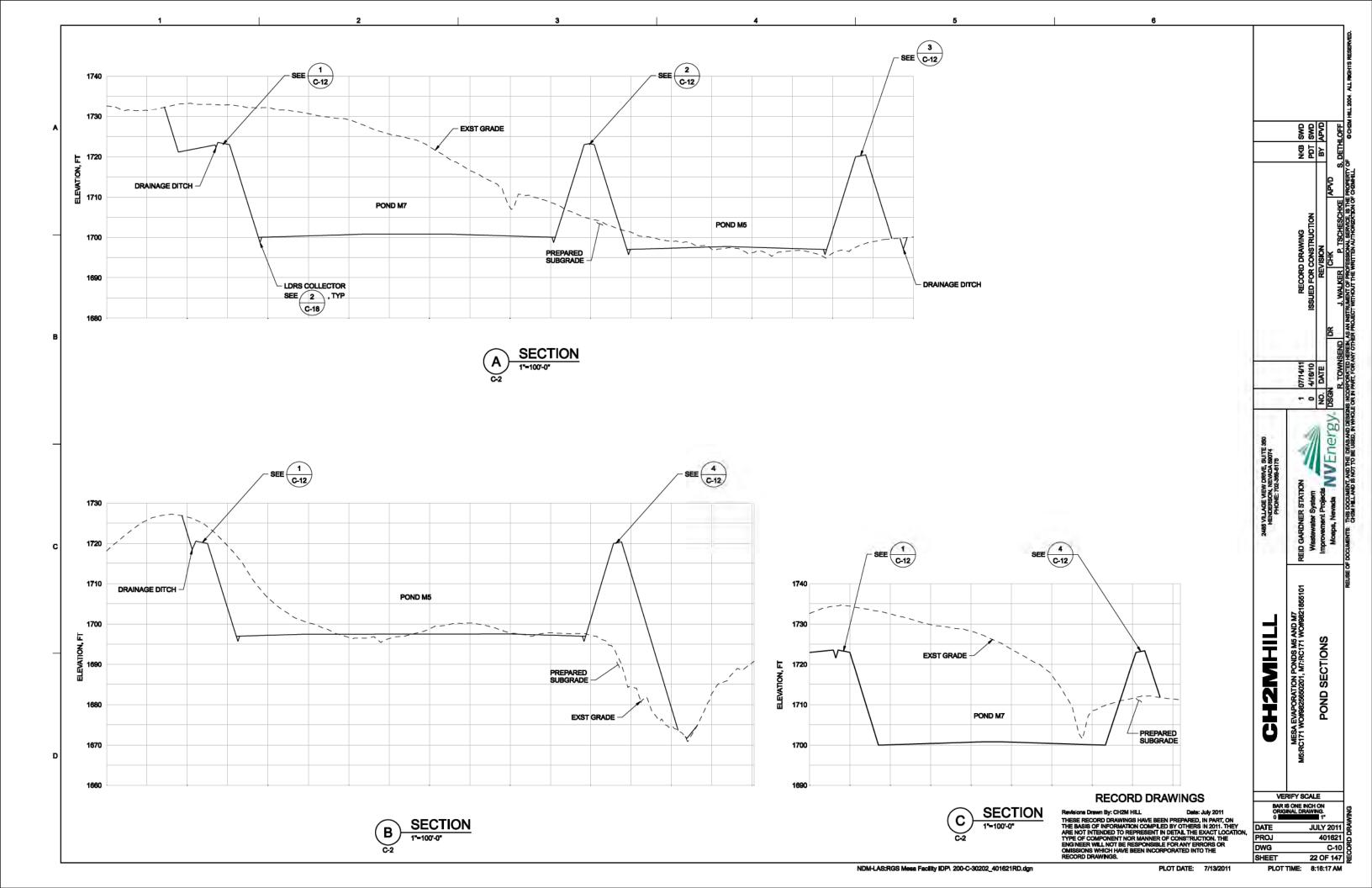


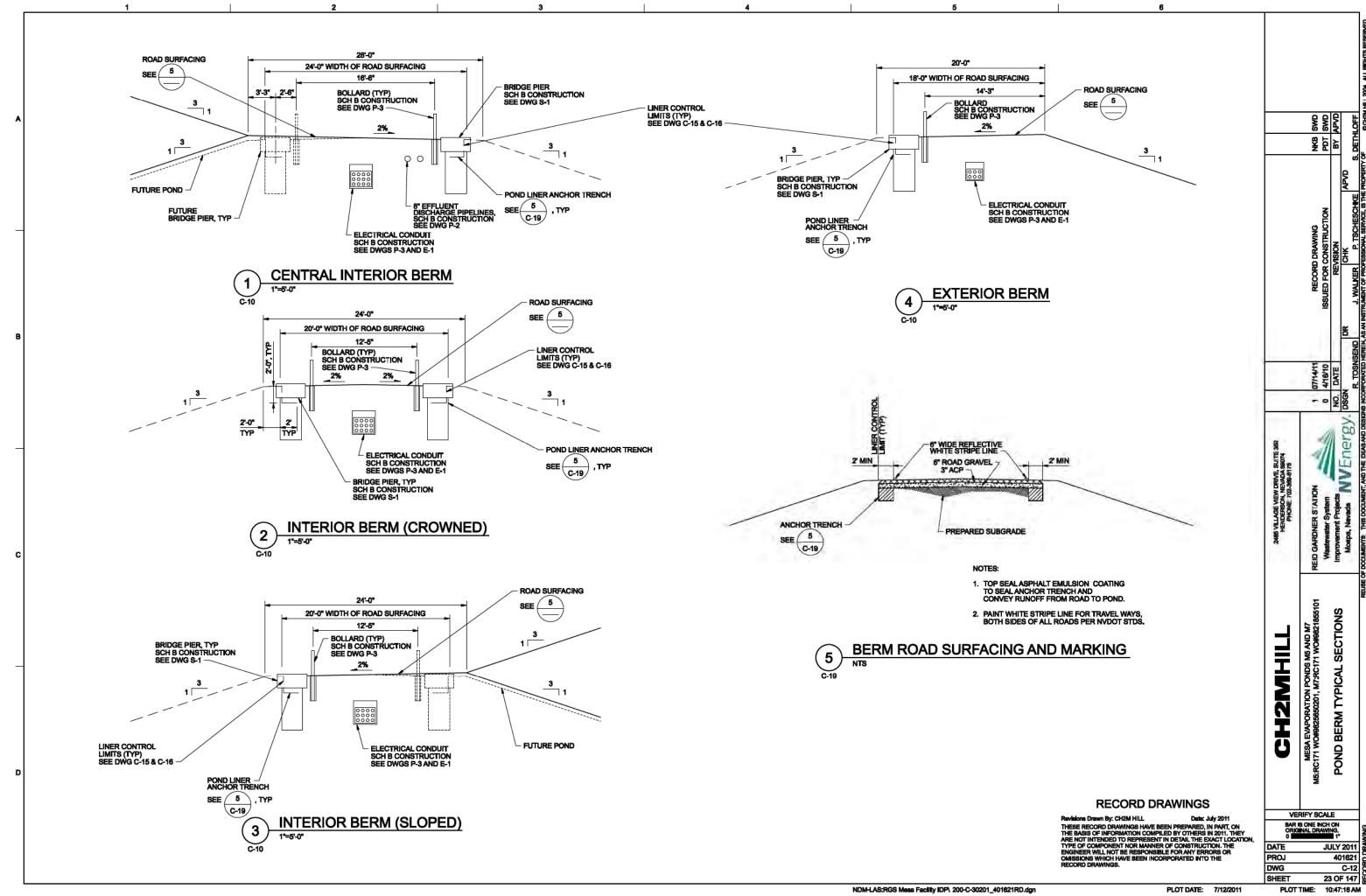






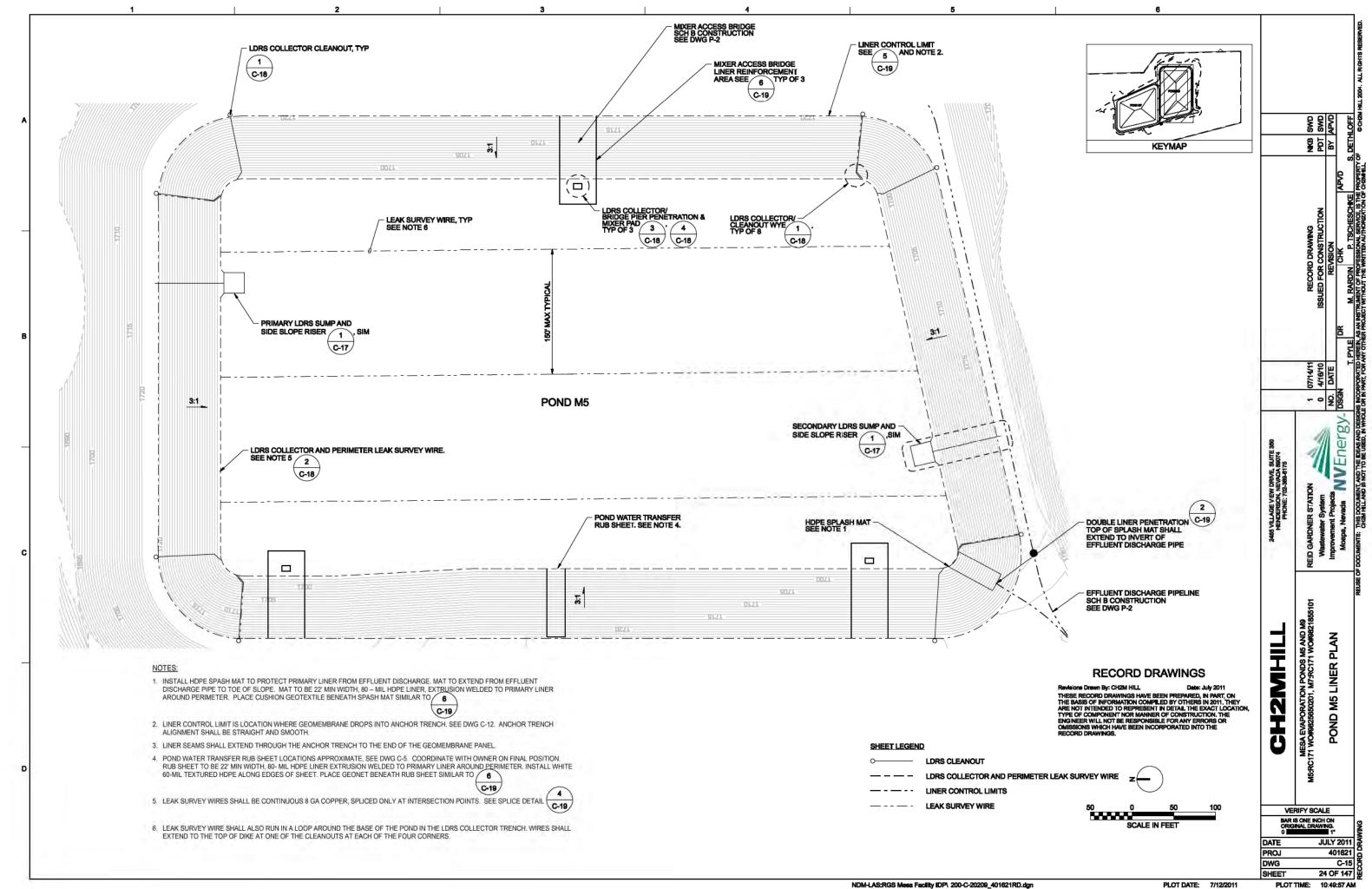


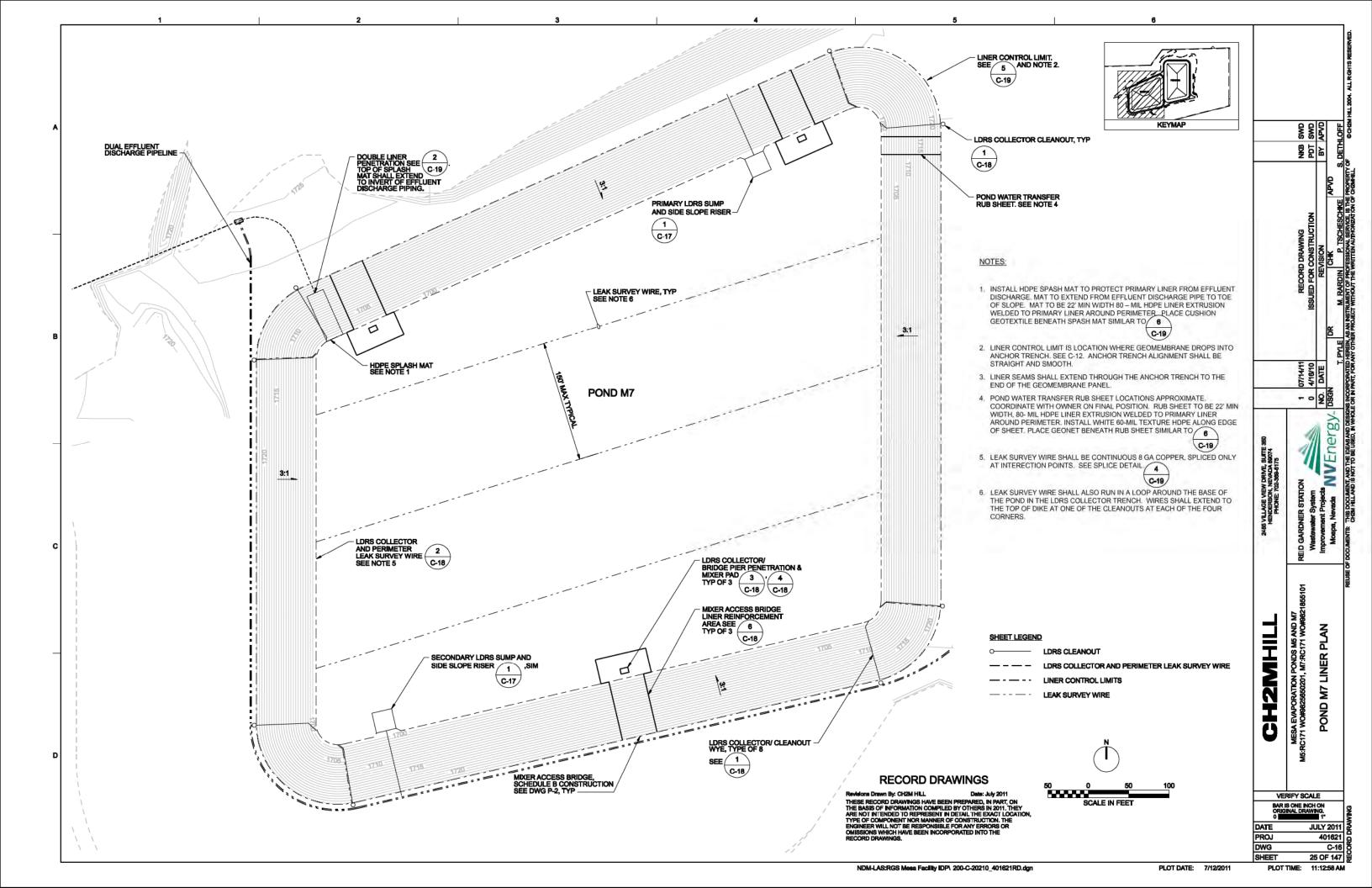


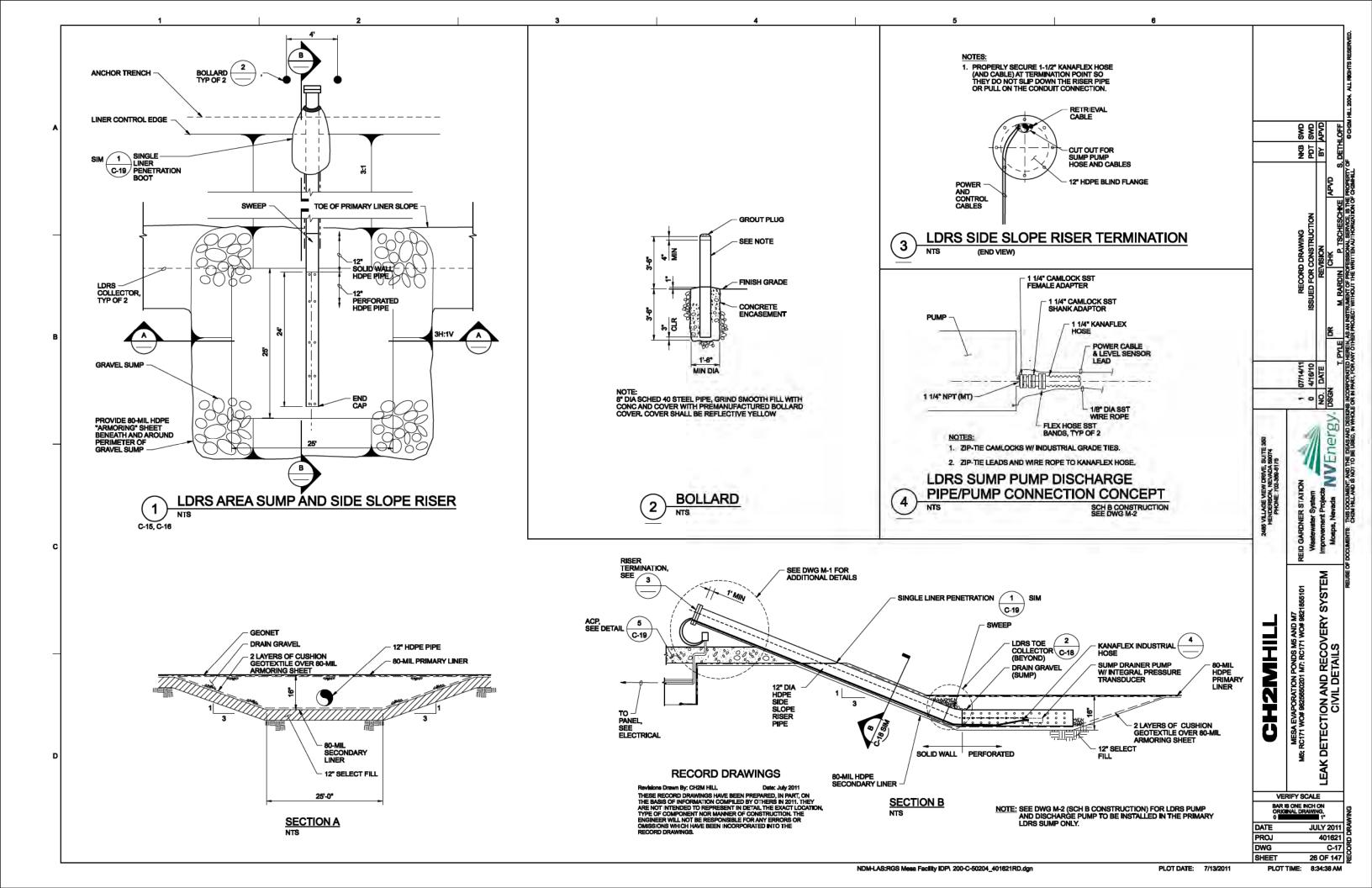


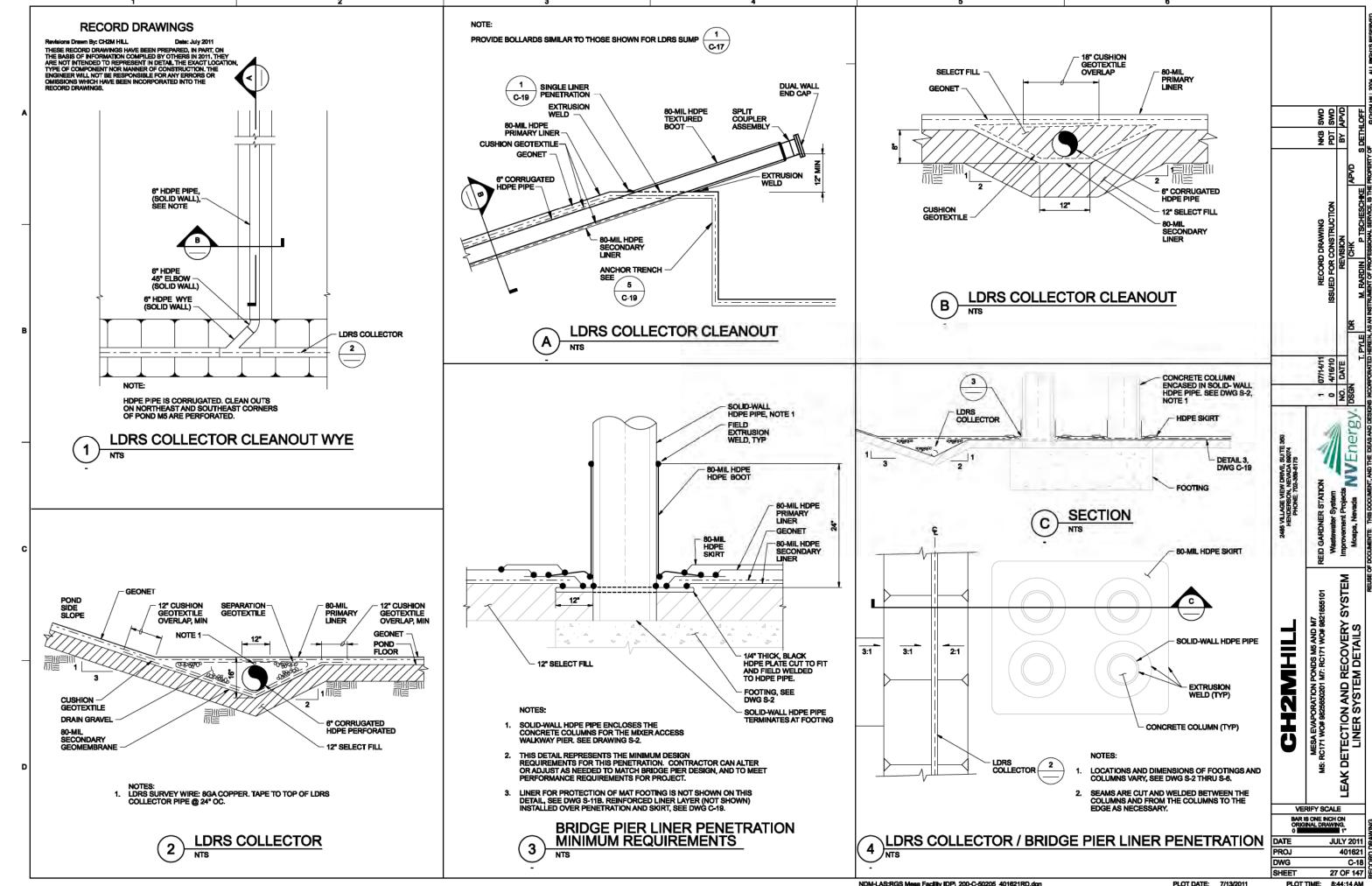
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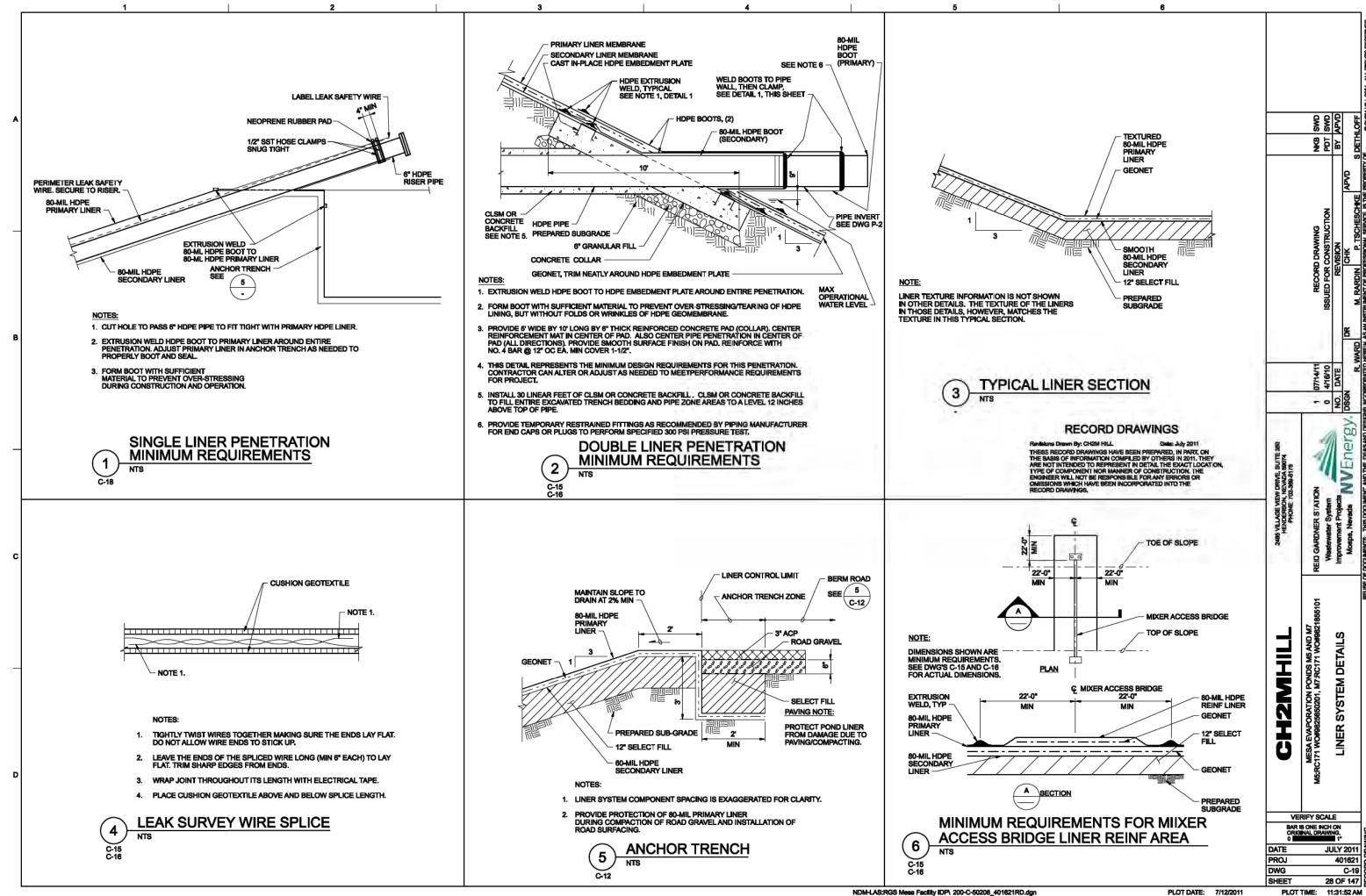
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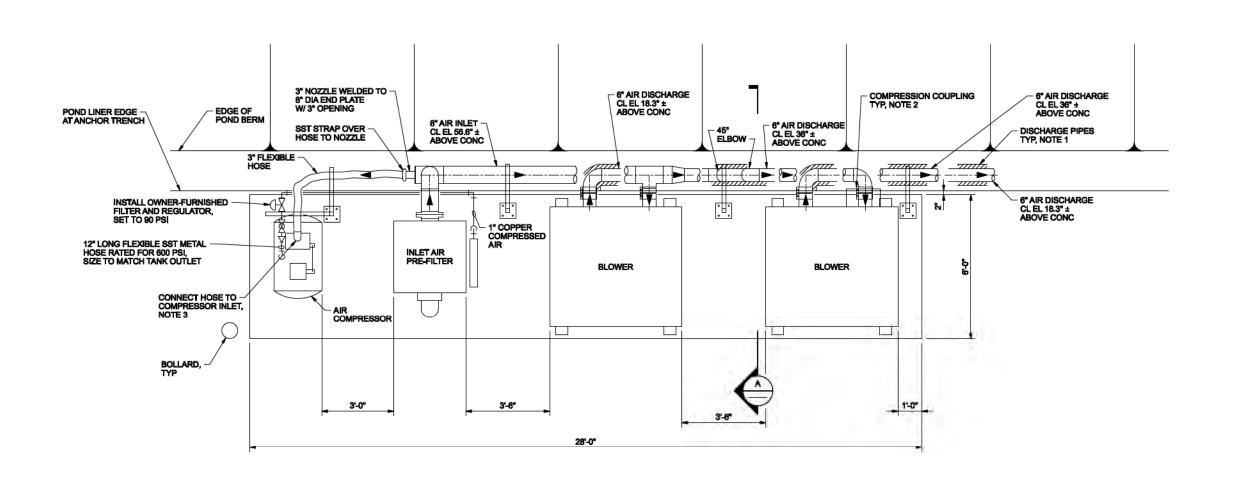




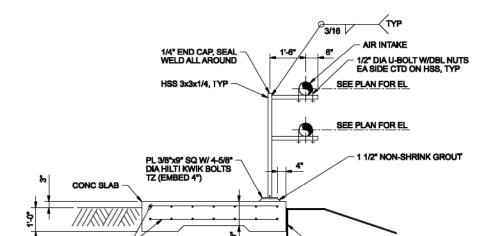








<u>PLAN</u> 1/4"=1'-0"





LINER ANCHOR

ALL AROUND

PRIMARY & SECONDARY LINER

#5@12" EW, T&B -

- 1. PIPE SHALL BE UNPAINTED SCH 5S TYPE 316 SST.
- USE 3-BOLT COMPRESSION COUPLING TO CONNECT BOTH PLAIN END PIPES. LEAVE 1/4" GAP BETWEEN PIPE ENDS. COMPRESSION COUPLING SHALL BE MORRIS CODE 6-3C W/ GASKET RATED FOR 400 DEGREES F.
- REMOVE FILTER ASSEMBLY FROM COMPRESSOR INLET. PROVIDE SCREWED FITTINGS AND HOSE ADAPTER TO CONNECT TO FLEX HOSE.
- 4. COPPER PIPE SHALL BE TYPE K, SEAMLESS PER ASTM B88. FITTINGS SHALL BE SOLDER TYPE AND NPT AT EQUIPMENT. PROVIDE UNIONS AT CONNECTION TO INLET AIR PRE-FILTER AND AT AIR COMPRESSOR.

RECORD DRAWINGS

Revisions Drawn By: CH2M HILL Date: July 2011
THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED, IN PART, ON
THE BASIS OF INFORMATION COMPILED BY OTHERS IN 2011. THEY
ARE NOT INTENDED TO REPRESENT IN DETAIL THE EXACT LOCATION,
TYPE OF COMPONENT NOR MANNER OF CONSTRUCTION. THE
ENGINEER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR
OMISSIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THE
RECORD DRAWINGS.

VERIFY SCALE BAR IS ONE INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING. DATE **JULY 2011** PROJ 387530 DWG M-6 SHEET 135 OF 147 PLOT TIME: 11:36:08 AM

EVAPORATION PONDS M5 AND M7 WO#9825650201, M7:RC171 WO#9821855101

CH2MHILL

NKB WMM

NVEnergy.

Appendix C Forms and Reports

Emergency Response Event Log

Reid Gardner Station Mesa Ponds M5 and M7

(To be completed during the emergency)

Name:		Position:	
Event Sta	rt Date: _	Event Start Time:	
Event Des	scription:		
Initial Eve	ent Level:		
When and	d how was	the event detected?	
Weather	conditions	5:	
General c	lescription	n of the unusual or emergency event:	
Log all N	otification	s and Activity in the table below:	
Date	Time	Action/Event Progression	Taken by
Report pr	epared by	/:	
Date:			

Event Termination Log

Reid Gardner Station Mesa Ponds M5 and M7

(To be completed during the emergency)

Date: Time:		
Weather conditions:		
General description of emergency situation:		
Area(s) of Ponds affected:		
Extent of damage:		
3		
Possible cause(s):		
Effect on Pond's operation:		
Initial reservoir elevation:	Time:	
Maximum Reservoir elevation:	Time:	
Final Reservoir elevation:	Time:	
Description of area flooded downstream/dama	ges/injuries/loss of life:	
bescription of area reodeca downstream, dama	ges, injuries, toss of the.	
Other data and comments:		
Observer's name and telephone number:		
Report prepared by:	Date:	

Emergency Action Plan Exercise Reporting Form Date and Time of Exercise: Name of Exercise Coordinator: _____ Attendees/Participants: Type of Exercise: **Orientation Seminar** Drill **Tabletop Exercise** Annual Functional Exercise If Functional Exercise, Time to Complete Exercise: Critique on Notification Procedure: Verification that all persons notified had current copies of the EAP (Plan) [Yes or No]: _____ Use the Annual Functional Exercise Verification Form on the follow page. Have a competed copy included with this form in this Appendix. Recommended updates to the EAP (Plan):

Revision 04 | February 2025

Additional Notes (attach sheets if necessary):

Appendix D Periodic (5 Year) Hazard Potential Classification Assessment, Ponds M5 and M7 (Inundation Model)



REPORT

Periodic (5 Year) Hazard Potential Classification Assessment, Ponds M5 and M7, Reid Gardner Station

PREPARED FOR: File

PREPARED BY: NV Energy, Jacobs

DATE: October 11, 2021

1.0 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

This report documents the first five year (quinquennial) periodic review and update of the Hazard Classification Assessment for surface impoundments M5 and M7 at the Reid Gardner Station (Station) as required by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) Rule. This periodic assessment concluded that the initial 2016 assessment hazard potential classification of the Ponds M5 and M7 as "high hazard potential CCR surface impoundments" continues to meet the CCR Rule requirements.

1.1 Purpose and Scope

In accordance with §257.73(f)(3), Hazard Classification Assessment reviews and updates must be competed when conditions change or at 5-year intervals. This quinquennial review and update of the existing CCR surface impoundments M5 and M7 Hazard Classification Assessment included checking for changes in site conditions since the initial Hazard Class Assessment in 2016, conducting new calculations and modeling for a breach and inundation analysis, and development of an updated dam breach inundation map.

1.2 Site Description, Background and Pond Closure Initiation

The Station is located 50 miles northeast of Las Vegas, within the Moapa Valley and was formerly a coal-fired electric power generation facility that produced approximately 557 megawatts of power from four generating units. Units 1 through 3 were retired in 2014 and Unit 4 was retired in 2017. Station demolition was completed in 2020.

Ponds M5 and M7 are defined under §257.53 of the CCR Rule as existing CCR surface impoundments because the ponds received CCR both before and after October 19, 2015.

Ponds M5 and M7 are also permitted as dams by the Nevada Division of Water Resources (State Engineer). The National Inventory of Dam Number for Pond M5 is NV10779 and the Nevada State Identification Number is J-652. The National Inventory of Dam Number for Pond M7 is NV10780 and the Nevada State Identification Number is also J-652. Closure of Ponds M5 and M7 was initiated on April 7, 2021, when the influent piping was air-gapped and the influent pumping station decommissioned. Notification of Intent to Initiate Closure, as required under §257.101(a) and §257.102(g), was placed in the operating record on April 6, 2021, in accordance with

§257.105(i)(7). Accordingly, Ponds M5 and M7 no longer receive any influent, are largely empty, and the residual pools of standing water are diminishing by evaporation.

2.0 <u>REGULATORY OVERVIEW</u>

The CCR Rule was published in the Federal Register on April 17, 2015, and became effective on October 19, 2015. The CCR Rule regulates the disposal of CCR as solid waste in landfills, surface impoundments, and lateral expansions under Subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The CCR Rule sets forth minimum criteria for the structural integrity of CCR surface impoundments in §257.73.

Ponds M5 and M7 are subject to the structural integrity criteria in the CCR Rule because the ponds are considered existing unlined CCR surface impoundments. A CCR surface impoundment is a "man-made excavation, or diked area, which is designed to hold an accumulation of CCR and liquids, and the unit, treats, stores, and disposes of CCR" (§257.53). Furthermore, they are classified as existing CCR surface impoundments under the CCR Rule because they received CCR both before and after October 19, 2015. As a result, both ponds must comply with the CCR Rule and more specifically the structural integrity criteria as required by §257.73.

Per §257.73(a) and §257.73(a)(2) of the CCR Rule, a hazard potential classification assessment must be conducted for all existing CCR surface impoundments, except for incised impoundments. Ponds M5 and M7 do not qualify as an incised CCR surface impoundment, as defined in §257.53, because they were not "constructed by excavating entirely below the natural ground surface."

The CCR Rule defines a hazard potential classification as "the possible adverse incremental consequences that result from the release of water or stored contents due to failure of the diked CCR surface impoundment or mis-operation of the diked CCR surface impoundment or its appurtenances" (§257.53). The different hazard potential classifications listed in Section 257.73(a)(2)(i) are defined in §257.53 and listed in the following paragraphs:

- "Low hazard potential CCR surface impoundment means a diked surface impoundment
 where failure or mis-operation results in no probable loss of human life and low economic
 and/or environmental losses. Losses are principally limited to the surface impoundment
 owner's property."
- "Significant hazard potential CCR surface impoundment means a diked surface impoundment where failure or mis-operation results in no probable loss of human life, but can cause economic loss, environmental damage, disruption of lifeline facilities, or impact other concerns."
- "High hazard potential CCR surface impoundment means a diked surface impoundment where failure or mis-operation will probably cause loss of human life."

The initial hazard potential classification assessment was completed and placed in the Station's operating record on October 12, 2016, in accordance with §257.73(f)(1) and §257.105(f)(5). Within 30 days of placement, the State Director was notified as required by §257.106(d) and §257.106(f)(4), and the assessment was placed on a publicly accessible internet site per §257.107(d) and §257.107(f)(4).

Periodic hazard potential classification assessments are required to be completed and placed in the operating record every 5 years from the date that the initial assessment was placed into the operating record (§257.73(f)(3) and §257.105(f)(5)). Accordingly, this updated Hazard Classification Assessment must be placed in the operating record by October 12, 2021, and within

30 days of placing in the operating record, the required notifications to the State Director ($\S257.106(d)$ and $\S257.106(f)(4)$) and placement of the update plan on the publicly accessible internet site must also be completed ($\S257.107(d)$ and $\S257.107(f)(4)$). The initial and periodic hazard potential classification assessments must be certified by a qualified professional engineer ($\S257.73(a)(2)(ii)$)."

3.0 <u>INITIAL HAZARD POTENTIAL CLASSIFICATION ASSESSMENT</u>

The initial 2016 Hazard Assessment (CH2M, 2016) classified Ponds M5 and M7 as "High" hazard potential dams, primarily due to the existence of residences and structures in the downstream floodplain that would be created by a potential dam failure. The CH2M initial 2016 Hazard Assessment Ponds M5 and M7 breach inundation maps and HEC-RAS analysis are included in Attachment 1.

Although Ponds M5 and M7 are designated as "High" hazard under the CCR Rule (§257.53), they are registered as "Significant" hazard dams by the Nevada Division of Water Resources (State Engineer). As part of the permitting process, the State Engineer assigned a hazard classification rating of "Significant" to ponds M5 and M7, in accordance with Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 535.140, as determined by a review attached to the initial Emergency Action Plan (EAP) and developed by Stanley Consultants (Stanley 2010). Per NAC 535.140, a dam will be classified as a "significant hazard if failure of the dam carries a: (1) Reasonable probability of causing a loss of human life; or (2) High probability of causing extensive economic loss or disruption in a lifeline.

The inundation map and technical memo from the 2010 Stanley EAP has been included in Attachment 2. The EAP itself was subsequently revised as required by §257.73(a)(3) (Jacobs, 2021c).

4.0 REVIEW OF HAZARD POTENTIAL CLASSIFICATION

A review of current topography confirms the available storage volume in each of the ponds has not changed from the amounts described in the 2016 Hazard Assessment. Pond M5 can hold 260.17 acre-feet at the embankment crest. Pond M7 can hold 264.34 acre-feet.

Similar to the assessment done in 2016, Pond M5 was chosen for analysis in this 2021 assessment because it has a more direct path to the Muddy River based on downstream topography. Additionally, it is expected that modeling the failure of Pond M7 would produce an inundation area that is nearly identical to the one produced by failure of Pond M5. As a result, it is expected that the impact of failure on downstream areas would be the same for Ponds M5 and M7.

For this assessment, it was conservatively assumed that the water surface elevation in Pond M5 reached the top of the embankment before flowing over the crest or breaching the embankment. Modeling the breach flood as an overtopping of the embankment crest is conservative compared to applying the maximum storage pool or maximum surcharge loading conditions used in the Safety Factor Assessment (Jacobs 2021d), as those conditions have some freeboard inside the embankment. Because closure of these impoundments was initiated in April 2021 (Jacobs 2021a, 2021b) the current liquid level inside both impoundments is considerably lower than maximum storage pool, with approximately 18 feet of freeboard. The assumption used for the breach flood corresponds to a water surface elevation of approximately 1,720 feet and a water volume of approximately 260.17 acre-feet as shown on the Record Drawings (CH2M HILL, 2011). The size of the breach created by water flowing over the crest was estimated using the Froehlich 2008 Method. The detailed calculation for the breach size is provided in Attachment 3.

The analysis limits in this study extend from the upstream limits, defined as the subject Pond M5 embankment, to the downstream limits defined as the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) boundary for the Muddy River. It is common practice that an emergency dam breach analysis terminates at the next viable FEMA SFHA in the downstream watercourse because the property owners are aware and required to carry flood insurance in case of a major flood event. Additionally, based on the previous dam breach analysis in the EAP (Stanley, 2010) and the Initial Hazard Assessment (CH2M, 2016), the unsteady flood wave dissipates to a 100-year flow rate significantly less than the FIS base flood elevations within the SFHA. Therefore, the use of the SFHA boundary downstream of the breach analysis is considered acceptable.

Using the US Army Corps of Engineers HEC-RAS Version 5.0.7 software, a conservative hydraulic analysis was prepared for this assessment by analyzing a steady state flow condition with the maximum flow from the breach computed as 7,506 cubic feet per second conveyed through the watercourse to the SFHA. The boundary conditions were set as critical depth at the upstream boundary due to breaching water at the discharge point, and normal depth at the downstream boundary in the Muddy River. The manning's roughness for the watercourse of cavernous washes has been selected as 0.08 to represent the sluggish, weedy, deep pools, similar to the 2016 analysis.

Ponds M5 and M7 are located on top of a plateau, approximately 150 vertical feet above the Muddy River floodplain. The downstream inundation resulting from a breach of the embankment or overtopping of the embankment of Ponds M5 and M7 migrates through well incised cavernous washes in a northerly direction and then turns east into a Zone 'AE' with Floodway SFHA that encumbers the Muddy River floodplain, per Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Panels 32003C0670E and 32003C0690E dated September 27, 2002. Figure 1 included in Attachment 4 displays the SFHA from the FEMA FIRM panels along with the breach inundation boundary that extends from the Ponds to the Muddy River floodplain. The inundation boundary is shown by extent of the flood water surface elevation lines

The land downstream of Ponds M5 and M7 was examined to understand the potential effects of the downstream inundation in case of a potential embankment failure. The Clark County Assessor's site, aerial photography and a site visit were utilized to understand the conditions of the downstream property and if any habitable structures are present in the watercourse. Based on this review, it was determined that the dam breach travels a watercourse that includes washes on an undeveloped private property and into the Muddy River floodplain that is encumbered by a FEMA designated SFHA that is generally used for agriculture. There are a few structures (of which one is assumed to be habitable) located near the discharge point from the washes located downstream of the two ponds, as well as a rural roadway that acts as primary access to the area from Interstate 15. As the dam breach material and excess flow travels downstream in the Muddy River and SFHA, it is expected the impacts will lessen due to flood wave dissipation and the conditions of the Muddy River such as lateral inflows, abstractions, etc. approaching State Route 168 and Interstate 15. The M5 and M7 Pond Breach Inundation Map (Attachment 4) is used as reference for the potential impacts of an emergency scenario.

5.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

Similar to 2016, the evaluation of the appropriate hazard potential classification includes a stepwise consideration of each hazard classification. The stepwise consideration is repeated in the following paragraphs along with a discussion of their relevance to Ponds M5 and M7.

- A low hazard potential classification is appropriate for CCR surface impoundments where failure or mis-operation results in no probable loss of human life and low economic and/or environmental losses (§257.53). Due to the potential agricultural impacts that salt and sediment laden flow resulting from a breach and drainage of the impoundments would produce along the Muddy River, a risk for environmental impacts is considered. Therefore, a low hazard potential classification is not appropriate for Ponds M5 and M7.
- A significant hazard potential classification is appropriate for CCR surface impoundments where failure or mis-operation results in no probable loss of human life, but can cause economic loss, environmental damage, disruption of lifeline facilities, or impact other concerns (§257.53). As a result of the downstream road and residence structures observed in the Muddy River floodplain there may be a risk for human life. As a result, a significant hazard potential classification is not appropriate for Ponds M5 and M7.
- A high hazard potential classification is appropriate for CCR surface impoundments where failure or mis-operation will probably cause loss of human life (§257.53). The impacts that dam breach flooding would have on structures and a primary access road for the area from Interstate 15 in close proximity to the breach, results in an appropriate classification at this time of "high hazard" for Ponds M5 and M7.

Therefore, this 2021 quinquennial review of the Hazard Assessment results in the "high hazard" classification remaining for Ponds M5 and M7. Because the ponds are classified as a high hazard potential CCR surface impoundments, a written EAP is maintained in the operating records as required by §257.73(a)(3)(i) and §257.105(F)(6)). The most recent EAP revision was April 2021 (Jacobs, 2021c).

6.0 **CERTIFICATION**

This section of the assessment contains the certification by a qualified professional engineer as required by Section 257.73(a)(2)(ii) of the CCR Rule.



Digitally signed by Stephen M.
Jones, P.E.
DN: C=US,
E=steve.jones1@jacobs.com,
O=Jacobs, CN="Stephen M.
Jones, P.E."
Date: 2021.10.12
08:55:36-07'00'

Periodic (5 Year) Hazard Potential Classification Assessment, Ponds M5 and M7, Reid Gardner Station

The originally certified document inadvertently included Adobe comment call-outs on one map attachment. After the certification above, the call-outs were removed. No other changes were made, as certified below.



7.0 REFERENCES

CH2M HILL, Inc. 2011. *Reid Gardner Station Drawings for Construction of Mesa Evaporation Ponds – M5 and M7. Record Drawings.* Schedule A. July.

CH2M HILL, Inc. 2016. Initial Hazard Potential Classification Assessment for CCR Surface Impoundments Ponds M5 and M7, Reid Gardner Generating Station. October 12.

Jacobs Engineering Group Inc. (Jacobs). 2021a. Notification of Intent to Initiate Closure, Pond M5, Reid Gardner Generating Station. April 5.

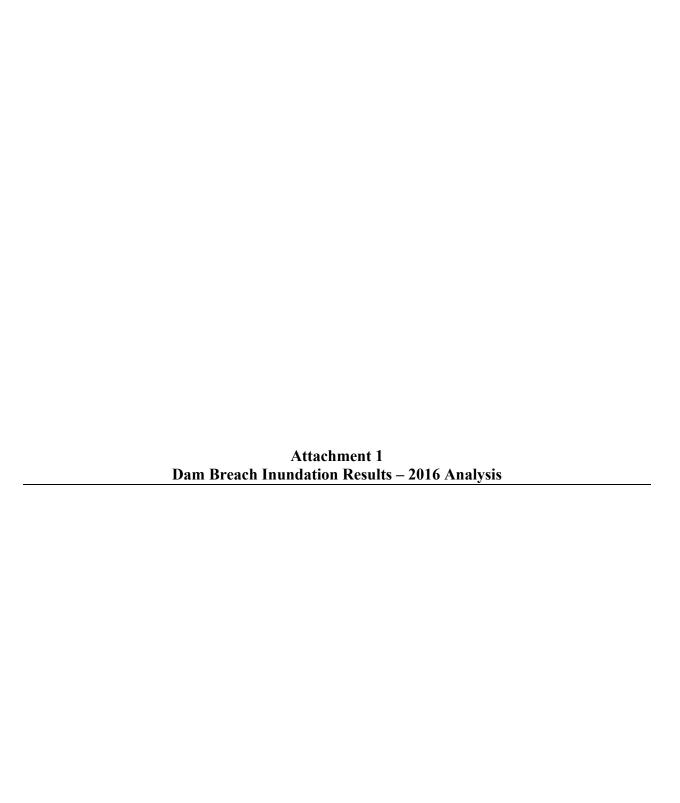
Jacobs Engineering Group Inc. (Jacobs). 2021b. Notification of Intent to Initiate Closure, Pond M7, Reid Gardner Generating Station. April 5.

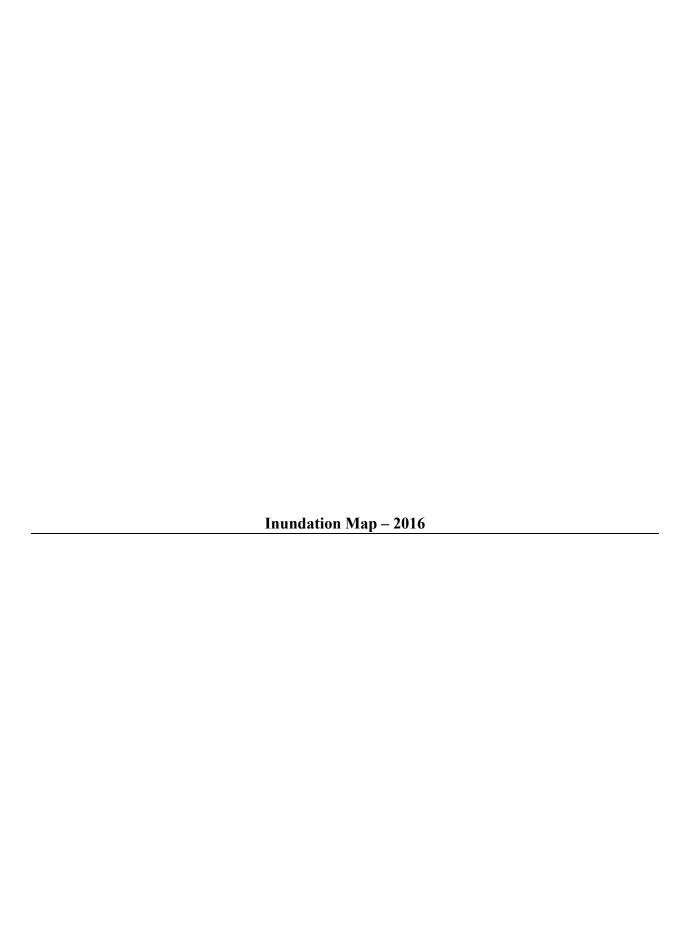
Jacobs Engineering Group (Jacobs). 2021c. Emergency Action Plan, Ponds M5 and M7, Reid Gardner Generating Station. Revision 3. April.

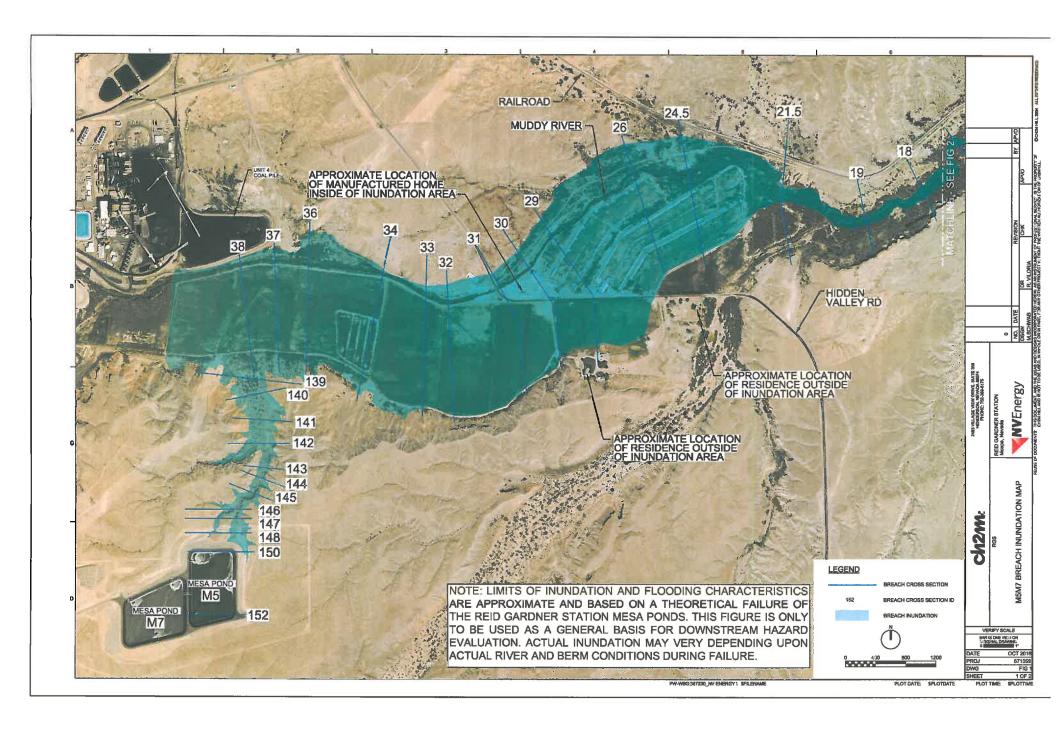
Jacobs Engineering Group Inc. (Jacobs). 2021d. Quinquennial Safety Factor Assessment, Ponds M5 and M7, Reid Gardner Generating Station. August 10.

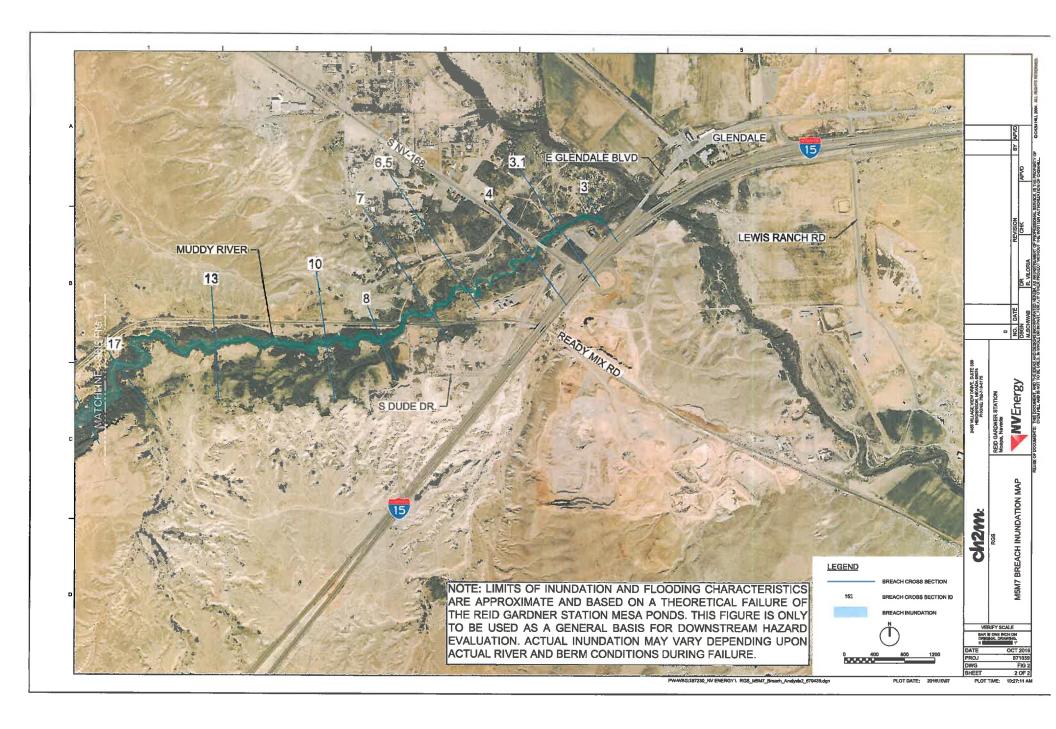
8.0 <u>LIST OF ATTACHMENTS</u>

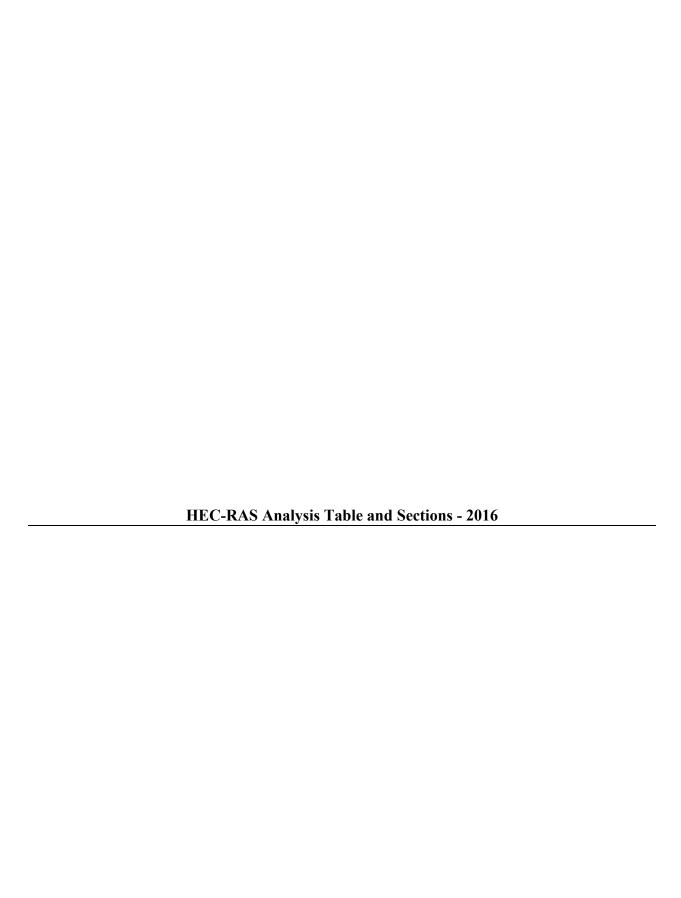
- 1. Previous Dam Breach Inundation Results 2016 Analysis
- 2. Previous Dam Breach Inundation Results 2010 Analysis
- 3. Dam Breach HEC-RAS Calculations 2021 Analysis
- 4. Revised Dam Breach Inundation Map 2021 Analysis





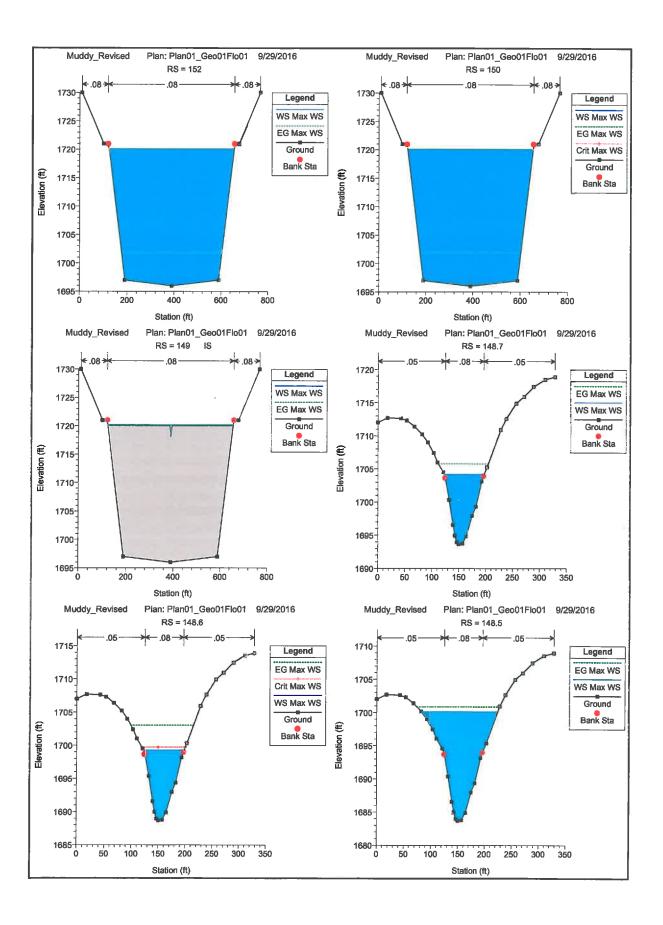


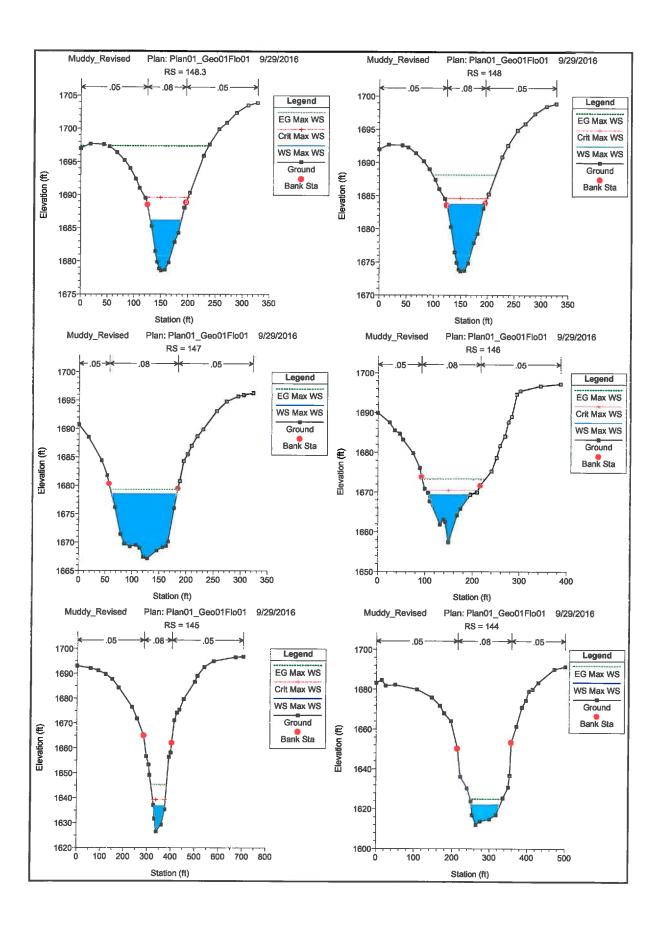


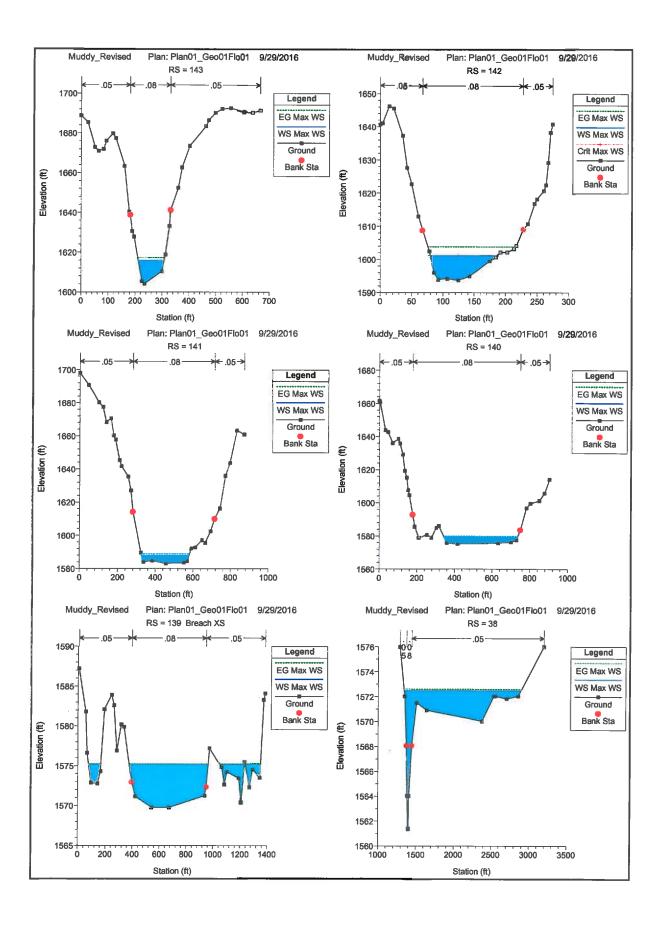


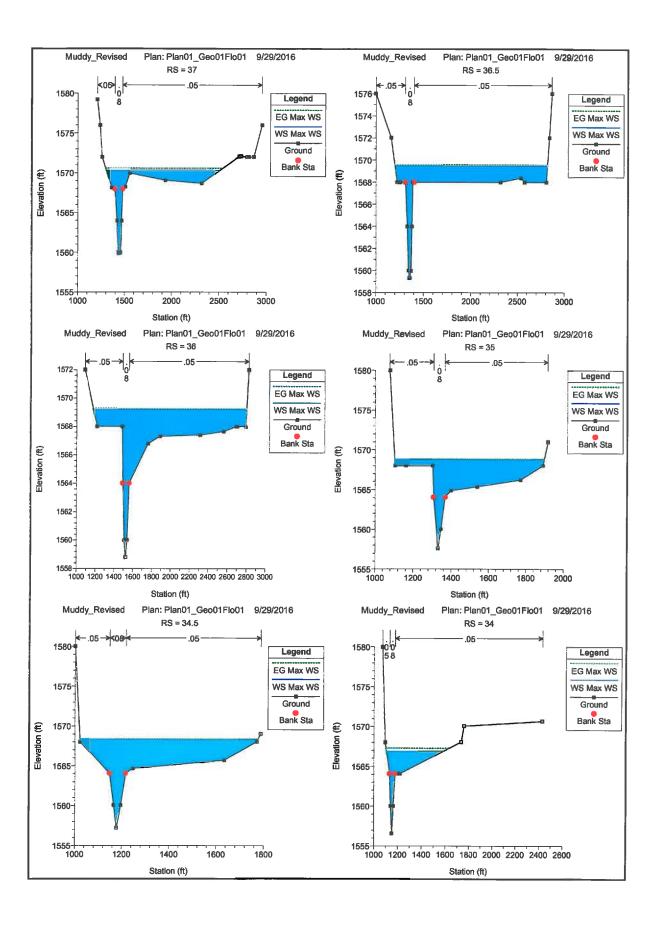
HEC-RAS Plan: Plan01 River: RIVER-1 Reach: Reach-1 Profile: Max WS

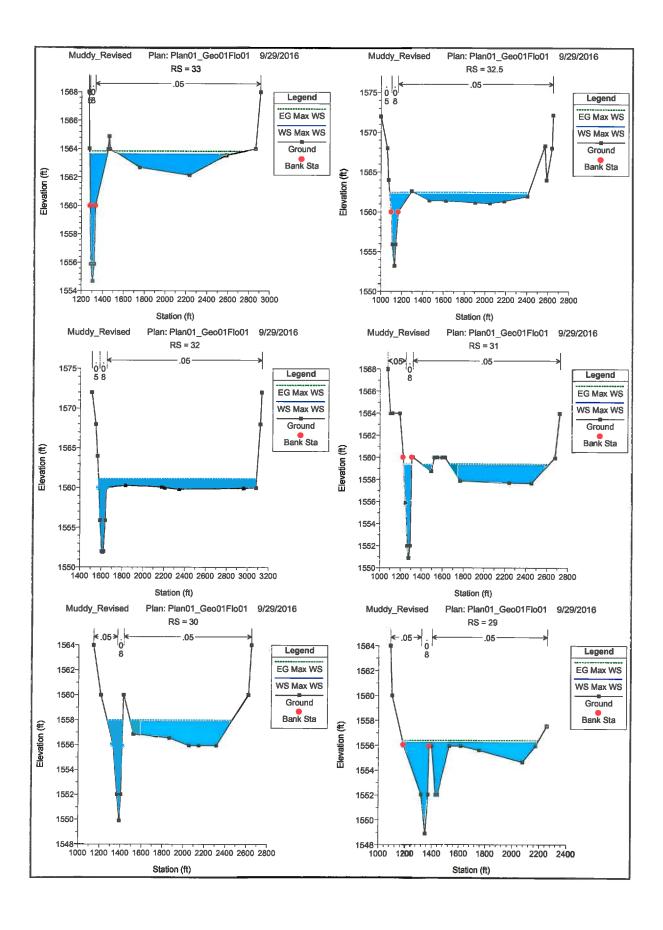
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chni	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
Reach-1	152	Max WS	100.00	1696.00	1720.13		1720.13	0.000000	0.01	10989.60	532.99	0.0
Reach-1	150	Max WS	99.97	1696.00	1720.13	1696.43	1720.13	0.000000	0.01	10989.60	532.99	0.0
Reach-1	149		Ini Struct								·	
Reach-1	148.7	Max WS	4619.34	1693.60	1704.16		1705.71	0.025691	10.91	462.24	74.84	0.69
Reach-1	148.6	Max WS	7267.19	1688.60	1699.22	1699.63	1702.99	0.061454	15.58	467.20	75.44	1.0
Reach-1	148.5	Mex WS	7281.66	1683.60	1700.06		1700.79	0.005531	7.15	1094.11	141.23	0.3
Reach-1	148.3	Max WS	7253.21	1678.60	1686.19	1689.62	1697.42	0.281209	26.90	269.67	57.14	2.10
Reach-1	148	Max WS	7264.54	1673.60	1683.73	1684.63	1688.14	0.078514	16.84	431.39	71.08	1.20
Reach-i	147	Max WS	7055.68	1667.10	1678.46		1679.28	0.009812	7.24	974.46	120.69	0.4
Reach-1	146	Max WS	7279.86	1057.40	1669.26	1670.38	1673.29	0.089961	16.13	451.42	86.91	1.25
Reach-1	145	Max WS	7265.51	1626.50	1636.62	1639.24	1645.17	0.153370	23.47	309.62	47.11	1.6
Reach-1	144	Mex WS	7253.56	1611.70	1621.87		1624.81	0.047114	13.77	526.64	77.63	0.9
Reach-1	143	Max WS	7215.02	1604.20	1615.97		1617.34	0.017628	9.41	766.90	97.41	0.5
Reach-1	142	Max WS	7198.49	1593.70	1601.24	1601.22	1603.83	0.055818	12.90	557.81	107.82	1.0
Reach-1	141	Max WS	7172.30	1583.10	1587.60		1588.59	0.033342	7.96	900.56	249.02	0.7
Reach-1	140	Max WS	7149.76	1575.20	1579.02	·	1579.52	0.019731	5.65	1266.47	397.22	0.5
Reach-1	139	Max WS	6401.65	1569.70	1575.15		1575.21	0.001494	2.04	3297.15	971.85	0.10
Reach-1	38	Max WS	6486.53	1561.36	1572.47		1572.57	0.002553	3.46	2840.01	1555.55	0.2
Reach-1	37	Max WS	6331.11	1559.89	1570.31		1570.58	0.006179	5.38	1838.92	1201.56	0.3
Reach-1	36.5	Max WS	5401.49	1559.35	1569.50		1569.56	0.002155	2.76	2754.55	1620.31	0.2
Reach-1	36	Max WS	4658.66	1558.80	1569.21		1569.24	0.000694	2.01	3478.99	1625.92	0.13
Reach-1	35	Max WS	4383.93	1557.60	1568.75		1568.82	0.001098	2.43	2181.28	793.65	0.15
Reach-1	34.5	Max WS	4326.19	1557.17	1568.29		1568.34	0.000910	2.18	2363.47	753.76	0.14
Reach-1	34	Max WS	4304.32	1556.58	1566.83		1567.18	0.009020	5.92	969.79	479.50	0.4
Reach-1	33	Max WS	4261.23	1554.70	1563.63		1563.83	0.005133	4.86	1519.21	1245.46	0.3
Reach-1	32.5	Max WS	4242.15	1553.20	1562.20		1562.45	0.007946	5.26	1348.39	1250.12	0.38
Reach-1	32	Max W\$	4136.85	1551.92	1561.00		1561.12	0.003716	3.71	1848.89	1509.84	0.26
Reach-1	31	Max WS	3997.44	1550.90	1559.27		1559.38	0.003618	3.51	1635.76	1097.85	0.28
Reach-1	30	Max WS	3960.42	1549.89	1557.85		1557.94	0.002363	3.19	1862.60	1111.41	0.25
Reach-1	29	Max WS	3904.52	1548.90	1556.19		1556.33	0.004336	3.50	1473.36	1005.26	0.30
Reach-1	28	Max WS	3889.44	1547.89	1554.55		1554.63	0.002614	2.86	1843.37	1108.51	0.22
Reach-1	27	Max WS	3352.05	1546.89	1553.34		1553.38	0.001758	1.93	2060.29	1261.22	0.17
Reach-1	26	Max WS	3141.53	1545.80	1552.79		1552.81	0.000607	1.26	2787.03	1335.26	0.10
Reach-1	25.5	Max WS	3124.90	1545.25	1552.49		1552.53	0.001616	1.46	1954.04	1314.98	0.16
Reach-'i	25	Max WS	3120.37	1544.80	1552.09		1552.15	0.002219	1.84	1641.10	998.02	0.18
Reach-1	24.5	Max WS	3104.58	1544.30	1551.10		1551.22	0.005623	2.89	1123.05	777.69	0.29
Reach-1	24	Max WS	3068.83	1543.33	1550.18		1550.27	0.003234	3.16	1396,59	975.68	0.24
Reach-1	23	Max WS	3022.79	1539.12	1548.55		1548.74	0.003123	3.91	930.40	419.45	0.28
Reach-1	22	Max WS	3017.99	1536.17	1546.23		1546.56	0.006242	4.61	654.33	115.52	0.34
Reach-1	21.5	Max WS	2956.89	1532.90	1542.80		1543.16	0.009368	4.79	616.84	139.75	0.40
Reach-1	21	Max WS	2805.13	1531.49	1541.40		1541.52	0.002123	2.76	1017.02	173.90	0.20
Reach-1	20	Max WS	2627.09	1527.60	1540.06		1540.15	0.001159	2.31	1139.73	162.95	0.15
Reach-1	19	Max WS	2528.53	1525.85	1538.84		1539.04	0.002498	3.52	717.60	92.20	0.22
Reach-1	18	Max WS	2493.78	1524.10	1538.09		1538.14	0.000517	1.77	1407.43	159.13	0.10
Reach-i	17	Max WS	2490.09	1522.80	1537.41	-	1537.51	0.000983	2.52	1005.38	133.48	0.15
Reach-1	16	Max WS	2484.37	1521.89	1536.81		1536.90	0.000894	2.37	1059.58	144.77	0.14
Reach-1	15	Mex WS	2445.46	1520.46	1531.83		1532.29	0.007233	5.47	447.22	64.98	0.37
Reach-1	14	Max WS	2333.84	1517.78	1529.27		1529.36	0.007233	2.39	976.32	115.52	0.34
Reach-1	13	Max WS	2307.73	1514.10	1528.53		1528.65	0.001021	2.85	814.45	111.69	0.17
Reach-1	12	Max WS	2298.80	1511.61	1528.07		1528.14	0.001388	2.01	1141.28	125.55	0.12
Reach-1	11	Max WS	2283.30	1510.70	1526.07		1526.42	0.005333	4.55	501.59	71.81	0.12
Reach-1	10	Max WS	2267.16	1509.83	1524.38		1524.49	0.005333	2.69	842.62	96.21	0.30
Reach-1	9	Max WS	2256.11	1508.89	1523.01	-	1523.23	0.001278	3.75	601.79	74.49	0.10
Reach-1	8	Max WS	2210.61	1508.38	1521.41		1521.78	0.005756	4.90	469.35	97.44	0.23
Reach-1	7.2	Max WS	2184.17			1513.23	1		2.52			
		WIELK VVO		1507.81	1520.55	1010.23	1520.65	0.001438	2.52	866.94	124.73	0.17
Reach-1	7.15	Max WS	2182.10	1507.69	1520.43		1500 50	0.004500	0.50	840.00	407.0-	
Reach-1	7	Max WS	2182.10	1507.69	1519.44		1520.53	0.001580	2.58	846.89	127.05	0.18
							1519.61	0.002123	3.35	641.86	74.69	0.20
Reach-1	6.5	Max WS	2097.01	1505.32	1518.16		1518.57	0.005952	5.11	410.15	52.63	0.32
Reach-1	6	Max WS	2059.00	1504.27	1517.36		1517.39	0.000337	1.34	1541.76	195.63	0.08
Reach-1	5	Max WS	2047.79	1503.14	1516.80		1516.88	0.001055	2.34	873.67	110.29	0.15
Reach-1	4	Max WS	2037.26	1502.33	1515.22	4555.47	1515.43	0.003270	3.67	554.98	82.37	0.25
Reach-1	3.2	Max WS	2035.65	1502.10	1514.83	1508.15	1514.97	0.001744	2.98	683.23	86.15	0.19
Reach-1	3.15	2424.00	Bridge	450.0-	46.15-		45.15-					
Reach-1	3.1	Mex W\$	2034.25	1501.30	1514,23		1514.39	0.002243	3.23	629.78	84.72	0.21
Reach-1	3	Max WS	2030.16	1501.67	1513.48		1513.67	0.002812	3.49	581.23	83.11	0.23
Reach-1	2	Max W\$	2026.07	1500.90	1512.36		1512.46	0.001574	2.55	795.31	121.43	0.18
Reach-1	1	Max WS	2024.97	1500.25	1508.22		1503.72	0.011721	5.72	354.20	71.41	0.45
Reach-1	0.5	Max WS	2024.72	1499.87	1506.90	1503.84	1507.18	0.002422	4.29	471.51	91.79	0.33

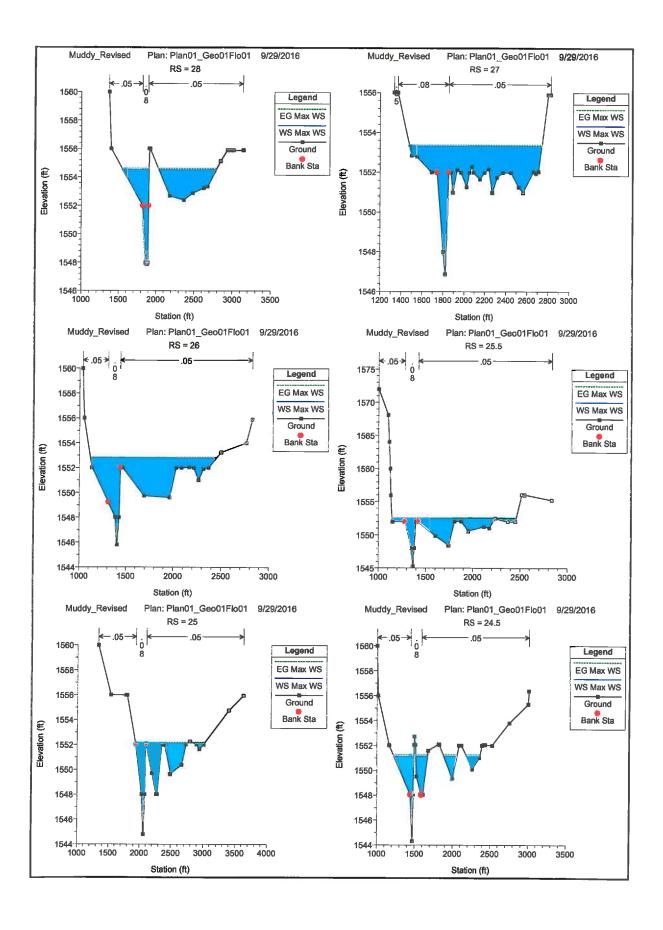


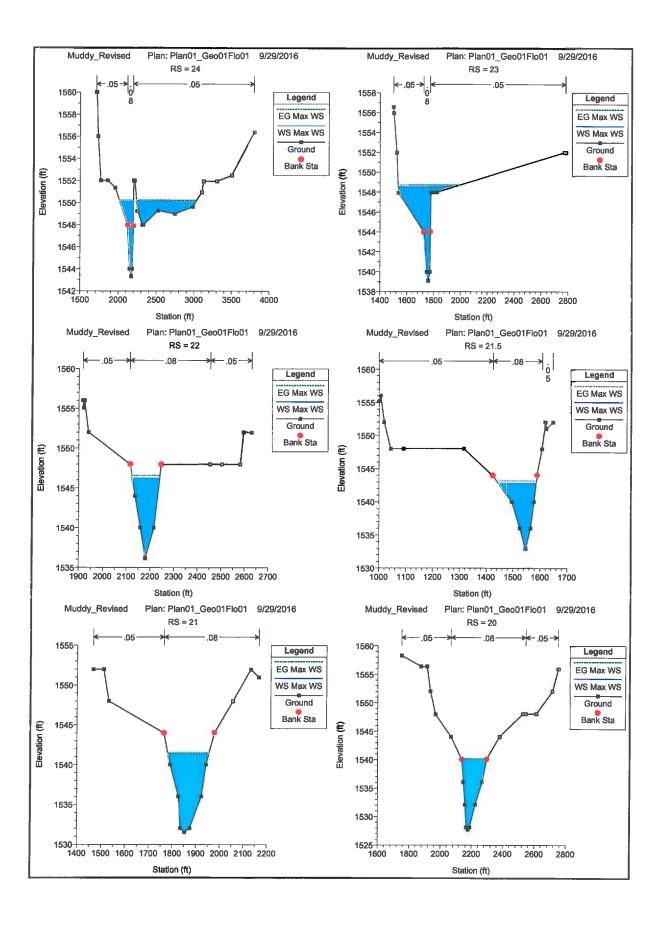


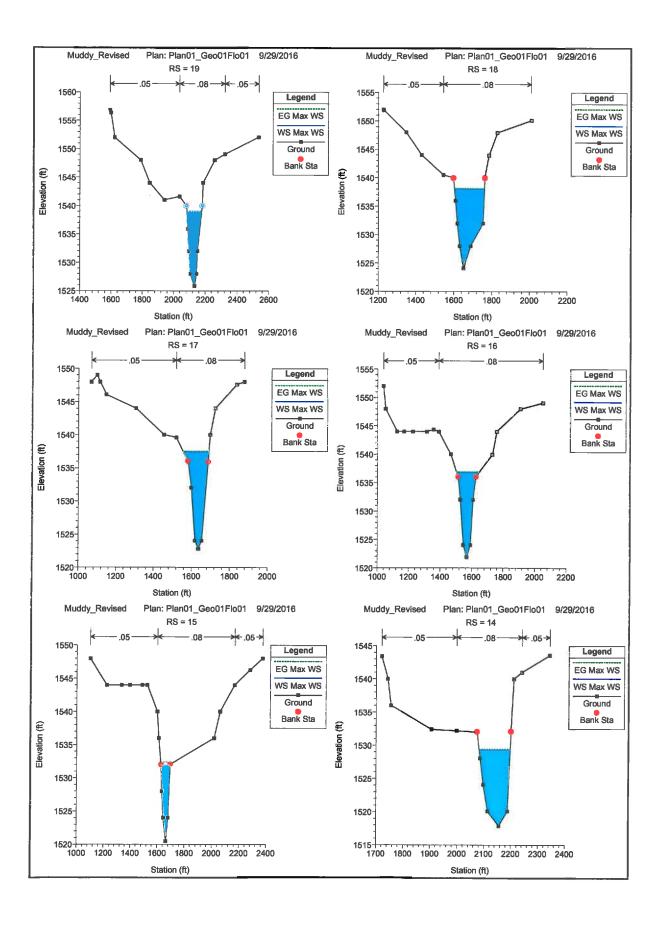


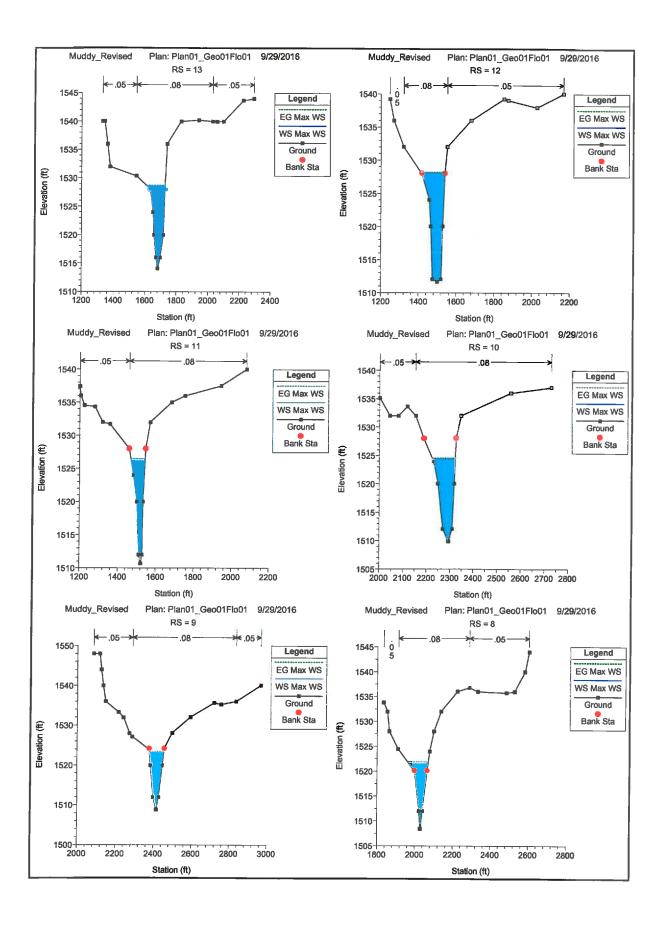


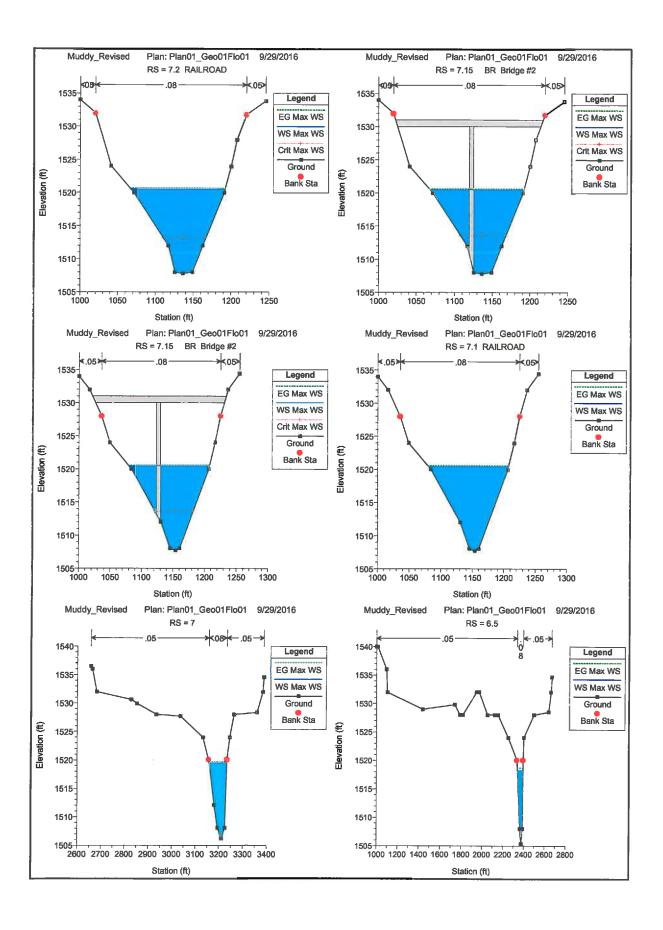


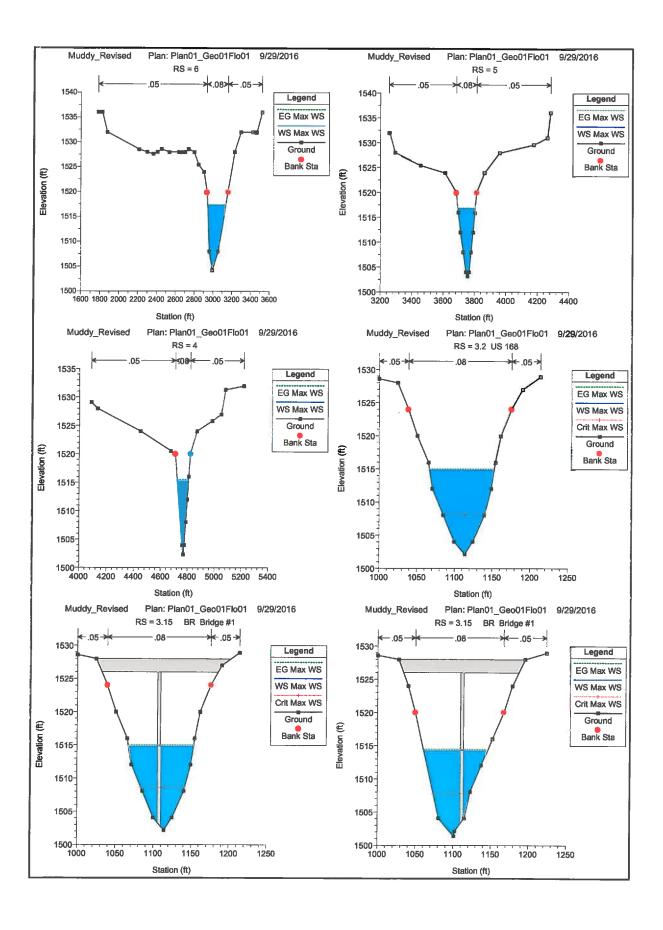


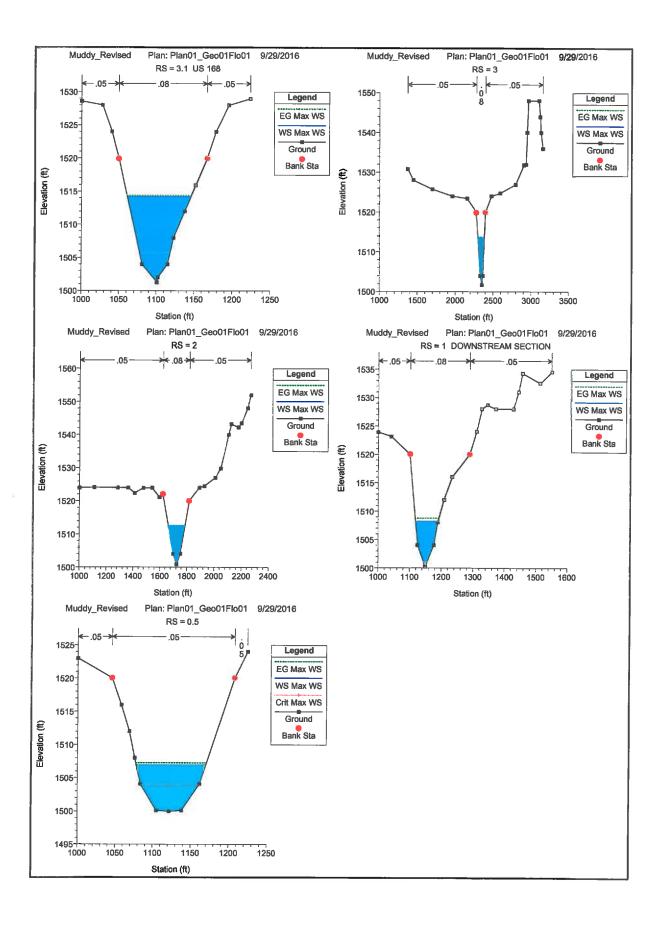


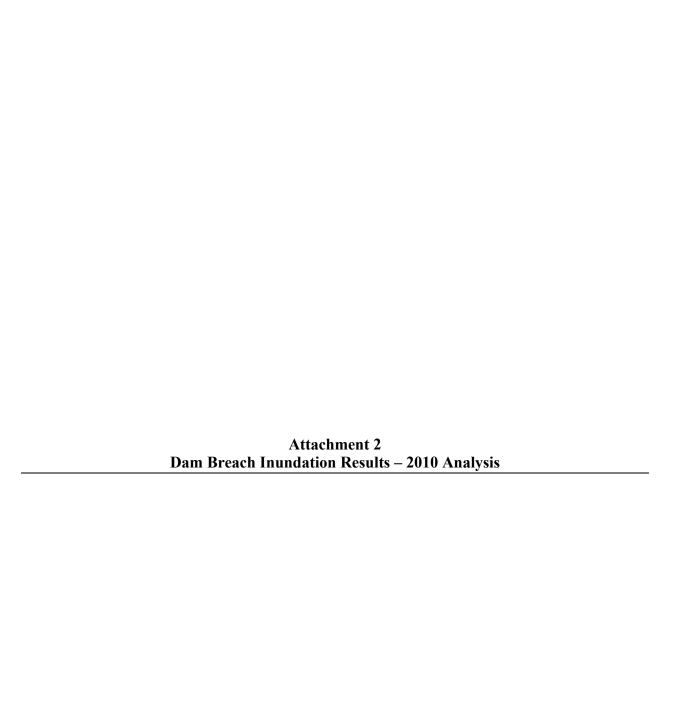














MEMO Minneapolis, MN

TO: Becky Svatos, P.E. – Project Manager **DATE:** September 20, 2010

FROM: Andrew Judd, P.E. – Hydraulic Engineer

SUBJECT: Nevada Energy – Reid Gardner Station

Proposed Mesa Ponds M5 & M7 Dam Breach Analysis and Results

The purpose of this analysis is to evaluate the downstream hydraulic impacts (inundation) due to a "sunny day" breach of one of the proposed Mesa Evaporation Ponds to be constructed at Nevada Energy's Reid Gardner Station. The facility is located on the Muddy River, 3 miles west of Glendale, Nevada. Breach flows from the ponds would be conveyed by the Muddy River. The Dam Breach Analysis model was developed utilizing the cross-sections from the 1996 Flood Insurance Study (FIS) for Muddy River. The vertical datum of the cross-sectional data is NAVD 1988.

Analysis

The analysis consisted of the following steps:

- Obtain Muddy River HEC-2 model of the Moapa Reach (extends upstream of Reid Gardner Station and downstream to Glendale) from the 1996 FIS analysis.
- Import HEC-2 model into HEC-RAS.
- Adjust Muddy River HEC-RAS model to replicate the FIS results (peak water surface elevation) of the HEC-2 model.
- Obtain digital elevation model (DEM) of the Reid Gardner Site (1-meter resolution).
- Obtain FEMA Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) which is a GIS representation of the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) elements, including floodplain extents and FIS cross-section locations.
- Develop Mesa Pond breach channel cross-sections down existing gulley that is the most likely pathway for breach flows using DEM connecting Mesa Ponds to Muddy River.
- Create HEC-RAS Dam Breach Model (Dam Breach Model) using new Mesa Pond breach channel crosssections and FIS Muddy River geometry.
- Run Dam Breach Model and establish peak water surface elevations in downstream channel crosssections.
- Create Dam Breach Inundation Maps for Mesa Ponds and downstream section of Muddy River.

The following is a list of Analysis assumptions/comments:

- The Dam Breach Model ends at the City of Glendale (downstream end at cross-section BH).
- A constant base flow of 100 cfs was included in the Dam Breach Model (helps prevent unsteady HEC-RAS model from crashing).
- Breach channel cross-sections used Manning's roughness coefficients similar to the FIS cross-sections.
- Bridges from the HEC-2 model were included in the HEC-RAS model.
- The dam/breach enters the Muddy River Channel at cross-section BZ in the FIS
- The breach occurs with water level at the top of the embankment at hour 4.0
- The breach does not coincide with a flooding event on Muddy River (Sunny Day Failure).

Pond breach parameters were developed using the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission guidelines. The M5 and M7 Mesa Ponds are of similar size, height and volume. Pond M5 has a more direct connection to the Muddy River (i.e. flood wave would have less opportunity to dissipate) so was used for the breach simulation. Pond Geometry and Breach Parameters are summarized by the following:

- Reservoir top of embankment elevation 1720.0 ft
- Water surface area at 1720.0 ft 13.8 Acres
- Reservoir volume at 1720.0 260 ac-ft
- Reservoir bottom elevation 1697.0 ft
- Water surface area at 1697.0 ft 9.2 Acres
- Water elevation at time of breach 1720.0 ft
- Bottom of breach elevation 1697.0 ft
- Side slope of breach 0.75H:1V
- Breach bottom width 40 ft
- Time to breach = 0.6 hr

Results

- The Dam Breach Model results are compared in Table 1 to the FIS water surface elevations which are representative of the 100-year flood.
- Table 2 compares the Dam Breach Model sunny day failure peak elevations with the Dam Breach Model no failure elevations.
- Maps 1 and 2 display the analysis cross-sections, inundation and floodplain extents, and aerial imagery.
- The flows for the 10 and 50 year events were not available for the upper reach of Muddy River and floodplain extents were not available for the full reach of Muddy River.

Conclusions

- The flood wave peak flow from the Dam Breach Model is 90% of the peak 100-year flow from the FIS model at the point where the breach flow enters the Muddy River Channel (FIS cross-section BZ, near the Reid Gardner Site).
- The flood wave peak flow from the Dam Breach Model is 12% of the peak 100-year flow from the FIS model at the downstream end near where the Muddy River flows through the City of Glendale (FIS cross-section BH).
- The Dam Breach Model estimated a travel time for the leading edge of the flood wave (beginning of significant rise in flow) of approximately 2 hours and a travel time for the peak of the flood wave of approximately 2.8 hours from the Mesa Ponds to the City of Glendale (FIS cross-section BH).
- Flood depths from the Dam Breach Model in the City of Glendale are in the range of 10 feet from the deepest point in the channel.
- The Dam Breach Model demonstrated the flood wave peak elevations through the City of Glendale are contained within the channel banks and will continue to attenuate (dissipate) downstream.

Table 1: Dam Breach Model – Sunny Day Failure

Cross	River Mile (mi)	FIS – 10 yr	FIS – 50 yr	FIS – 100 yr		Dam Breach Model – Sunny Day Failure			
Section		Flow (cfs)	Flow (cfs)	Flow (cfs)	Elev (ft)	Peak Flow (cfs)	D. 1 E1	Arrival Time (hr)	
Number							Peak Elev (ft)	Peak	Leading
D/7	11.000			(500	1570.0	5 4 4 7	1570.0	0.62	Edge
BZ	11.022	na	na	6500	1572.3	5447	1572.2	0.63	0.33
BY	11.119	na	na	6500	1570.4	5461	1570.1	0.65	0.38
BX	11.213	na	na	6500	1569.8	4052	1568.9	0.82	0.38
BW	11.456	na	na	6500	1567.3	3747	1566.6	0.88	0.45
BV	11.646	na	na	6500	1561.6	3625	1560.9	0.98	0.53
BU	11.933	na	na	6500	1556.8	3386	1556.0	1.17	0.63
BT	12.225	na	na	6500	1553.7	2897	1552.6	1.43	0.77
BS	12.371	na	na	6500	1552.2	2862	1551.0	1.50	0.82
BR	12.700	na	na	6500	1550	2747	1542.5	1.72	0.98
BQ	13.032	3620	10900	16000	1547.8	2306	1538.4	1.98	1.12
BP	13.430	3620	10900	16000	1543.5	2266	1536.4	2.00	1.37
ВО	13.876	3620	10900	16000	1538.9	2104	1528.0	2.32	1.47
BN	14.193	3620	10900	16000	1535.6	2060	1523.9	2.40	1.58
BM	14.376	3620	10900	16000	1533.2	2013	1520.9	2.50	1.63
BL	14.536	3620	10900	16000	1530.6	1958	1518.9	2.58	1.75
BK	14.649	3620	10900	16000	1529.8	1901	1517.7	2.65	1.80
BJ	14.919	3620	10900	16000	1528.8	1845	1514.8	2.73	1.90
BI	15.018	3620	10900	16000	1526.6	1842	1513.8	2.75	1.95
BH	15.123	3620	10900	16000	1525.9	1839	1513.1	2.77	1.97

Notes:

na – Not Available

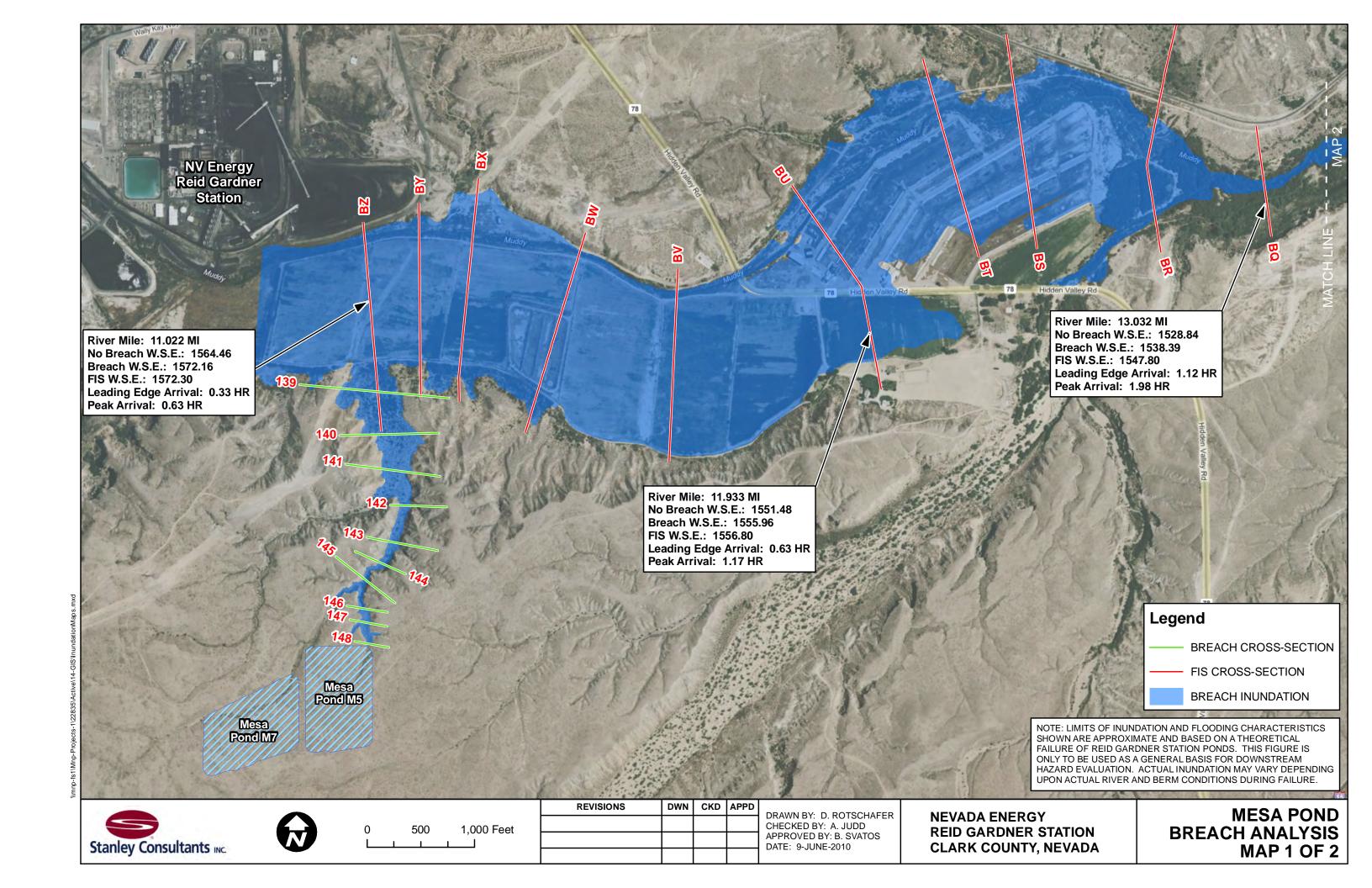
Vertical Datum is NAVD 1988

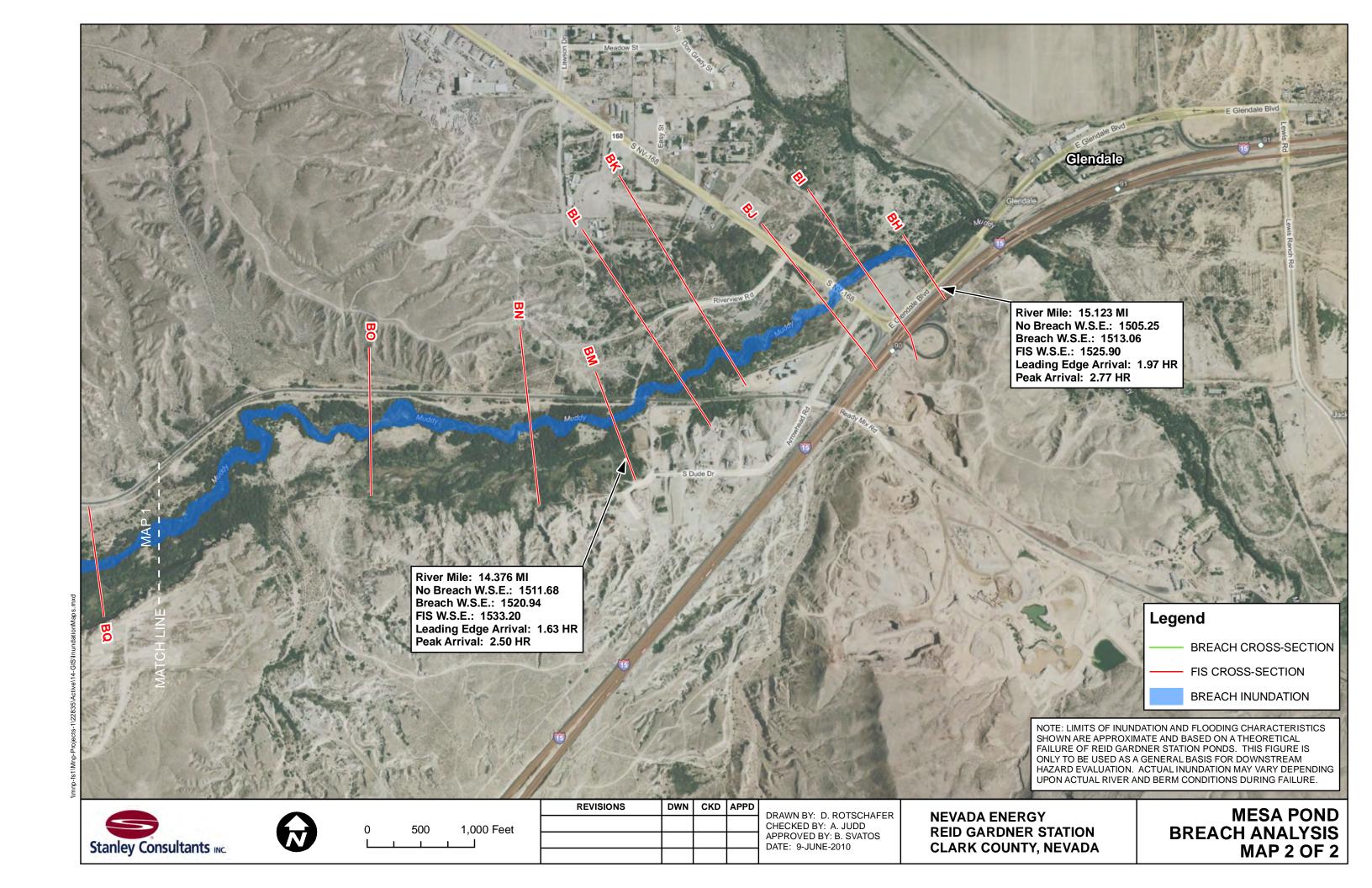
Table 2: Elevation Difference

Cross		Sunny D	ay Failure	No Fa	Elevation	
Section Number	River Mile (mi)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Peak Elev (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Elev (ft)	Difference (ft)
BZ	11.022	5447	1572.2	100	1564.5	7.7
BY	11.119	5461	1570.1	100	1562.9	7.2
BX	11.213	4052	1568.9	100	1562.4	6.5
BW	11.456	3747	1566.6	100	1560.1	6.5
BV	11.646	3625	1560.9	100	1555.0	5.9
BU	11.933	3386	1556.0	100	1551.5	4.5
BT	12.225	2897	1552.6	100	1549.3	3.3
BS	12.371	2862	1551.0	100	1547.1	3.9
BR	12.700	2747	1542.5	100	1535.5	7.0
BQ	13.032	2306	1538.4	100	1528.8	9.6
BP	13.430	2266	1536.4	100	1525.4	11.0
ВО	13.876	2104	1528.0	100	1515.8	12.2
BN	14.193	2060	1523.9	100	1513.8	10.1
BM	14.376	2013	1520.9	100	1511.7	9.3
BL	14.536	1958	1518.9	100	1509.4	9.5
BK	14.649	1901	1517.7	100	1508.2	9.5
BJ	14.919	1845	1514.8	100	1506.7	8.1
BI	15.018	1842	1513.8	100	1505.6	8.2
ВН	15.123	1839	1513.1	100	1505.3	7.81

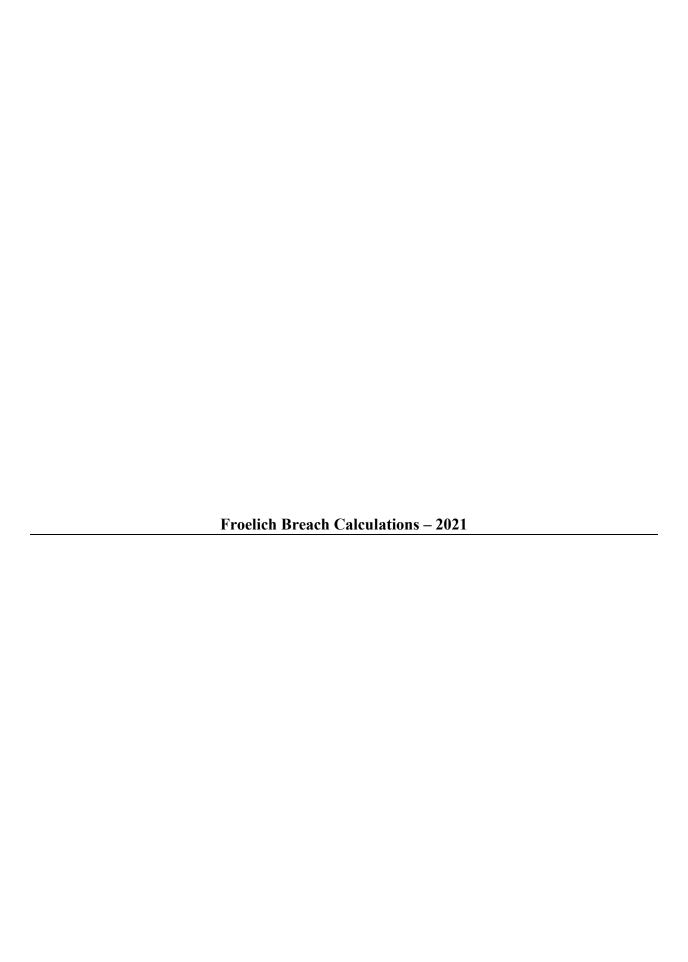
Notes:

Vertical Datum is NAVD 1988









ESTIMATION OF DAM BREACH PARAMETERS USING THE FROEHLICH 2008 METHOD

PROJECT:

M5 MESA POND

BREACH INPUT PARAMETERS:

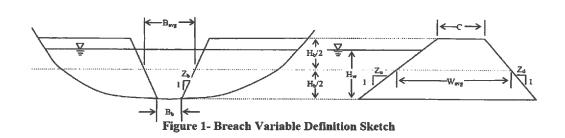
Select Failure Mode From Drop-Down Menu:	OVERTOPPING	
		_
Height of water over base elevation of breach (H _w) =	23.0	Feet
Volume of water in the reservoir at the time of failure (Vw) =	260.0	Acre-Feet
Reservoir Surface Area at Hw (A _s) =	13.8	Acres
Height of breach (H _b) =	23.0	Feet
Failure Mode Factor (K _o) =	1.3	
Breach Side-Slope Ratio (Z _b) =	1	Z(H):1(V)
Dam Size Class:	Small	Assumes Full Reservoir At Time of Breach.

CALCULATED BREACH CHARACTERISTICS:

Average Breach Width (Bavg) =	72.0	Feet
Bottom Width of Breach (Bb) =	49.0	Feet
Breach Formation Time $(T_f) =$	0.45	Hours
Storage Intensity (Si) =		Acre Feet/Foot
Predicted Peak Flow (Qp) =	7506	Cubic Feet per Second

RESULTS CHECK:

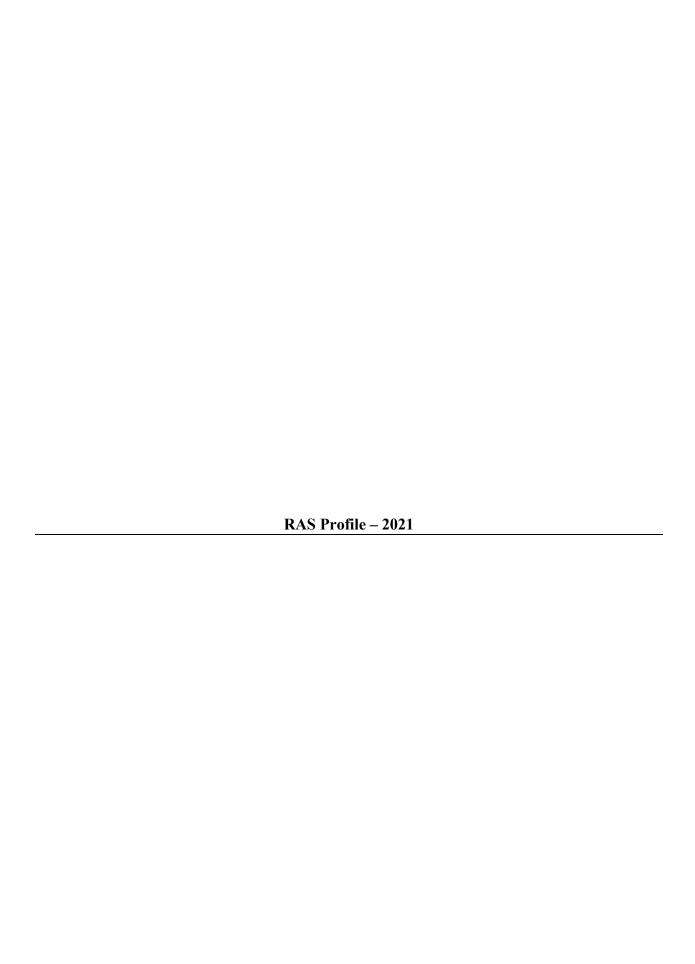
COLIC CHECK.		
Average Breach Width Divided by Helght of Breach (B _{evg} /H _b) =	3.13	If (B _{avg} /H _b) > 0.6, Full Breach Devlopment is Anticipated
Erosion Rate (ER), Calculated as $(B_{avg}/T_f) =$	159.0	
Erosion Rate Divided by Height of Water Over Base of Breach (ER/H _w) =	6.9	If 1.6 < (ER/H _w) < 21, Erosion Rate is Assumed Reasonable

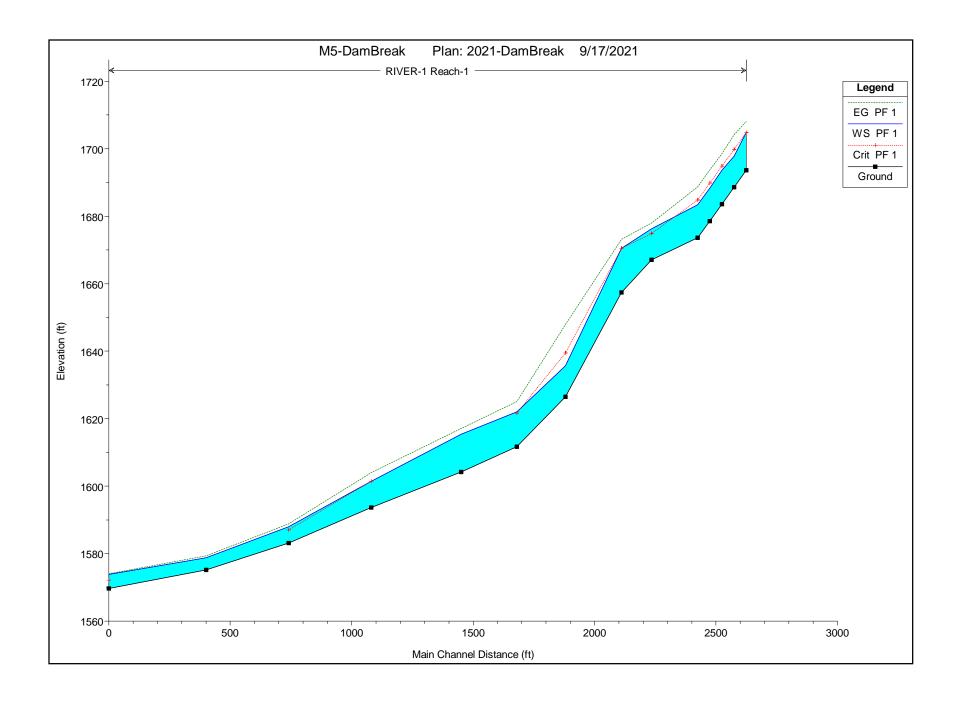




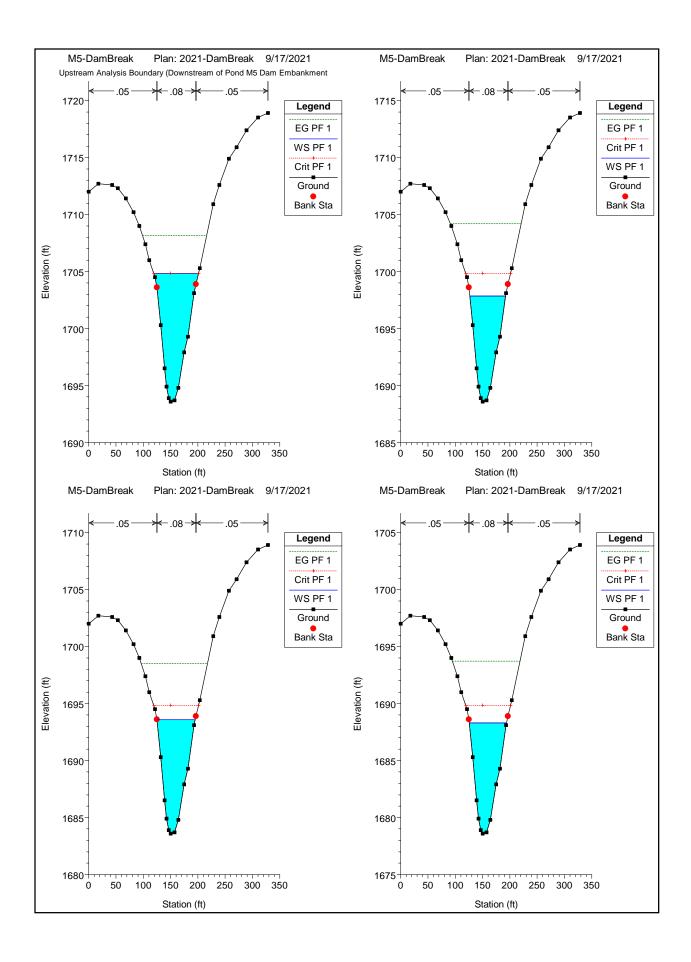
HEC-RAS Plan: 2021-DamBreak River: RIVER-1 Reach: Reach-1 Profile: PF 1

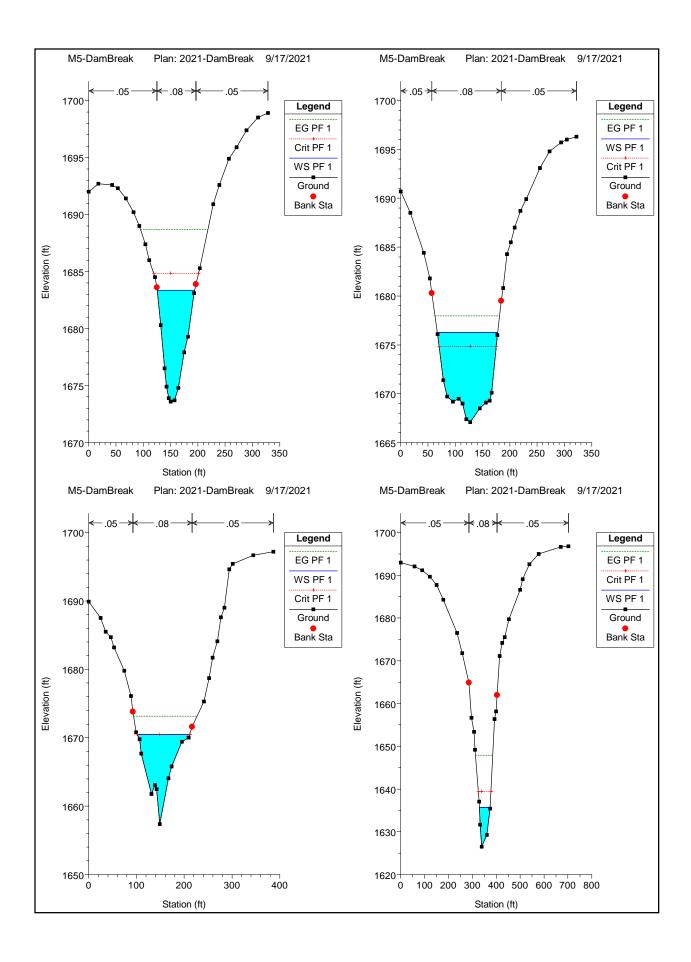
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Max Chl Dpth	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
Reach-1	148.7	PF 1	7506.00	1693.60	1704.84	11.24	1704.84	1708.17	0.048248	14.66	515.70	82.15	0.97
Reach-1	148.6	PF 1	7506.00	1688.60	1697.85	9.24	1699.84	1704.21	0.125034	20.23	371.03	65.36	1.50
Reach-1	148.5	PF 1	7506.00	1683.60	1693.59	9.99	1694.84	1698.52	0.089554	17.82	421.32	69.88	1.28
Reach-1	148.3	PF 1	7506.00	1678.60	1688.32	9.72	1689.84	1693.72	0.100766	18.65	402.39	68.06	1.35
Reach-1	148	PF 1	7506.00	1673.60	1683.35	9.74	1684.84	1688.70	0.099505	18.56	404.37	68.25	1.34
Reach-1	147	PF 1	7506.00	1667.10	1676.27	9.17	1674.86	1677.96	0.026877	10.41	720.76	110.77	0.72
Reach-1	146	PF 1	7506.00	1657.40	1670.50	13.10	1670.50	1673.15	0.057845	13.05	574.96	110.06	1.01
Reach-1	145	PF 1	7506.00	1626.50	1635.72	9.22	1639.45	1647.93	0.250702	28.03	267.77	45.74	2.04
Reach-1	144	PF 1	7506.00	1611.70	1622.02	10.32	1621.68	1625.04	0.047311	13.95	538.20	78.01	0.94
Reach-1	143	PF 1	7506.00	1604.20	1615.37	11.17		1617.11	0.024091	10.59	709.08	95.64	0.69
Reach-1	142	PF 1	7506.00	1593.70	1601.40	7.70	1601.40	1604.05	0.055595	13.06	574.71	108.73	1.00
Reach-1	141	PF 1	7506.00	1583.10	1587.97	4.86	1587.00	1588.86	0.026773	7.57	991.75	250.99	0.67
Reach-1	140	PF 1	7506.00	1575.20	1578.74	3.54		1579.39	0.028462	6.49	1155.73	386.79	0.66
Reach-1	139	PF 1	7506.00	1569.70	1573.82	4.12	1572.12	1574.03	0.007501	3.68	2092.52	795.71	0.35

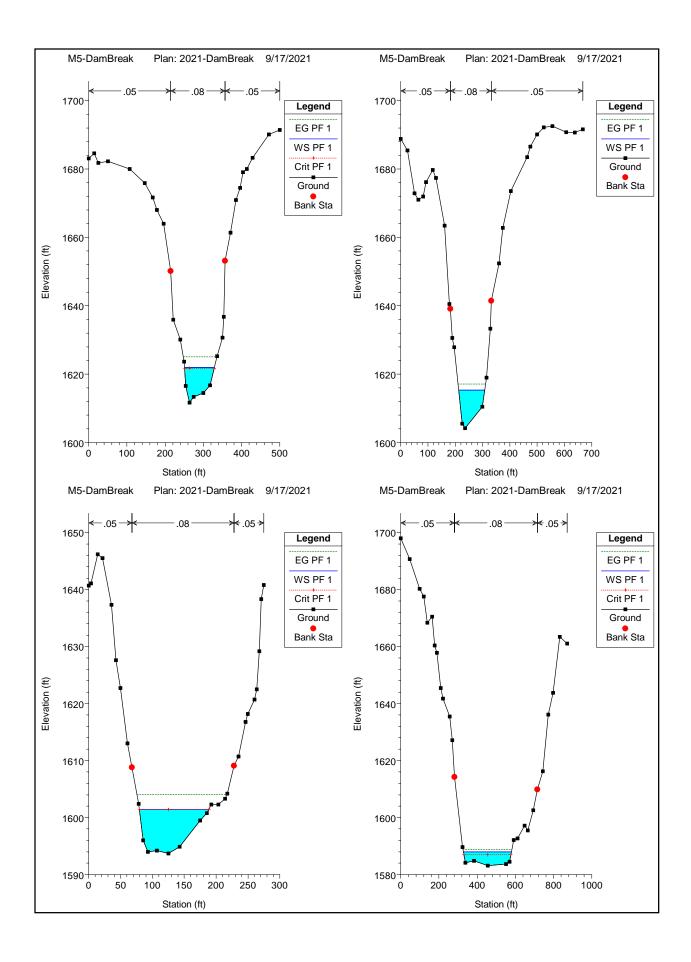


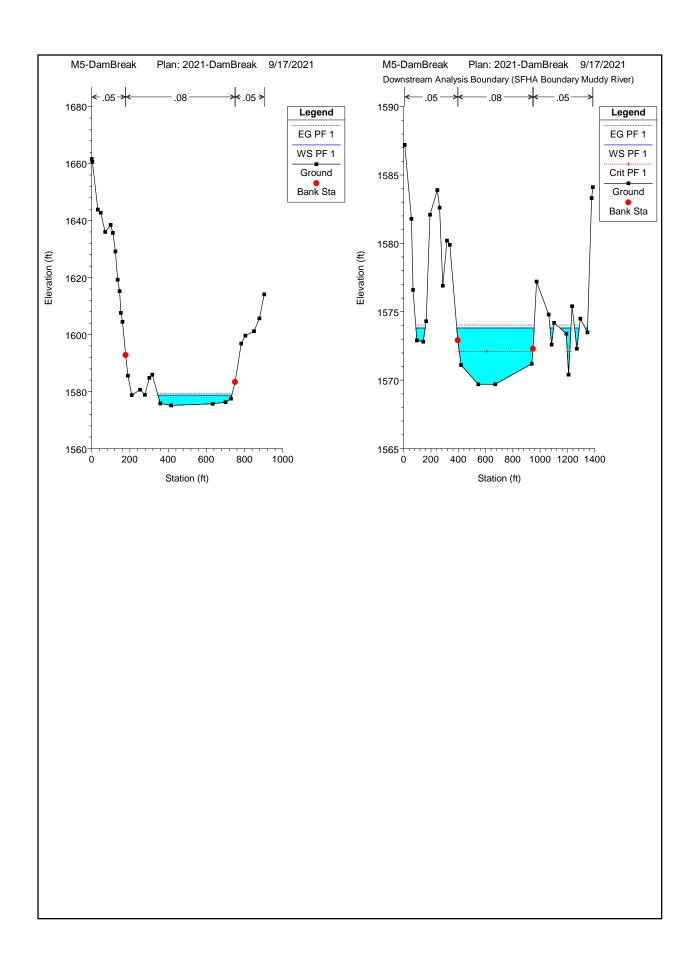


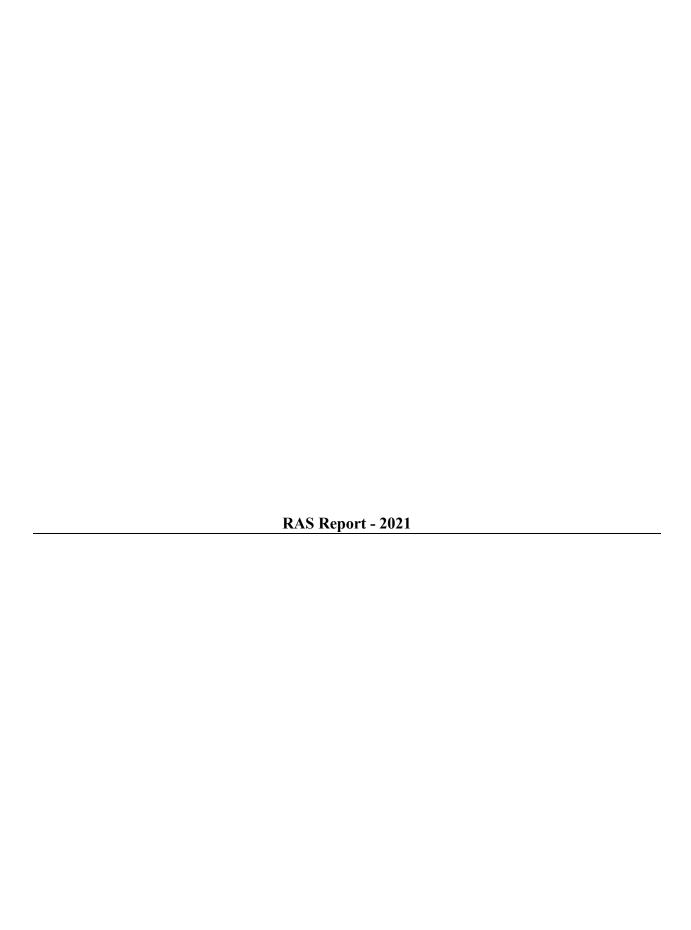












HEC-RAS HEC-RAS 5.0.7 March 2019 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering Center 609 Second Street Davis, California

Х	Х	XXXXXX	XX	XX		XX	XX	Х	X	XXXX
Χ			Χ				Х	Χ		Χ
Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ			Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
XXX	XXXX		Х		XXX	XX	XX	XXX	XXX	XXXX
Χ	Χ		Χ			Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х
Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х
Χ	X	XXXXXX	XX	XX		Χ	X	X	Х	XXXXX

PROJECT DATA
Project Title: M5-DamBreak
Project File: M5-DamBreak.prj
Run Date and Time: 9/17/2021 2:45:32 PM

Project in English units

Project Description: 2021 NVE Pond M5 Dam Breach Emergency Inundation Steady State Analysis Embankment to Muddy River SFHA

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: 2021-DamBreak
Plan File: p:\NVEnergy\NVE01918_CCR_2021_Mesa_LF_M5M7\900_Working_Documents\M5_M7_Hazard_Classification\2021_Calcs\HEC-RAS\M5-DamBreak.p09

Geometry Title: 2021 Shortened Geometry - SFHA Limits

Geometry File:
p:\NVEnergy\NVE01918_CCR_2021_Mesa_LF_M5M7\900_Working_Documents\M5_M7_Hazard_Classification\2021_Calcs\HEC-RAS\M5-DamBreak.g02

Flow Title : 2021-DamBreak

Flow File

p:\NVEnergy\NVE01918_CCR_2021_Mesa_LF_M5M7\900_Working_Documents\M5_M7_Hazard_Classification\2021_Calcs\HEC-RAS\M5-DamBreak.f04

Plan Summary Information: Number of: Cross Sections =

Multiple Openings = Cul verts 0 Inline Structures = Lateral Structures = n Bri dges 0

Computational Information
Water surface calculation tolerance = 0.01 Maximum number of iterations = 0.3

Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3

Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3 = 20 = 0.3 = 0.001 Flow tolerance factor

Critical depth computed only where necessary
Conveyance Calculation Method: Between every coordinate point (HEC2 Style)
Friction Slope Method: Average Conveyance

Computational Flow Regime: Mixed Flow

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: 2021-DamBreak

Flow File: p:\NVEnergy\NVE01918_CCR_2021_Mesa_LF_M5M7\900_Working_Documents\M5_M7_Hazard_Classification\2021_Calcs\HEC-RAS\M5-DamBreak.f04

Flow Data (cfs)

Ri ver Reach RI VER-1 Reach-1 148.7 7506

Boundary Conditions

Ri ver Profile Upstream Downstream RI VER-1 Reach-1 PF 1 Cri ti cal Normal S = 0.0075

GEOMETRY DATA

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1 REACH: Reach-1

RS: 148.7

INPUT

Description: Upstream Analysis Boundary (Downstream of Pond M5 Dam Embankment)

Station E	levation	Data	num=	30					
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	1712	17.8	1712.7	42.8	1712.6	53.5	1712.3	67.8	1711.4
82. 1	1710.2	92.8	1709	103.5	1707.4	110.6	1706	121.3	1704.5
124. 9	1703.6	132	1700.3	139. 1	1696.5	142.7	1694.9	146.3	1693. 9
149.8	1693.6	157	1693.7	164.1	1694.8	174.8	1697. 9	181. 9	1699.3
192.6	1703.1	196. 2	1703.9	203.4	1705.3	228.3	1710.9	239	1712.6
256. 9	1714.9	271.1	1715.9	289	1717.4	310.4	1718.5	328. 2	1718. 9

Manning's n Values num= n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 196. 2 . 05 0 . 05 124. 9 . 08

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Ri ght Coeff Contr. Expan. 124. 9 196. 2 50 50

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1708. 17	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	3. 33	Wt. n-Val.	0.050	0.080	0.050
W.S. Elev (ft)	1704.84	Reach Len. (ft)	50.00	50.00	50.00
Crit W.S. (ft)	1704.84	Flow Area (sq ft)	3. 25	510. 18	2. 27
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.048248	Area (sq ft)	3. 25	510. 18	2. 27
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)	16.34	7480.82	8.84
Top Width (ft)	82. 15	Top Width (ft)	6. 02	71.30	4.83
Vel Total (ft/s)	14.56	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	5. 02	14.66	3.90
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	11. 24	Hydr. Depth (ft)	0.54	7. 16	0.47
Conv. Total (cfs)	34171.9	Conv. (cfs)	74.4	34057.3	40.2
Length Wtd. (ft)	50.00	Wetted Per. (ft)	6. 16	74.88	4. 92
Min Ch El (ft)	1693.60	Shear (lb/sq ft)	1. 59	20.52	1.39
Al pha	1. 01	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	8. 00	300.94	5.41
Frctn Loss (ft)	3. 67	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0.33	47. 58	0.47
C & E Loss (ft)	0.30	Cum SA (acres)	0.42	11. 25	0.64

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical

depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1

RS: 148.6 REACH: Reach-1

INPUT Description:

Station E	levation	Data	num=	30					
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	1707	17.8	1707.7	42.8	1707.6	53.5	1707.3	67.8	1706.4
82. 1	1705.2	92.8	1704	103.5	1702.4	110.6	1701	121.3	1699.5
124.9	1698.6	132	1695.3	139. 1	1691.5	142.7	1689. 9	146.3	1688. 9
149.8	1688.6	157	1688.7	164.1	1689.8	174.8	1692. 9	181. 9	1694.3
192.6	1698.1	196. 2	1698. 9	203.4	1700.3	228.3	1705.9	239	1707.6
256. 9	1709.9	271.1	1710.9	289	1712.4	310.4	1713.5	328. 2	1713.9

Manning's n Values num= 3 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 124. 9 196. 2 . 05 . 08 . 05

Lengths: Left Channel Bank Sta: Left Right Ri ght Coeff Contr. Expan. 196. 2

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1704. 21	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	6.36	Wt. n-Val.		0.080	-
W.S. Elev (ft)	1697.85	Reach Len. (ft)	50.00	50.00	50.00
Crit W.S. (ft)	1699.84	Flow Area (sq ft)		371.03	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0. 125034	Area (sq ft)		371.03	
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)		7506.00	
Top Width (ft)	65.36	Top Width (ft)		65.36	
Vel Total (ft/s)	20. 23	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		20. 23	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	9. 24	Hydr. Depth (ft)		5. 68	
Conv. Total (cfs)	21227.3	Conv. (cfs)		21227.3	
Length Wtd. (ft)	50.00	Wetted Per. (ft)		68. 63	
Min Ch El (ft)	1688.60	Shear (lb/sq ft)		42. 20	
Al pha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		853.67	
Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Length Wtd. (ft) Min Ch El (ft)	20. 23 9. 24 21227. 3 50. 00 1688. 60	Avg. Vel. (ft/s) Hydr. Depth (ft) Conv. (cfs) Wetted Per. (ft) Shear (lb/sq ft)		20. 23 5. 68 21227. 3 68. 63 42. 20	

```
Frctn Loss (ft)
C & E Loss (ft)
                                                 5.25 Cum Volume (acre-ft)
0.43 Cum SA (acres)
                                                                                                                  0. 33
0. 42
                                                                                                                                                         0. 47
0. 64
```

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross

warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m), between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: RIVER-1				
REACH: Reach-1	RS: 148.5			
INPUT				
Description:				
Station Elevation Data	num= 3	30		
Sta Elev Sta			Elev Sta	El ev
	1702.7 4			1701. 4
82. 1 1700. 2 92. 8				1694. 5
124.9 1693.6 132	1690.3 13	39. 1 1686. 5 142. 7 168	84.9 146.3	1683. 9
		64. 1 1684. 8 174. 8 168		1689. 3
192. 6 1693. 1 196. 2	1693.9 20	03.4 1695.3 228.3 170	00.9 239	1702. 6
256. 9 1704. 9 271. 1	1705.9	289 1707. 4 310. 4 170	08. 5 328. 2	1708. 9
Manning's n Values	num=	3		
	n Val	Sta n Val		
0 . 05 124. 9	. 08 19	96. 2 . 05		
Bank Sta: Left Right	Lenaths: Le	eft Channel Right (Coeff Contr.	Expan.
124. 9 196. 2		50 50 50	. 1	. 3
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Pro	file #PF 1			
E.G. Elev (ft)	1698. 52	Element	Left OB	Channel Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	4. 93	Wt. n-Val.		0.080
W.S. Elev (ft)	1693. 59		50.00	50.00 50.00
	1694.84	Flow Area (sq ft)		421. 32
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.089554	Area (sq ft)		421. 32
0 Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)		7506.00
Top Width (ft)	69.88	Top Width (ft)		69. 88
Vel Total (ft/s)	17. 82 9. 99	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		17. 82
Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs)	9. 99 25082. 2	Hydr. Depth (ft) Conv. (cfs)		6. 03 25082. 2
Length Wtd. (ft)	50.00	Wetted Per. (ft)		73. 42
Min Ch El (ft)	1683. 60	Shear (Ib/sq ft)		32. 08
Al pha	1. 00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		571. 55
Frctn Loss (ft)	4. 75	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0. 33	46, 62 0, 47
C & E Loss (ft)	0. 05	Cum SA (acres)	0. 42	11. 09 0. 64

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross

sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1					
REACH: Reach-1	RS: 148.3				
INPUT					
Description:					
Station Elevation Data	num= 30				
Station Elevation bata	Elev Sta	El ev Sta	Elev Sta	Elev	
	1697.7 42.8			1696. 4	
82.1 1695.2 92.8			1691 121.3		
	1685. 3 139. 1		1679. 9 146. 3		
	1678. 7 164. 1		1682.9 181.9		
192.6 1688.1 196.2			1695. 9 239		
256. 9 1699. 9 271. 1	1700.9 289		1703. 5 328. 2	1703. 9	
250. 7 1077. 7 271. 1	1700.7 207	1702.4 310.4	1703.3 320.2	1703. 7	
Manning's n Values	num= 3				
Sta n Val Sta	n Val Sta	n Val			
0 .05 124.9	. 08 196. 2				
0 .00 124.7	.00 170.2	. 00			
Bank Sta: Left Right	Lengths: Left	Channel Right	Coeff Contr.	Expan.	
124. 9 196. 2	50	50 50	. 1	. 3	
12117 17012		00 00		. 0	
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Pro	ofile #PF 1				
E.G. Elev (ft)	1693. 72 EI	ement	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)		. n-Val.	LCT COD	0. 080	Ki giit ob
W. S. Elev (ft)		ach Len. (ft)	50.00	50.00	50.00
Crit W.S. (ft)		ow Area (sq ft)	30.00	402.39	30.00
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)		ea (sq ft)		402.39	
Q Total (cfs)		ow (cfs)		7506.00	
Top Width (ft)		p Width (ft)		68.06	
Vel Total (ft/s)		g. Vel. (ft/s)		18. 65	
vei iotai (11/5)	10.00 AV	g. vei. (IL/S)		10.00	

Max Chl Dpth (ft)	9. 72	Hydr. Depth (ft)		5. 91	
Conv. Total (cfs)	23645.7	Conv. (cfs)		23645.7	
Length Wtd. (ft)	50.00	Wetted Per. (ft)		71. 51	
Min Ch El (ft)	1678.60	Shear (Ib/sq ft)		35.40	
Al pha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		660.33	
Frctn Loss (ft)	5. 01	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0.33	46. 15	0.47
C & E Loss (ft)	0.02	Cum SA (acres)	0.42	11.01	0.64

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1 REACH: Reach-1 RS: 148

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 30 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta EI ev Sta El ev 1692. 7 1689 17.8 92.8 42. 8 103. 5 1692. 6 1687. 4 1691.4 0 1692 53. 5 110. 6 1692. 3 1686 67.8 121.3 82. 1 1690. 2 1684.5 124.9 1683.6 132 1680.3 139.1 1676.5 142.7 1674.9 146.3 1673.9 149.8 1673.6 192.6 1683.1 157 196. 2 1677. 9 1673. 7 1683. 9 164.1 1674.8 174.8 181.9 1679.3 203.4 1685.3 228. 3 1690. 9 239 1692.6 256. 9 1694. 9 271.1 1695.9 289 1697.4 310.4 1698.5 328. 2 1698.9

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .05 124.9 .08 196.2 .05

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 124.9 196.2 190 190 190 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

F 0 FI (61)	4/00 70	F1 .			D: 1 . 0D
E.G. Elev (ft)	1688. 70	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	5. 35	Wt. n-Val.		0.080	
W.S. Elev (ft)	1683.35	Reach Len. (ft)	190.00	190.00	190.00
Crit W.S. (ft)	1684.84	Flow Area (sq ft)		404.37	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.099505	Area (sq ft)		404.37	
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)		7506.00	
Top Width (ft)	68. 25	Top Width (ft)		68. 25	
Vel Total (ft/s)	18. 56	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		18. 56	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	9.74	Hydr. Depth (ft)		5. 92	
Conv. Total (cfs)	23795.0	Conv. (cfs)		23795.0	
Length Wtd. (ft)	190.00	Wetted Per. (ft)		71. 71	
Min Ch El (ft)	1673.60	Shear (Ib/sq ft)		35.03	
Al pha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		650. 23	
Frctn Loss (ft)	6. 70	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0.33	45.69	0.47
C & E Loss (ft)	0.49	Cum SA (acres)	0.42	10. 93	0.64

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1 REACH: Reach-1 RS: 147

INPUT Description:

Station Elevation Data Sta Elev St num= 30 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev 0 1690.7 17. 7 77. 9 1688.5 42. 5 84. 9 1684.4 53. 1 95. 6 1681.8 1680.3 67. 2 1671.4 106. 2 155. 7 1669.5 1676.1 1669.7 1669.2 120. 3 1667. 4 127. 4 1667.1 145. 1 1669. 1 113.2 1669 1668.5 162.8 1669.3 166. 3 201. 7 1670. 1 1685. 5 177 1676 184 1679.5 187.6 1680.8 194.6 1684.3 208.8 219. 4 1687 1688.7 230 1689.9 254. 8 1693. 1 293. 7 1695.7 1696

 Manning's n Values
 num=
 3

 Sta n Val
 Sta n Val
 Sta n Val

 0
 .05
 56.6
 .08
 184
 .05

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 56.6 184 124 124 124 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft) Vel Head (ft)	1677. 96 1. 69	Element Wt. n-Val.	Left OB	Channel 0.080	Right OB
W.S. Elev (ft)	1676. 27	Reach Len. (ft)	124.00	124.00	124.00
Crit W.S. (ft)	1674.86	Flow Area (sq ft)		720. 76	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.026877	Area (sq ft)		720.76	
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)		7506.00	
Top Width (ft)	110. 77	Top Width (ft)		110.77	
Vel Total (ft/s)	10.41	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		10.41	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	9. 17	Hydr. Depth (ft)		6. 51	

Conv. Total (cfs)	45784.6	Conv. (cfs)		45784.6	
Length Wtd. (ft)	124.00	Wetted Per. (ft)		113. 96	
Min Ch El (ft)	1667. 10	Shear (Ib/sq ft)		10.61	
Al pha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		110. 51	
Frctn Loss (ft)	4.71	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0. 33	43. 23	0.47
C & E Loss (ft)	0. 10	Cum SA (acres)	0.42	10.54	0.64

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m), between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section. Note:

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: RIVER-1 RS: 146 REACH: Reach-1 INPUT Description: Station Elevation Data num= 30 Sta Elev Sta Flev Sta 35.5 FLev Sta FLev Sta 53. 2 Flev 1689. 9 24.8 1687.5 1683. 2 0 1685.5 46. 1 1684.7 74.5 1679.8 88.7 1676.1 92 2 1673.8 00 3 1670.8 106. 4 1669.8 138. 4 110 149 1667.7 131.3 141.9 1657.4 1661.8 1663.1 1662.5 173.8 195. 1 209.3 216.4 166.7 1664.1 1665.8 1669.4 1670 1671.6 241 2 1675.3 251. 9 294. 4 1678 7 259 1681 7 269. 6 1684 1 276. 7 386. 7 1687. 6 1697. 2 344. 1 283.8 301.5 1689 1694.6 1695.4 1696.7 Manning's n Values num= Sta n Val Sta n Val n Val Sta . 05 92.2 . 08 216.4 Bank Sta: Left Ri ght Lengths: Left Channel Ri ght Coeff Contr. Expan. 92.2 216. 4 410.01 230.01 110.01 CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1673. 15	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	2.65	Wt. n-Val.		0.080	
W.S. Elev (ft)	1670.50	Reach Len. (ft)	410.01	230.01	110.01
Crit W.S. (ft)	1670.50	Flow Area (sq ft)		574.96	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.057845	Area (sq ft)		574.96	
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)		7506.00	
Top Width (ft)	110.06	Top Width (ft)		110.06	
Vel Total (ft/s)	13.05	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		13.05	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	13. 10	Hydr. Depth (ft)		5. 22	
Conv. Total (cfs)	31208.6	Conv. (cfs)		31208.6	
Length Wtd. (ft)	230. 01	Wetted Per. (ft)		115.09	
Min Ch El (ft)	1657.40	Shear (Ib/sq ft)		18.04	
Al pha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		235.52	
Frctn Loss (ft)	24. 27	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0. 33	41.39	0.47
C & E Loss (ft)	0. 96	Cum SA (acres)	0.42	10. 23	0.64

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical

depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1 RS: 145 REACH: Reach-1 INPUT Description: Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta num= 30 Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev 0 1693 57.1 1692.1 89. 2 1691. 2 121. 3 1689.7 149.8 1687.7 178 3 1684 3 235 4 1676 5 256.8 1671 8 285 3 1664 9 296 1656 7 1653. 4 310. 3 1649. 2 328. 1 306.7 1637.1 331.7 1631.7 338.8 1626.5 360. 2 413. 7 374. 5 424. 4 403 499. 3 1629. 3 1635.4 392.3 1656.4 399.4 1658.2 1662 1675.5 452.9 435.1 1686.6 1671.1 1674.2 1679.7 510 1689.1 538. 5 1692.6 577.7 702.5 1695 670.4 1696.6 1696.8 Manning's n Values num= n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 285.3 Ω 05 08 403 05 Bank Sta: Left Ri ght Lengths: Left Channel Ri ght Coeff Contr. Expan. 285.3 403 150 200 270

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1647. 93	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	12. 21	Wt. n-Val.		0.080	
W.S. Elev (ft)	1635.72	Reach Len. (ft)	150.00	200.00	270.00
Crit W.S. (ft)	1639. 45	Flow Area (sq ft)		267.77	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0. 250702	Area (sq ft)		267.77	
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)		7506.00	
Top Width (ft)	45.74	Top Width (ft)		45.74	
Vel Total (ft/s)	28. 03	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		28. 03	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	9. 22	Hydr. Depth (ft)		5.85	
Conv. Total (cfs)	14991.0	Conv. (cfs)		14991.0	
Length Wtd. (ft)	200.00	Wetted Per. (ft)		51. 17	
Min Ch El (ft)	1626.50	Shear (lb/sq ft)		81. 90	
Al pha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		2295.88	
Frctn Loss (ft)	10. 31	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0. 33	39. 16	0.47
C & E Loss (ft)	0. 38	Cum SA (acres)	0.42	9.82	0.64

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

Program found supercritical flow starting at this cross section. Note:

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1 RS: 144 REACH: Reach-1 INPUT Description: Station Elevation Data num= FLev Sta Sta 14. 3 FLev Sta 25 FLev FLev Sta Elev Sta 1683.1 1684.6 1681.8 50 1682.2 1680 178. 5 249. 9 146. 4 1675. 9 167.8 1671.7 1668 196.3 1664 214.2 1650.1 239. 2 299. 9 1616. 6 1625. 3 221.3 1635.9 1630.1 1623.7 253.5 264.2 1611.7 274. 9 1613. 4 1614.5 1616. 7 335.6 1630.7 353.4 1636.8 357 1653.1 371.3 1661.4 385. 5 471. 2 1670.9 396. 3 499. 8 1674.5 403.4 414.1 428.4 1683. 3 1680 1690.1 1691.4 1679 Manning's n Values num= 3 n Val Sta n Val Sta Sta n Val 214. 2 0 . 05 . 08 357 . 05 Lengths: Left Channel Ri ght Bank Sta: Left Ri ght Coeff Contr. Expan.

214.2 357 159, 99 230, 01 300

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft) Vel Head (ft)	1625. 04 3. 02	Element Wt. n-Val.	Left OB	Channel 0, 080	Right OB
W.S. Elev (ft) Crit W.S. (ft)	1622. 02 1621. 68	Reach Len. (ft) Flow Area (sq ft)	159. 99	230. 01 538. 20	300.00
E.G. Slope (ft/ft) Q Total (cfs)	0. 047311 7506. 00	Area (sq ft) Flow (cfs)		538. 20 7506. 00	
Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s)	78. 01 13. 95	Top Width (ft) Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		78. 01 13. 95	
Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Length Wtd. (ft)	10. 32 34508. 8 230. 01	Hydr. Depth (ft) Conv. (cfs) Wetted Per. (ft)		6. 90 34508. 8 83. 91	
Min Ch El (ft) Alpha	1611. 70 1. 00	Shear (Ib/sq ft) Stream Power (Ib/ft s)		18. 94 264. 20	
Frctn Loss (ft) C & E Loss (ft)	7. 55 0. 38	Cum Volume (acre-ft) Cum SA (acres)	0. 33 0. 42	37. 31 9. 53	0. 47 0. 64

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section. Note:

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1 RS: 143 REACH: Reach-1

INPUT

Description:

Station E	levation	Data	num=	30					
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	1688.8	25	1685.4	49.9	1672.9	64.2	1671	82	1671. 9
92.7	1676. 1	117.7	1679.7	128.4	1677.4	160.5	1663.4	178.3	1640.5
181. 9	1639.1	189	1630.6	196.1	1627.9	224.6	1605.5	235.3	1604.2
299.5	1610.5	313.8	1619	328.1	1633.3	331.6	1641.4	360.2	1652.4
374.4	1662.8	402.9	1673.5	463.6	1683.4	474.3	1686.5	499. 2	1690.1
524.2	1692.1	556.3	1692.5	606.2	1690.7	638.3	1690.6	666.8	1691.6

	num= ta n Val .9 .08 3	3 Sta n Val 331.6 .05			
Bank Sta: Left Right 181.9 331.6	Lengths: I	Left Channel Right 360 370 410	Coeff Contr. .1	Expan. . 3	
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT	Profile #PF 1				
E.G. Elev (ft) Vel Head (ft)	1617. 11 1. 74	Element Wt. n-Val.	Left OB	Channel 0.080	Right OB
W.S. Elev (ft) Crit W.S. (ft)	1615. 37	Reach Len. (ft) Flow Area (sq ft)	360.00	370. 00 709. 08	410.00
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.024091			709.08	
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)		7506.00	
Top Width (ft)	95.64	Top Width (ft)		95.64	
Vel Total (ft/s)	10. 59	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		10.59	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	11. 17	Hydr. Depth (ft)		7.41	
Conv. Total (cfs)		Conv. (cfs)		48359.6	
Length Wtd. (ft)	370.00	Wetted Per. (ft)		100. 78	
Min Ch El (ft)	1604. 20	Shear (Ib/sq ft)		10. 58	
Al pha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s		112. 02	
Frctn Loss (ft)	12. 97	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0. 33	34.02	0.47
C & E Loss (ft)	0.09	Cum SA (acres)	0.42	9. 07	0.64

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: RIVER-1 REACH: Reach-1 RS: 142 INPUT Description: Station Elevation Data num= 30 Elev Elev Sta Elev Elev Sta Sta El ev Sta Sta 0 1640.7 3. 6 49. 9 1641.1 14.3 1646.2 21.4 1645.5 1637.3 42.8 1627.6 1622.7 60.6 1613 67.8 1608.8 78.5 1602.4 142.7 107 1594. 2 85.6 1596 92.8 1594 124.9 1593.7 1594.9 174.8 1599.5 185. 5 1600.8 192.6 1602.3 203.3 1602.3 214 1603.3 228.3 249.7 217.6 1604.2 1609.1 235.4 1610.7 246.1 1616.8 1618.2 260.4 1620.7 264 1622.5 267.6 1629.2 1638.3 1640.8 Manning's n Values num= 3 Sta n Val n Val Sta n Val Sta 0 . 05 67.8 . 08 228.3 . 05 Coeff Contr Bank Sta: Left Ri ght Lengths: Left Channel Expan. 67.8 228.3 370 340 310 3 CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 E.G. Elev (ft) 1604.05 Element Left OB Channel Right OB Vel Head (ft) W.S. Elev (ft) Crit W.S. (ft) 2.65 1601.40 Wt. n-Val. 0.080 Reach Len. (ft) 370.00 340.00 1601. 40 Flow Area (sq ft) E.G. Slope (ft/ft) 0.055595 Area (sq ft) 574 71 0 Total (cfs) 7506.00 Flow (cfs) 7506.00 Top Width (ft)
Avg. Vel. (ft/s)
Hydr. Depth (ft) Top Width (ft) 108.73 Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft) 13.06 7.70 13.06 5. 29 Conv. Total (cfs) Length Wtd. (ft) 31833.9 Conv. (cfs) Wetted Per. (ft) 31833.9

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross

0.33

0.42

310.00

0.47

0.64

111.60

233.45

17.87

28.57

sections.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Shear (Ib/sq ft)

Cum SA (acres)

Stream Power (lb/ft s)

Cum Volume (acre-ft)

340.00

1593.70

1.00

12.69

0.53

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

Min Ch El (ft)

Frctn Loss (ft)

C & E Loss (ft)

Al pha

RI VER: RI VER-1

REACH: Reach-1 RS: 141

```
Description:
Station Elevation Data
                                  num=
                                               30
              Elev
                          Sta
                                    Elev
                                                Sta
                                                         Elev
                                                                     Sta
                                                                              Elev
                                                                                          Sta
      Sta
                        46. 3
177. 9
                                                                           1677. 5
1645. 4
                                                                                       138. 8
220. 6
         Ω
                1698
                                  1690.7
                                               99.6
                                                      1680. 2
                                                                     121
                                                                                                1668.4
    163.7
             1670.5
                                              188.6
                                                                  209.9
                                  1660.4
                                                      1657.8
                                                                                                1641.7
             1635.5
                        270.4
                                  1627.1
                                              281.1
                                                                   323.8
                                                                            1589.6
                                                                                          338
    256.2
                                                       1614.2
                        455. 4
647. 5
                                             551. 5
665. 3
                                                      1583. 7
1595. 5
                                                                  569. 3
693. 8
                                                                                       590. 6
715. 1
    384.3 1584.8
                                  1583.1
                                                                            1584.5
                                                                                                1592.1
                                  1597. 2
      612 1592.7
                                                                            1602.6
                                                                                                1609.9
                        772.1
                                                      1643.8
Manning's n Values
                                  num=
           n Val
                          Sta
                                 n Val
                                                Sta
                                                        n Val
                                             715. 1
                                                          . 05
        0
                . 05
                        281.1
                                     . 08
Bank Sta: Left Right 281.1 715.1
                                  Lengths: Left Channel
                                                                 Ri ght
                                                                              Coeff Contr.
                                                                                                  Expan.
                                              250
                                                         340
                                                                    405
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1
  E.G. Elev (ft)
                                   1588.86
                                                 Element
                                                                                   Left OB
                                                                                                  Channel
                                                                                                               Right OB
  Vel Head (ft)
W.S. Elev (ft)
Crit W.S. (ft)
                                   0.89
1587.97
                                                 Wt. n-Val.
Reach Len. (ft)
                                                                                                   0.080
                                                                                   250.00
                                                                                                  340.00
                                                                                                                405.00
                                   1587.00
                                                 Flow Area (sq ft)
                                                                                                  991.75
  E.G. Slope (ft/ft)
Q Total (cfs)
                                  0.026773
                                                 Area (sq ft)
Flow (cfs)
                                                                                                  991.75
                                   7506.00
                                                                                                 7506.00
                                                 Top Width (ft)
Avg. Vel. (ft/s)
Hydr. Depth (ft)
  Top Width (ft)
Vel Total (ft/s)
                                    250. 99
7. 57
                                                                                                 250.99
                                                                                                    7.57
  Max Chl Dpth (ft)
                                       4.86
                                                                                                    3.95
  Conv. Total (cfs)
Length Wtd. (ft)
                                   45873. 7
340. 00
                                                 Conv. (cfs)
Wetted Per. (ft)
                                                                                                 45873.7
                                                                                                  252.36
                                                 Shear (Ib/sq ft)
Stream Power (Ib/ft s)
Cum Volume (acre-ft)
  Min Ch El (ft)
                                   1583. 10
                                                                                                    6.57
  Al pha
Frctn Loss (ft)
                                       1.00
                                                                                                   49.71
                                       9. 38
                                                                                      0.33
                                                                                                   22. 45
                                                                                                                  0.47
  C & E Loss (ft)
                                       0.07
                                                 Cum SA (acres)
                                                                                      0.42
                                                                                                    6.80
                                                                                                                  0.64
```

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

INPUT

RIVER: RIVER-1

REACH: Reach-1 RS: 140

INPUT Description:

Station E	levation	Data	num=	30					
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	El ev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	1661.6	3.6	1660.6	32	1643.9	46.2	1642.7	71.1	1636
99. 6	1638.5	110.2	1635.7	124.5	1629. 2	135.1	1619.3	145.8	1615. 2
152. 9	1607.6	160	1604.5	177.8	1592.8	188.5	1585.6	209.8	1578.8
252. 5	1580.6	277.4	1578.9	302.3	1584.8	316.5	1585.9	359. 2	1575.8
416. 1	1575. 2	633	1575.7	700.6	1576.3	729. 1	1577.5	750.4	1583.4
782. 4	1596.8	803.7	1599. 6	850	1601. 2	878. 4	1605. 7	903. 3	1614. 1
Manni ng' s	n Values	5	num=	3					

Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val . 08 . 05 177.8 750.4

Bank Sta: Left Ri ght Lengths: Left Channel Ri ght Coeff Contr. Expan. 177. 8 750. 4 480 400

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1579.39	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.66	Wt. n-Val.		0.080	
W.S. Elev (ft)	1578.74	Reach Len. (ft)	480.00	400.00	330.00
Crit W.S. (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)		1155.73	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.028462	Area (sq ft)		1155.73	
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)		7506.00	
Top Width (ft)	386.79	Top Width (ft)		386.79	
Vel Total (ft/s)	6.49	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		6.49	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	3.54	Hydr. Depth (ft)		2. 99	
Conv. Total (cfs)	44491.7	Conv. (cfs)		44491.7	
Length Wtd. (ft)	399.09	Wetted Per. (ft)		387.33	
Min Ch El (ft)	1575. 20	Shear (lb/sq ft)		5.30	
Al pha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		34.43	
Frctn Loss (ft)	5. 23	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0.33	14.07	0.47
C & E Loss (ft)	0.14	Cum SA (acres)	0.42	4. 31	0.64

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RI VER: RI VER-1

REACH: Reach-1 RS: 139

INPUT

Description: Downstream Analysis Boundary (SFHA Boundary Muddy River)

Station E	levation	Data	num=	30					
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
7. 1	1587. 2	57	1581.8	67.7	1576.6	96. 2	1572. 9	142.6	1572.8
163. 9	1574.3	192.5	1582.1	245.9	1583.9	263.7	1582.6	285.1	1576. 9
317.2	1580. 2	338.6	1579. 9	395.6	1572. 9	420.6	1571.1	545.3	1569.7
670	1569.7	937.3	1571.2	948	1572.3	973	1577. 2	1062.1	1574.8
1083.5	1572.6	1101.3	1574.2	1190.4	1573.4	1208.2	1570.4	1233.2	1575.4
1268.8	1572.3	1293.7	1574.5	1347.2	1573.5	1375.7	1583.3	1386.4	1584.1

 Manning's n Values
 num=
 3

 Sta
 n Val
 Sta
 n Val
 Sta
 n Val

 7.1
 .05
 395.6
 .08
 948
 .05

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right 395.6 948 0 0 0 Coeff Contr. Expan.

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1574. 03	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0. 20	Wt. n-Val.	0.050	0.080	0.050
W.S. Elev (ft)	1573.82	Reach Len. (ft)			
Crit W.S. (ft)	1572. 12	Flow Area (sq ft)	59. 18	1909. 29	124.05
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.007501	Area (sq ft)	59. 18	1909. 29	124.05
Q Total (cfs)	7506.00	Flow (cfs)	136. 12	7020. 01	349.87
Top Width (ft)	795. 71	Top Width (ft)	75. 49	552.40	167.81
Vel Total (ft/s)	3. 59	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	2.30	3.68	2.82
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	4. 12	Hydr. Depth (ft)	0. 78	3.46	0.74
Conv. Total (cfs)	86667.5	Conv. (cfs)	1571.7	81056.1	4039.7
Length Wtd. (ft)		Wetted Per. (ft)	75. 64	552.53	168.86
Min Ch El (ft)	1569.70	Shear (Ib/sq ft)	0.37	1.62	0.34
Al pha	1.02	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	0.84	5. 95	0. 97
Frctn Loss (ft)		Cum Volume (acre-ft)			
C & E Loss (ft)		Cum SA (acres)			

Warning: Divided flow computed for this cross-section.

SUMMARY OF MANNING'S N VALUES

Ri ver: RI VER-1

Reach	River Sta.	n1	n2	n3
Reach-1	148.7	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	148. 6	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	148. 5	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	148. 3	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	148	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	147	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	146	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	145	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	144	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	143	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	142	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	141	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	140	. 05	. 08	. 05
Reach-1	139	. 05	. 08	. 05

SUMMARY OF REACH LENGTHS

River: RIVER-1

Reach	River Sta.	Left	Channel	Ri ght
Reach-1	148. 7	50	50	50
Reach-1	148.6	50	50	50
Reach-1	148.5	50	50	50
Reach-1	148.3	50	50	50
Reach-1	148	190	190	190
Reach-1	147	124	124	124
Reach-1	146	410.01	230. 01	110.01
Reach-1	145	150	200	270
Reach-1	144	159. 99	230. 01	300
Reach-1	143	360	370	410
Reach-1	142	370	340	310
Reach-1	141	250	340	405
Reach-1	140	480	400	330
Reach-1	139	0	0	0

SUMMARY OF CONTRACTION AND EXPANSION COEFFICIENTS River: $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RIVER-1}}$

Reach	River Sta.	Contr.	Expan.
Reach-1	148. 7	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	148.6	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	148.5	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	148.3	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	148	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	147	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	146	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	145	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	144	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	143	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	142	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	141	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	140	. 1	. 3
Reach-1	139	. 1	. 3

